

Amato, J.M., Dumoulin, J.A., Gottlieb, E.S., and Moore, T.E., 2022, Detrital zircon ages from upper Paleozoic–Triassic clastic strata on St. Lawrence Island, Alaska: An enigmatic component of the Arctic Alaska–Chukotka microplate: *Geosphere*, v. 18, <https://doi.org/10.1130/GES02490.1>.

SUPPLEMENTAL MATERIAL

Part 1:

Yellow squares on geologic maps are locations of examined thin sections for petrography. See manuscript figure 2 for details of locations.

Part 2:

Concordia diagrams showing U-Pb zircon data from smaller and larger zircon grains in sample DT-84-14/15.

Part 3:

Detrital Py plots used to calculate weighted mean ages as shown in Table 1.

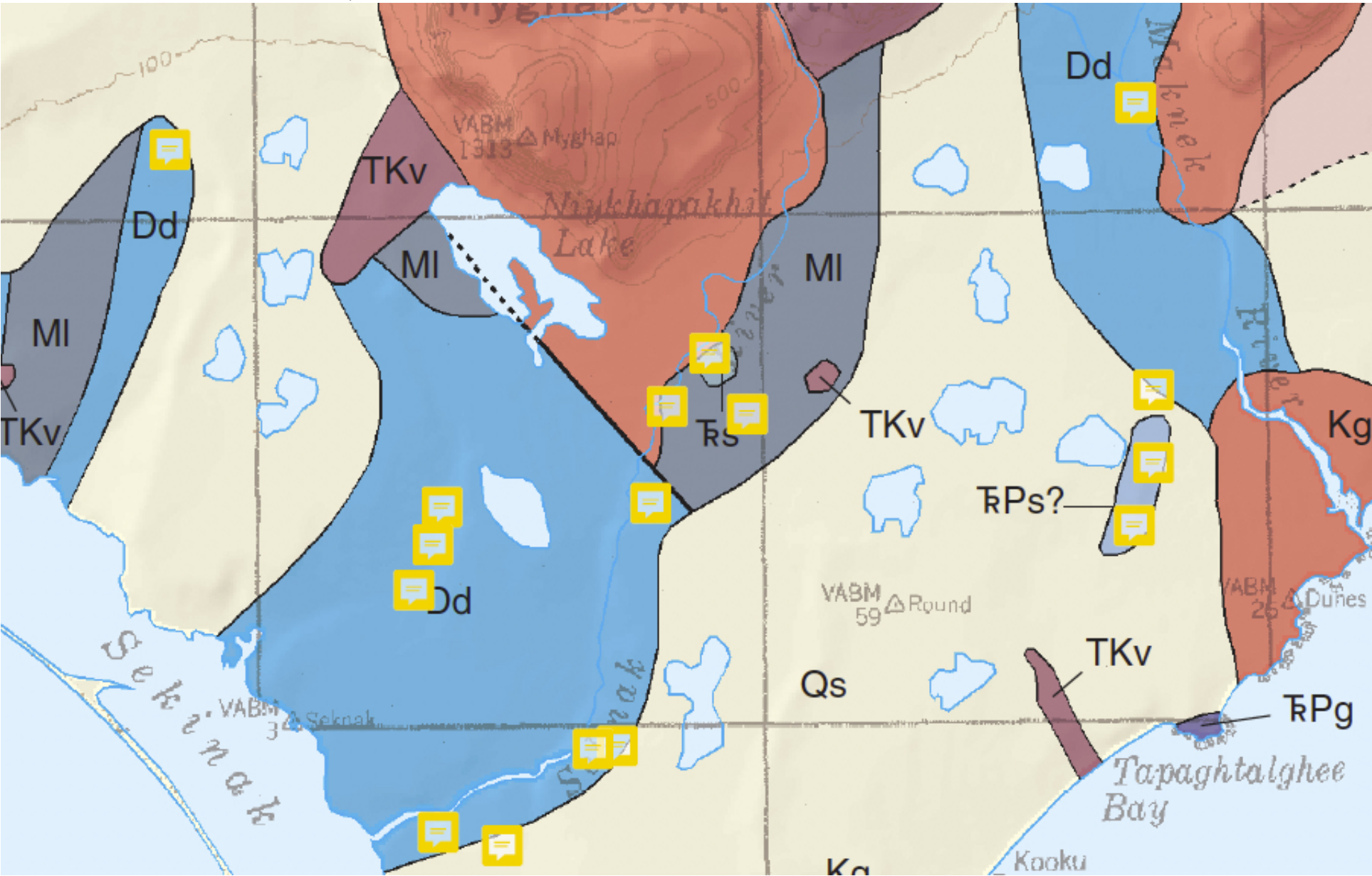
Part 4:

