Yujian Wang, Dicheng Zhu, Chengfa Lin, Fangyang Hu, and Jingao Liu, 2021, Quantifying the growth of continental crust through crustal thickness and zircon Hf-O isotopic signatures: A case study from the southern Central Asian Orogenic Belt: GSA Bulletin, <u>https://doi.org/10.1130/B36046.1</u>.

# Supplemental Material

Text:

Data sources Lithology and geochemical characteristics Calculation parameterization of the net volume of juvenile continental crust

**Figure S1** Representative geochemical classification diagrams of the Dananhu-Kanggurtag (orange) and the Aqishan-Yamansu plutons (tiffany blue). The symbols are legends for lithology.

Figure S2 Representative geochemical classification diagrams of the Central Tianshan plutons.

**Figure S3** Plots of selected major oxides versus MgO contents and trace element ratios versus  $SiO_2$  contents of the Dananhu-Kanggurtag intrusive rocks. In the plot of FeO<sup>T</sup> versus MgO, solid lines depict the olivine composition with Fo contents and the equilibrium melt assuming  $K_D^{Fe/Mg}$  ~0.3 (Roeder and Emslie, 1970). In the plots of Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> and MnO versus MgO, gray fields, gray dash-dot lines show the composition of olivine and clinopyroxene from the mafic-ultramafic complexes and their average compositions are shown as star symbols. Sample symbols are referred to Figure S1.

**Figure S4** Plots of selected major oxides versus MgO contents and trace element ratios versus SiO<sub>2</sub> contents of the Central Tianshan intrusive rocks. Sample symbols are referred to Figure S2.

**Figure S5** Binary plots of Zr/Y vs Th/Yb and SiO<sub>2</sub> (wt%) vs K<sub>2</sub>O (wt%) for the volcanic lavas from the Dananhu-Kanggurtag belt and Aqishan-Yamansu belt.

**Figure S6** Ternary plots of Zr/117-Th-Nb/16 and Ti/100-Zr-Sr/2 for the basaltic lavas from the Dananhu-Kanggurtag belt and Aqishan-Yamansu belt.

**Figure S7** N-MORB normalized trace element patters of the Wutongwozi and Gundun basalts from the Dananhu-Kanggurtag belt.

**Figure S8** Variable plot of Nb/Yb versus Ba/Nb for the volcanic basalts the Dananhu-Kanggurtag belt and Aqishan-Yamansu belt.

Table S1. Summary of the calibrated crustal thickness using the method by Profeta et al. (2015).

Table S2. Summary of calibrated crustal thickness using method by Mantle and Collins (2008).

## **DATA SOURCES**

The emphasis of this study focuses on investigating the tectonic circumstances and geodynamics of the Eastern Tianshan terrane, determining the mantle-crustal evolution, and then discussing their constraints on the net volume and the growth rate of juvenile continental crust in the Central Asian Orogenic Belt (CAOB). We compiled a published data set, including the whole-rock geochemical, U-Pb ages, and zircon Hf-O isotopic composition of the Late Paleozoic magmatic rocks in the Eastern Tianshan terranes from Li et al. (2002, 2006a), Zhou et al. (2004), He et al. (2005), Li et al. (2006a, 2007), Hou et al. (2006), Li et al. (2006c), Qing (2006), Sun et al. (2006), Sun et al. (2006), Wu et al. (2006, 2008), Xiao et al. (2006), Zhang et al. (2006a, b), Tang et al. (2007, 2008), Chai et al. (2008), Guo et al. (2008), Liu et al. (2008), Xia et al. (2008), Pan (2009), Su et al. (2009), Sun (2009), Wang et al. (2009), Han et al. (2010), Kahaer (2010), Dong et al. (2011), Li et al. (2011), Song et al. (2011), Tang et al. (2011), Wang et al. (2011), Cao (2012), Huang et al. (2012), Jiao et al. (2012), Lei (2012), Qian et al. (2012), Gao and Zhou (2013), Lv (2013), Ren et al. (2013), Rouxianguli and Muhtar (2013), Sun et al. (2013), Yu et al. (2013), Zhang (2013), Mao et al. (2014), Deng et al. (2014, 2015, 2017), Dong et al. (2014), Qi et al. (2014), Su (2014), Xu (2014), Zang (2014), Zhang (2014), Zhou (2014), Dai (2015), Dong (2015, 2019), Ma et al. (2015), Mao et al. (2015, 2016), Wang et al. (2015), Yan (2015), Yu (2015), Zhang et al. (2015a, 2017b), Zhang et al. (2015b), Zheng (2015), Dilibaier (2016), Liu (2016), Mo (2016), Nijat et al. (2016), She et al. (2016), Zhang et al. (2016), Duan et al. (2017), Liu (2017), Teng et al. (2017), Wu et al. (2017), Xiao et al. (2017), Bai et al. (2018), Cui et al. (2018), Du (2018), Du et al. (2018, 2019), Li (2018), Wang et al. (2018a), Wang et al. (2018b), Xiong (2018), You et al. (2018), Zhao et al. (2018), Abulizi (2019), Chen (2019), Guo et al. (2019), Wang et al. (2019), Wang (2019), Wen (2019), Wu (2019), Zhong (2019), Zhou et al. (2019), Pang et al. (2020).

# LITHOLOGY AND GEOCHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The lithology and geochemical characteristics of the compiled data set have been investigated here. The Dananhu-Kanggurtag plutons mainly comprise I/S/A-type granites, granodiorites, minor diorites and gabbros, as well as zoned mafic-ultramafic complexes that are distributed mainly at the eastern part of the belt, including lherzolites, websterites and gabbros. The felsic-intermediate plutons commonly exhibit tholeiitic to calc-alkaline and metaluminous-peraluminous features (Fig. S1). The Aqishan-Yamansu plutons comprise I/A-type granites, granodiorites, minor diorites and gabbros. Differently, the felsic-intermediate plutons predominantly exhibit low-K to high-K calc-alkaline and metaluminous features, except for a few albite-altered granites showing extremely low K<sub>2</sub>O contents (Fig. S1). The Central Tianshan plutons comprise I/A-type granites, granodiorites, quartz monzonites, syenites, diorites, gabbros, and several mafic-ultramafic complexes that are also located at the eastern part of this belt. The felsic-intermediate plutons display calc-alkaline to shoshonitic and metaluminous-peraluminous features (Fig. S2).

The zoned mafic-ultramafic complexes all have well-determined cumulus textures and differentiation feature from interior to margin due to fractional crystallization. These geological signatures are apparently distinguished from the ultramafic segments of ophiolites. In addition, they are closely associated with Cu-Ni-(Co) sulfide deposits (e.g., Mao et al., 2008; Lightfoot and Evans-Lamswood, 2015; Wang et al., 2018b). Many economic geologists have proposed that

these complexes were generated from mantle-derived basaltic melts through fractional crystallization and variable extents of crustal contamination (e.g., Tang et al., 2011, 2012). On the other hand, the zoned mafic-ultramafic complexes all have very small surface area ( $< 3 \text{ km}^2$ : Qin et al., 2011; Lightfoot and Evans-Lamswood, 2015) and are distributed mainly at the eastern parts of the Dananhu-Kanggurtag and the Central Tianshan belts. Geochemically, they appear to show no petrogenetic affinities to the widespread felsic-intermediate plutons. Specifically, plots between major oxides and MgO (Figs. S3-S4) show that the zoned mafic-ultramafic complexes were formed by the effect of fractional crystallization, whereas the felsic-intermediate rocks appear to correlate differently from the descent lines of mafic-ultramafic rocks. For example, Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> and MnO contents of the felsic-intermediate plutons of the Dananhu-Kanggurtag belts are too low to be explained by olivine and pyroxene fractionation (Fig. S3). Additionally, although the CaO contents of the felsic-intermediate rocks of the Central Tianshan rocks appear to follow the trend of clinopyroxene fractionation, Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> contents do not support this effect (Fig. S4). Trace element ratios with similar partition coefficients, such as Zr/Y, Zr/Nb, Zr/Hf, greatly vary between the felsic-intermediate rocks and mafic-ultramafic complexes. These geochemical features, together with a lack of spatial association, negate any petrogenetic intimacy between the felsic-intermediate rocks and mafic-ultramafic complexes.