Excel file for detrital zircon data presented in paper

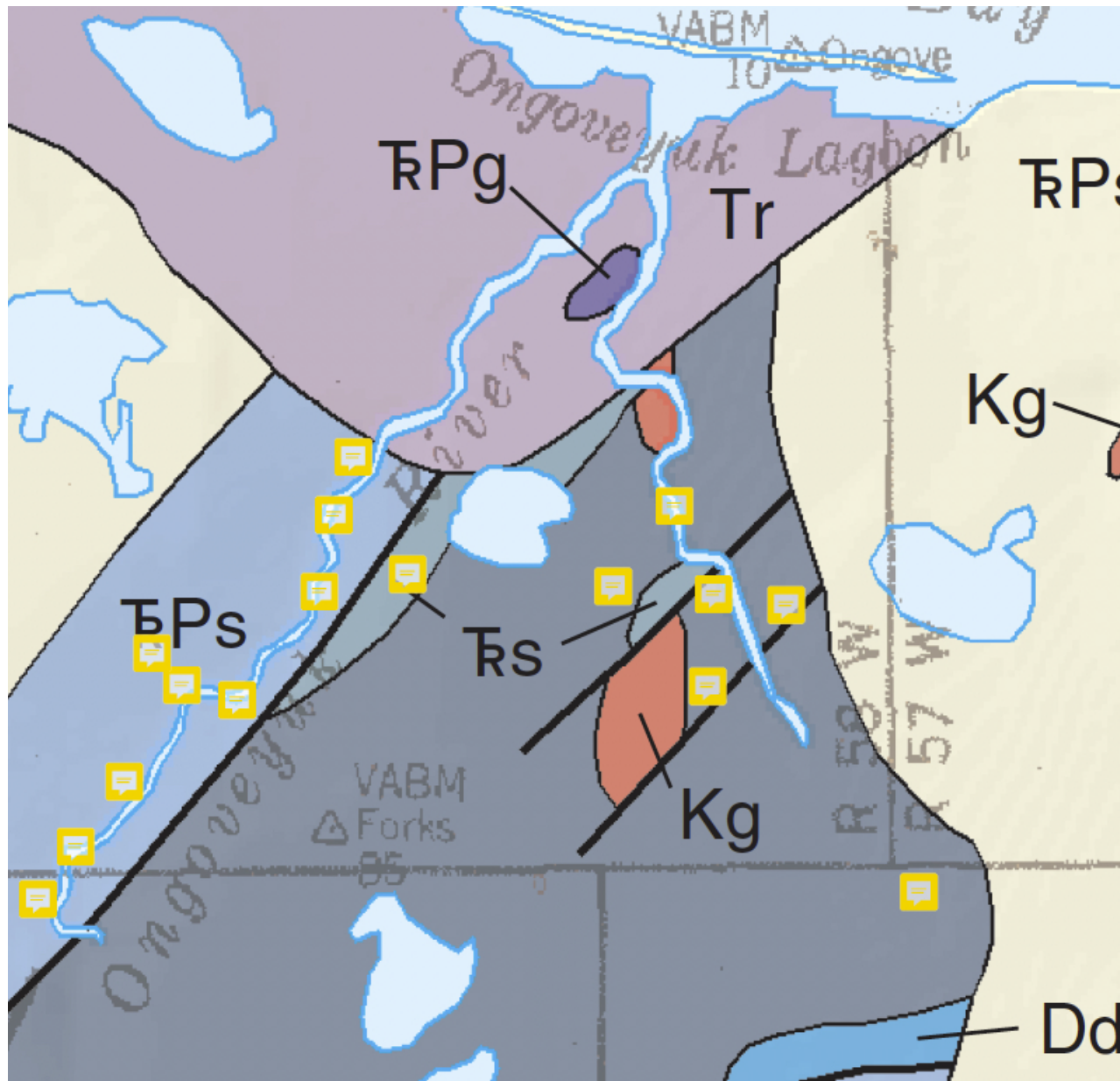
Analytical Methods

Additional details of the methods for the data collected at the Arizona Laserchron