The Carboniferous volcanic lavas are distributed in the Dananhu-Kanggurtag and Aqishan-Yamansu belts. Volcanic rocks in Gundun and Wutongwozi strata located at the eastern part of the Dananhu-Kanggurtag belt are strikingly distinguished from the other rocks. The rock types of Gundun and Wutongwozi formations comprise bimodal rhyolites (minor dacites) and basalts and they show tholeiitic to low-K calc-alkaline features (Fig. S5). The basaltic lavas show tholeiitic N-MORB-like features except for a few high-Th subsets (Fig. S6). They are interpreted to be of subduction-related origin rather than relicts of oceanic floor, given the fact of clearly negative Nb-Ta anomalies, significantly positive Pb anomalies, and variable extents of Th-U-Sr enrichment (Fig. S7). In addition, these basalts are plotted in the field of Mariana back-arc basalts with much lower Ba/Nb than the others (Fig. S8). This contradicts with the previously proposed relic oceanic floor origin for these basalts (e.g., He et al., 2005; She et al., 2016). Instead, geochemical evidence indicates that the generation of these basalts was likely related to an intra-arc extension associated with crustal thinning.

Volcanic rocks, mainly located at the center part of the Dananhu-Kanggurtag belt, comprise basalts, andesites, dacites and rhyolites. They show similarly tholeiitic to low-K calcalkaline features (Fig. S5), but the basalts are plotted in the field of island-arc tholeiitic features (Fig. S6). Given that the Dananhu arc was originally derived from an Early Paleozoic island arc (Ma et al., 1997), the Carboniferous volcanic lavas and intrusive rocks were accretion products of the island arc due to the northward subduction of the North Tianshan ocean underneath the Dananhu island arc.

By contrast, the volcanic lavas at the Aqishan-Yamansu belt, although comprising similar lithology assemblage, display low-K to high-K calc-alkaline features (Fig. S5) and continental arc affinity (Fig. S6). In addition, zircon  $\epsilon_{\rm Hf}$  isotope compositions of these rocks vary widely (Fig. 4), indicating a greater crustal input that was most likely derived from the Central Tianshan basement. Hence, an affinity of active continental arc due to the southward subduction of the North Tianshan ocean accounts for the formation of the Aqishan-Yamansu belt.

# CALCULATION PARAMETERIZATION OF THE NET VOLUME OF JUVENILE CONTINENTAL CRUST

The average proportion of the mantle-derived component incorporated in the magmatic rocks in the Eastern Tianshan terrane was estimated by isotope mixture modeling (Jahn et al., 2000). We admit that the uncertainty exists in the specific nature and composition of the endmember components and in the mechanism of mixing (i.e., binary mixing vs assimilationfractional crystallization, hot zone vs mash). However, this provides a first pass but crucial attempt.

On the basis of our study, the three belts were derived from different tectonic settings: (1) the Dananhu-Kanggurtag belt was derived from an accretionary Early Paleozoic island arc and aborted intra-arc; (2) the Aqishan-Yamansu belt was originally an active continental margin; and (3) the Central Tianshan belt was a Precambrian microcontinent. Hence, different from Jahn et al.'s calculation (Jahn et al. 2000), we choose different contaminants for the rocks from different circumstances. Considering there is no available work regarding the composition of sediments from the subducting slab beneath the Eastern Tianshan terrane, we use the sediments from the Australian-New Guinea shelf that are representative for subducting slab material (zircon Hf~3.8 ppm,  $\varepsilon_{Hf} \sim -7$ : Nebel et al., 2011). Although the sediment from the Australian-New Guinea shelf seems remotely related, we propose it being reasonable because that the granitoids from the CAOB that were influenced by sediment recycling show  $\varepsilon_{Hf(t)}$  ranging from -5.0 to -7.0 (Zhang et al., 2017a). We take the metasediments from the Central Tianshan basement (zircon Hf~3.3 ppm,  $\varepsilon_{\rm Hf}$  ~-23) as the contaminant for the rocks of the Aqishan-Yamansu and Central Tianshan belts. We apply the depleted mantle (Hf ~0.2 ppm,  $\varepsilon_{\rm Hf}$  ~16: Salters and Strack, 2004; Nowell et al., 1998) as the radiogenic end-member component for all the rocks. The binary mixing model yields mantle fractions of 0.70–0.99 (avg. 0.95), 0.71–0.99 (avg. 0.97), and 0–0.98 (avg. 0.89) for the Dananhu-Kanggurtag, the Aqishan-Yamansu, and the Central Tianshan magmatic rocks, respectively. The results are similar to previous estimates using whole-rock Nd isotopes (60 -100%: Jahn et al., 2000; Jahn, 2004) and zircon Hf isotopes (60 – 95%: Tang et al. 2017).

There is notably vertical growth via mantle-derived magma underplating during syn-collisional episode in the Central Tianshan block. Therefore, estimation of the increase of crustal thickness in this unit is easily constrained based on the calibrated crustal thickness, i.e., 21–24 km during ca. 340–310 Ma in the Central Tianshan block. Differently, the amalgamation of the Dananhu-Kanggurtag belt and the Aqishan-Yamansu belt involves both vertical growth and lateral growth. Therefore, the crustal thickness in the two belts are variable, especially the Aqishan-Yamansu belt. The Dananhu-Kanggurtag shows a wide range of 3–21 km during ca. 330–310 Ma. In the Aqishan-Yamansu belt, we assume the differences between the largest crustal thickness and the average crustal thickness during pre-collision stage as the increase of crustal thickness during the syn-collisional episode (i.e., 10–17 km).

The surface area of intrusive and extrusive rocks during syn-collision stage is calculated based on Tang et al. (2017), which reported a total exposed outcrop area of granitic rocks during ca. 330–310 Ma (~11600 km<sup>2</sup>) on the Tianshan orogen (including the Eastern Tianshan terrane and Western Tianshan terrane). Based on a global compilation of volumetric volcanic outcrop rates (White et al., 2006), they assumed an intrusive to extrusive ratio of 5:1 (Tang et al., 2017). Hence it yields a total surface area of intrusive and extrusive rocks of the Eastern Tianshan terranes. Given the ratio of 2:1:4 to the surface areas of the Dananhu-Kanggurtag, Aqishan-Yamansu, and Central Tianshan belts based on the current surface area, we can calculate the surface areas of

magmatic rocks of each belt during syn-collision stage as 9943  $\text{km}^2$ , 4971  $\text{km}^2$ , and 19886  $\text{km}^2$  to each belt from north to south.

The current surface areas of each belts from north to south are  $\sim$ 24,000 km<sup>2</sup>, 12,000 km<sup>2</sup>, and 46,000 km<sup>2</sup>, respectively.

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Figure S1 Representative geochemical classification diagrams of the Dananhu-Kanggurtag
(orange) and the Aqishan-Yamansu plutons (tiffany blue). The symbols are legends for lithology.



158 Figure S2 Representative geochemical classification diagrams of the Central Tianshan plutons.



Figure S3 Plots of selected major oxides versus MgO contents and trace element ratios versus SiO<sub>2</sub> contents of the Dananhu-Kanggurtag intrusive rocks. In the plot of FeO<sup>T</sup> versus MgO, solid lines depict the olivine composition with Fo contents and the equilibrium melt assuming  $K_D^{Fe/Mg}$  $\sim 0.3$  (Roeder and Emslie, 1970). In the plots of Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> and MnO versus MgO, grey fields, grey dash-dot lines show the composition of olivine and clinopyroxene from the mafic-ultramafic complexes and their average compositions are shown as star symbols. Sample symbols are referred to Figure S1.



169 Figure S4 Plots of selected major oxides versus MgO contents and trace element ratios versus

 $SiO_2$  contents of the Central Tianshan intrusive rocks. Sample symbols are referred to Figure S2.



- 173 Figure S5 Binary plots of Zr/Y vs Th/Yb and SiO<sub>2</sub> (wt.%) vs K<sub>2</sub>O (wt.%) for the volcanic lavas
- 174 from the Dananhu-Kanggurtag belt and Aqishan-Yamansu belt.



- 176 Figure S6 Ternary plots of Zr/117-Th-Nb/16 and Ti/100-Zr-Sr/2 for the basaltic lavas from the
- 177 Dananhu-Kanggurtag belt and Aqishan-Yamansu belt.