Center can be found at: <https://sites.google.com/laserchron.org/arizonalaserchroncenter/home>

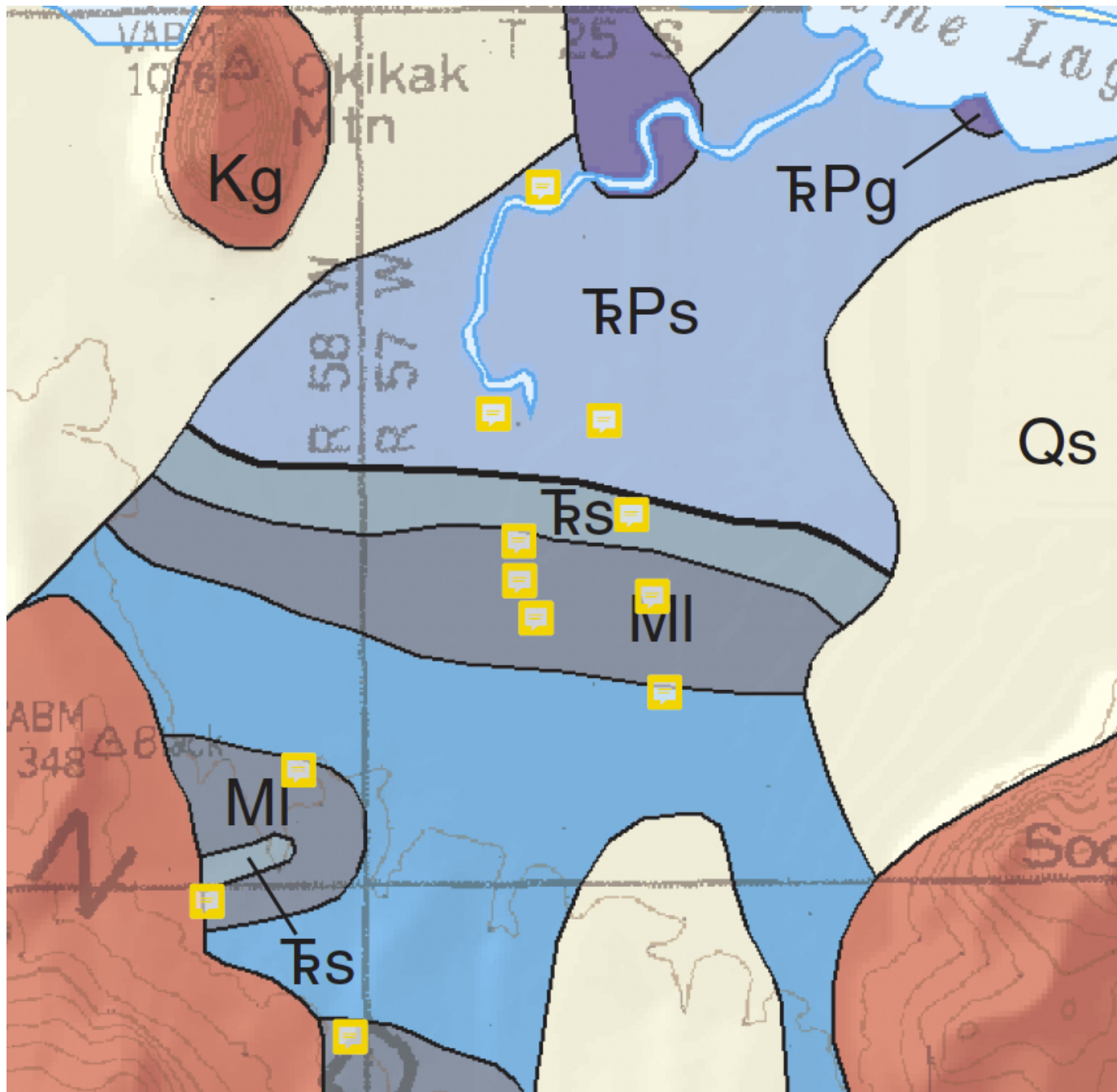
Locations of Petrography Samples: Sekinak Lagoon Region