179 Figure S7 N-MORB normalized trace element patters of the Wutongwozi and Gundun basalts

180 from the Dananhu-Kanggurtag belt.



Figure S8 Variable plot of Nb/Yb versus Ba/Nb for the volcanic basalts the DananhuKanggurtag belt and Aqishan-Yamansu belt.

186 Color version of figures in the main text



189 Figure 1









195 Figure 4



197 Figure 5



199 Figure 6





### A. Devonian - Early Carboniferous (ca. 450 - 340 Ma) - Subduction



B. Middle Carboniferous (340 - 310 Ma) - Intra-arc basin formation, subduction, and syn-collision



Longitude	Latitude	Sample No.	Location	Area	Data source	Age (Ma)	error	Rb/Sr	Sr/Y	D <sub>Sr/Y</sub>	La/Yb <sub>N</sub>	D <sub>La/YbN</sub>	2SD	Diff.
89.733657	42.242795	LI-10	Xiaorequanzi	Dananhu	Pan, 2009	325	3.2	0.18	34.44	46.28	4.25	31.22	7.63	15.06
89.733657	42.242795	LI-11	Xiaorequanzi	Dananhu	Pan, 2009	325	3.2	0.12	16.92	26.84	5.77	37.73	8.33	10.90
89.733657	42.242795	LI-24	Xiaorequanzi	Dananhu	Pan, 2009	325	3.2	0.15	50.10	63.66	8.90	46.93	9.33	
89.733657	42.242795	LI-45	Xiaorequanzi	Dananhu	Pan, 2009	325	3.2	0.08	41.70	54.33	6.35	39.76	8.55	14.58
89.733657	42.242795	L1-8	Xiaorequanzi	Dananhu	Pan, 2009	325	3.2	0.09	34.96	46.86	6.26	39.47	8.52	7.38
89.733657	42.242795	LI-9	Xiaorequanzi	Dananhu	Pan, 2009	325	3.2	0.09	24.63	35.39	4.51	32.46	7.77	2.93
89.733657	42.242795	LI-22	Xiaorequanzi	Dananhu	Pan, 2009	325	3.2	0.10	19.93	30.17	5.41	36.34	8.19	6.17
89.733657	42.242795	LI-23	Xiaorequanzi	Dananhu	Pan, 2009	325	3.2	0.16	19.46	29.66	5.58	37.01	8.26	7.35
89.733657	42.242795	LI-33	Xiaorequanzi	Dananhu	Pan, 2009	325	3.2	0.10	26.92	37.93	6.62	40.66	8.65	2.73
89.733657	42.242795	2	Xiaorequanzi	Dananhu	Wang P. et al., 2011	325	3.2	0.03	22.09	32.57	3.92	29.52	7.45	3.05
89.733657	42.242795	3	Xiaorequanzi	Dananhu	Wang P. et al., 2011	325	3.2	0.11	13.92	23.50	3.14	24.79	6.94	1.29
89.733657	42.242795	4	Xiaorequanzi	Dananhu	Wang P. et al., 2011	325	3.2	0.05	35.71	47.69	7.54	43.41	8.95	4.28
93.131147	42.461619	XT404-11-1	Dananhu	Dananhu	Liu, 2016	388.8	1.7	0.05	37.34	49.50	5.79	37.81	8.34	11.69
93.131147	42.461619	XT404-11-2	Dananhu	Dananhu	Liu, 2016	388.8	1.7	0.17	22.03	32.51	7.49	43.28	8.93	10.78
93.131147	42.461619	XT102-4-1	Dananhu	Dananhu	Liu, 2016	388.8	1.7	0.08	36.73	48.83	3.33	26.00	7.07	22.83
93.131147	42.461619	XT404-22-1	Dananhu	Dananhu	Liu, 2016	388.8	1.7	0.06	42.53	55.26	7.50	43.31	8.93	11.96
93.131147	42.461619	XT404-29-2	Dananhu	Dananhu	Liu. 2016	388.8	1.7	0.05	17.59	27.57	2.42	19.22	6.34	8.35
93.131147	42.461619	XT501-11-1	Dananhu	Dananhu	Liu, 2016	388.8	1.7	0.06	23.86	34.53	3.66	28.03	7.29	6.50
93.301025	42.558667	D-8	Dananhu	Dananhu	Xiong, 2015	371.8	7	0.09	48.13	61.48	8.18	45.14	9.13	16.33
93.301025	42.558667	D-4	Dananhu	Dananhu	Xiong, 2015	371.8	7	0.09	24.21	34.92	4.99	34.62	8.00	0.30
91.607358	42.399662	14	Kezilkalasavi	Dananhu	Kahaer, 2010	357.3	6.2	0.10	17.37	27.33	4.25	31.21	7.63	3.89
91.607358	42.399662	17	Kezilkalasavi	Dananhu	Kahaer, 2010	357.3	6.2	0.12	5.65	14.33	6.89	41.50	8.74	27.18