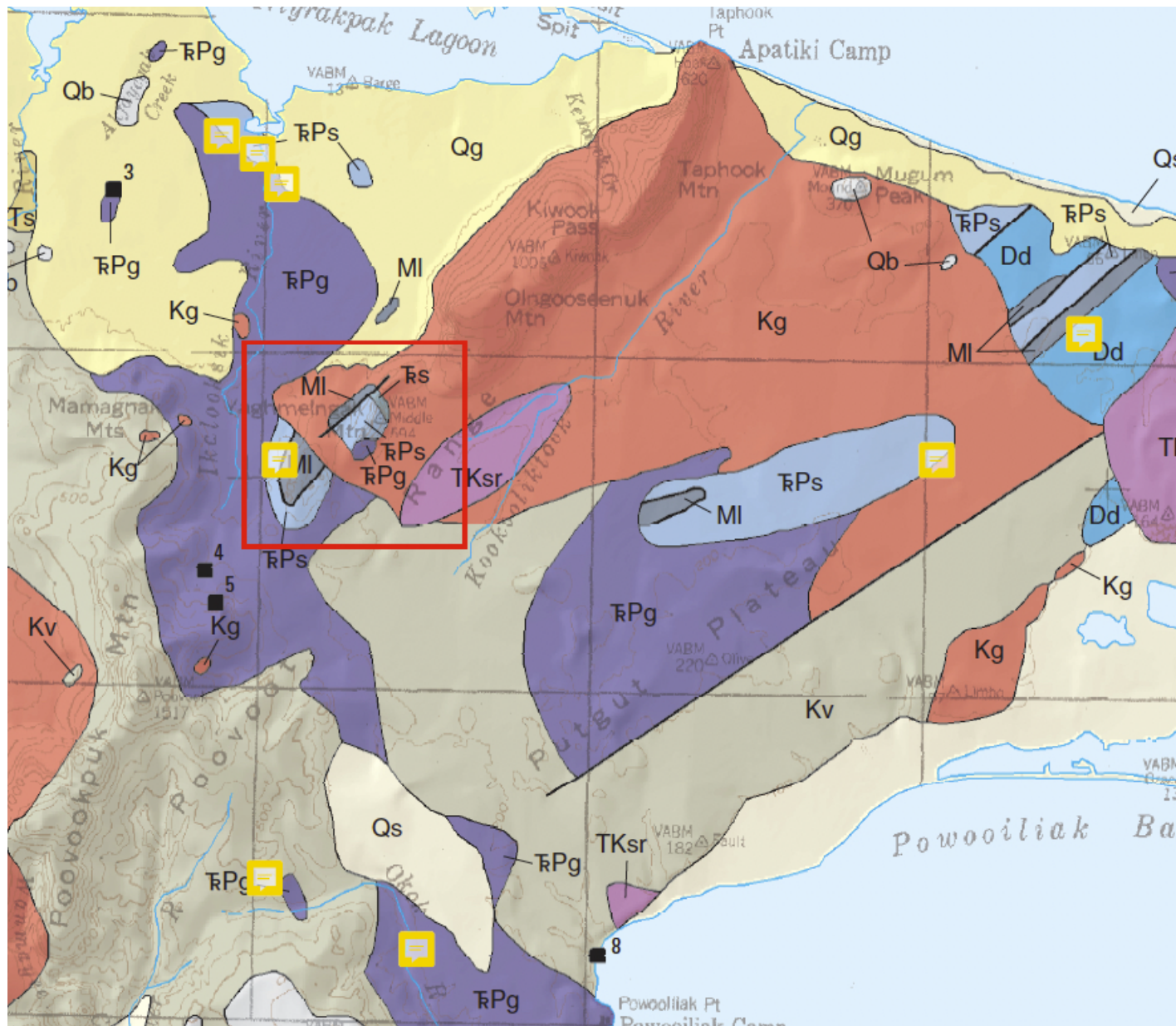
Locations of Petrography Samples: Ongoveyuk Lagoon Region



Locations of Petrography Samples: Tomname Lagoon region



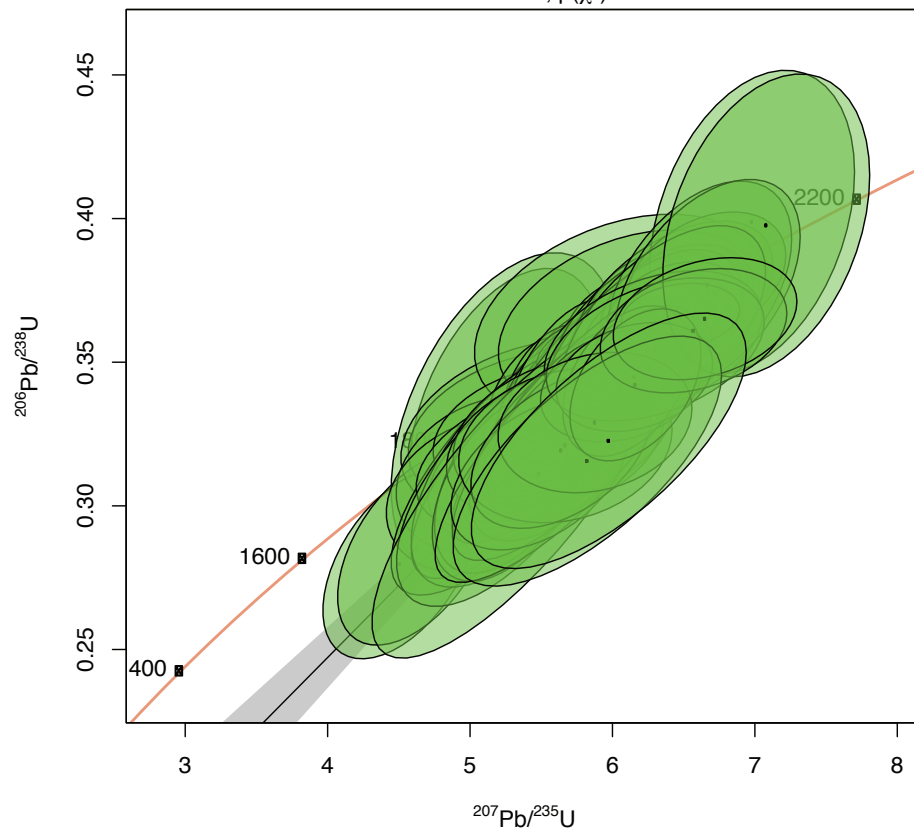
Locations of Petrography Samples: western part of the island



Detrital zircon data from sample DT-84-14/15

Concordia diagram of smaller grains

lower intercept = 475 ± 166 | 326 Ma (n=110)
upper intercept = 2051.6 ± 11.9 | 23.3 Ma
MSWD = 0.32, $p(\chi^2) = 1$



Concordia diagram of larger grains

lower intercept = 637 ± 128 | 250 Ma (n=110)
upper intercept = 2061.4 ± 10.9 | 21.4 Ma
MSWD = 0.37, $p(\chi^2) = 1$