91.607358	42.399662	18	Kezilkalasavi	Dananhu	Kahaer, 2010	357.3	6.2	0.19	10.33	19.52	5.92	38.26	8.39	18.74
91.607358	42.399662	19	Kezilkalasavi	Dananhu	Kahaer, 2010	357.3	6.2	0.16	12.76	22.21	3.76	28.58	7.35	6.37
91.787433	42.558656	09SF10	Shaerhu	Dananhu	Mao et al., 2014	286.7	2.1	0.20	4.88	13.47	4.16	30.77	7.59	17.30
91 787433	42.558656	09SF11	Shaerhu	Dananhu	Mao et al. 2014	286.7	2.1	0.19	5.06	13.66	3 74	28.48	7 34	14.81
91.787433	42.558656	09SF13	Shaerhu	Dananhu	Mao et al., 2014	286.7	2.1	0.16	3.41	11.84	2.89	23.01	6.75	1.001
92 556557	42 304583	YD13-114	Tuwu-	Dananhu	Xiao et al 2017	339.3	2.2	0.14	47.23	60.48	7.89	44 39	9.05	16.09
92 556557	42 304583	Btw38	Tuwu-	Dananhu	Xiao et al 2017	339.3	2.2	0.07	51.27	64 96	8 33	45.53	917	19.42
92.556557	42.304583	T-4f	Tuwu-	Dananhu	Xiao et al., 2017	339.3	2.2	0107	01127	01100	8.07	44.85	9.10	17112
92 556557	42 304583	R-2	Tuwu-	Dananhu	Xiao et al 2017	339.3	2.2				8 91	46.97	9 33	
92.556557	42 304583	YD-6	Tuwu-	Dananhu	Xiao et al. 2017	339.3	2.2	0.11	42.36	55.07	9.26	47 79	9.42	7.28
92.556557	42.304583	RY-2	Tuwu-	Dananhu	Xiao et al., 2017	339.3	2.2	0111	12100	00107	8.91	46.97	9.33	,.20
92.556557	42 304583	YD13-145	Tuwu-	Dananhu	Xiao et al. 2017	323.6	2.5	0.05	36 77	48 86	4.08	30.33	7 54	18 53
92.947828	42 445485	CH001-16	Chihu	Dananhu	Zhang et al 2016	320.2	2.4	0.12	25.73	36.61	4 90	34.25	7.96	2.36
92 947828	42 445485	CH001-14	Chihu	Dananhu	Zhang et al. 2016	320.2	2.4	0.14	25.14	35.96	4 58	32.80	7.80	3.16
92.947828	42 445485	CH001-15	Chihu	Dananhu	Zhang et al. 2016	320.2	2.4	0.15	21.63	32.06	3 28	25.69	7.04	6 38
92 947828	42 44 54 8 5	CH-21	Chihu	Dananhu	Zhang et al., 2016	320.2	2.1	0.12	23.57	34.21	5.20	35.51	8 10	1 30
92 947828	42 445485	CHOO 1-6	Chihu	Dananhu	Zhang et al. 2016	320.2	2.1	0.10	21.18	31.56	633	39.68	8 54	8.12
92 947828	42 445485	CHOO 1-5	Chihu	Dananhu	Zhang et al. 2016	314.5	2.5	0.09	32 51	44.13	6.52	40.32	8.61	3.82
92 947828	42 445485	CHOO 1-4	Chihu	Dananhu	Zhang et al., 2016	314.5	2.5	0.07	28.12	39.26	7.11	42.17	8.81	2.91
92 947828	42 44 54 8 5	Bchl4	Chihu	Dananhu	Lietal 2002	292.1	3.5	0.11	28.42	39.60	5 34	36.08	8.16	3 52
92.291522	42 184332	X3ET240	Kanggurtag	Kanggurtag	Du et al. 2002	360	3	0.20	18.66	28.76	3.62	27.81	7 27	0.95
92 291522	42 184332	X3ET241	Kanggurtag	Kanggurtag	Du et al. 2019	360	3	0.11	30.90	42.35	5.02	36.45	8 20	0.95
92.291522	42.104332	X3ET241 X3ET242	Kanggurtag	Kanggurtag	Du et al., $2019$	360	3	0.18	10.81	20.04	3.42	26.60	7 14	6 56
92 291522	42 184332	X3ET242	Kanggurug	Kanggurtag	Du et al. $2019$	360	3	0.11	26.00	36.91	3.66	28.03	7 29	8 88
92 291522	42 184332	X3ET245	Kanggurug	Kanggurtag	Du et al. $2019$	360	3	0.07	10.88	20.13	2 29	18.07	6.22	2.06
92 291 522	42 184332	X3ET216	Kangourtag	Kangourtag	Du et al. 2019	310	2	0.06	54 42	68 46	8 47	45 90	9.21	22.56
92 291522	42 184332	X3ET217	Kangourtag	Kangourtag	Du et al. 2019	310	2	0.05	52.31	66 11	8.02	44 73	9.09	21.38
92.291522	42.184332	X3ET218	Kanggurtag	Kanggurtag	Du et al., 2019	310	2	0.05	51.65	65.38	7.85	44.27	9.04	21.12

Table S1 Summary of the calibrated crustal thickness using the method by Profeta et al. (2015)

92.291522	42.184332	X3ET219	Kanggurtag	Kanggurtag	Du et al., 2019	310	2	0.06	51.13	64.80	7.85	44.27	9.04	20.54
92.291522	42.184332	X3ET221	Kanggurtag	Kanggurtag	Du et al., 2019	310	2	0.07	42.21	54.91	7.41	43.05	8.91	
94.951324	42.592765	HG-02	Hancaohu	Kanggurtag	Lv, 2013	275	2.9	0.19	28.54	39.73	8.07	44.86	9.10	5.14
94.951324	42.592765	HG-03	Hancaohu	Kanggurtag	Lv, 2013	275	2.9	0.20	27.62	38.71	9.02	47.22	9.36	8.51
90.943557	41.945755	XI40709-1	Aqishan	Yamansu	Mo, 2016	334	2	0.17	6.68	15.47	3.56	27.44	7.23	11.97
90.943557	41.945755	X150714-8	Aqishan	Yamansu	Liu, 2017	350	2	0.05	3.72	12.18	3.61	27.75	7.26	15.57
90.943557	41.945755	X140914-5	Aqishan	Yamansu	Qing, 2006	302.4		0.17	15.70	25.48	3.45	26.76	7.15	1.28
90.943557	41.945755	15-58	Aqishan	Yamansu	Su et al., 2009	341.7	2.7	0.05	36.39	48.44	6.46	40.11	8.59	8.33
90.943557	41.945755	15-15	Aqishan	Yamansu	Su et al., 2009	341.7	2.7	0.05	40.02	52.47	5.77	37.73	8.33	14.74
90.943557	41.945755	15-52/2	Aqishan	Yamansu	Su et al., 2009	341.7	2.7	0.11	25.06	35.87	6.62	40.66	8.65	4.79
90.943557	41.945755	156	Aqishan	Yamansu	Su et al., 2009	341.7	2.7	0.12	27.36	38.42	6.26	39.47	8.52	1.05
90.943557	41.945755	15-21	Aqishan	Yamansu	Su et al., 2009	341.7	2.7	0.19	10.19	19.36	5.41	36.34	8.19	
93.449775	42.081553	YM-1	Yamansu	Yamansu	Cao, 2012	334		0.12	5.42	14.06	4.25	31.21	7.63	17.15
93.449775	42.081553	YM-2	Yamansu	Yamansu	Cao, 2012	334		0.06	4.66	13.23	3.44	26.69	7.15	13.46
92.318643	41.983444	DK-4	Tugutubulake	Yamansu	Cao, 2012	320	1.2	0.05	8.49	17.48	3.87	29.25	7.42	11.77
92.009022	41.926211	07Y-1235	Tugutubulake	Yamansu	Li et al., 2011	320	1.2	0.05	37.86	50.07	6.28	39.52	8.53	
92.009022	41.926211	D041-2YO	Tugutubulake	Yamansu	Yan. 2015	320.5	1.2	0.16	18.56	28.65	2.43	19.30	6.35	9.35
92 009022	41 926211	D295-2YO	Tugutubulake	Yamansu	Yan 2015	320.5	1.2	0.09	16.01	25.82	3.48	26.94	7 17	1.12
91.127457	41.968209	N-13-RS-3	Tugutubulake	Yamansu	Dilimulati, 2016	314	4.2	0.06	4.66	13.22	3.44	26.71	7.15	13.49
91 127457	41 968209	N-13-RS-4	Tugutubulake	Yamansu	Dilimulati 2016	314	4.2	0.04	6.42	15.17	4 65	33.12	7.84	17.95
91 127457	41 968209	N-6-RS4	Tugutubulake	Yamansu	Yu 2015	314	4.2	0.17	14 65	24.31	6.26	39.46	8 52	1,000
91 127457	41 968209	N-13-RS-2	Tugutubulake	Yamansu	Dilimulati 2016	314	4.2	0.12	5 42	14.06	4 24	31.16	7.63	17.09
91 127457	41 968209	N-13-RS-3	Tugutubulake	Yamansu	Dilimulati 2016	314	4.2	0.06	4 66	13.22	3 44	26.71	7.15	13 49
91 127457	41 968209	HI F_4	Tugutubulake	Vamansu	Li 2018	305.3	24	0.17	14 65	24.31	6.26	39.46	8 52	15.15
91 127457	41.968209	16CXS-5	Tugutubulake	Yamansu	Wu 2019	330	3	0.17	19.74	29.96	3.13	24 73	6.93	5 23
91 127457	41.968209	16CXS-6	Tugutubulake	Vamansu	Wu, 2019 Wu 2019	330	3	0.12	18.81	29.90	3 19	25.11	6.98	3.81
01 127457	41.968209	16CXS-0	Tugutubulake	Vamansu	Wu 2019	330	3	0.15	10.01	20.92	3.06	24.23	6.88	5.12
91 127457	41.968209	16CXS-8	Tugutubulake	Vamansu	Wu, 2019 Wu 2019	330	3	0.10	19.19	30.04	3.00	23.95	6.85	6.09
01 127457	41.968209	16CXS 12	Tugutubulake	Vamansu	Wu 2019	330	3	0.09	10.88	20.13	3 30	25.95	7.05	5.69
80 000045	42 073061	128	Haerijawa	Vamansu	Teng et al 2017	280.60	1.8	0.18	26.77	37 77	7 31	42.77	8.88	5.00
89.990045	42.073961	12121	Haerijawa	Vamansu	Teng et al., 2017	280.60	1.0	0.08	20.77	32.58	5.04	34.86	8.03	2.00
89.990045	42.073961	L2-12-1 L2-12-2	Haerijawa	Vamansu	Teng et al., 2017	280.60	1.0	0.10	31.05	42.58	8.48	45.01	0.05	2.20
89.990045	42.073901	L2-12-2 L2-14	Haerjiawu	Vamansu	Tong et al., 2017	280.00	1.0	0.10	24.02	42.31	6.40	40.91	9.21	5 1 2
89.990045	42.073901	L2-14 L2-16	Haerjiawu	Vamancu	Tong et al., 2017	280.00	1.0	0.13	24.02	34.71 44.16	6.06	29.03	8.50	5.12
01.065856	41.050265	UVT 124	Hongyunton	Vamansu	Theng 2015	230.00	0.2	0.12	9 1 A	17.08	2.40	10.10	6.22	2.02
91.005850	41.939303	V222	Hongyuntan	Vamanau	Wu at al 2006	228.5	9.5	0.11	0.14	20.71	2.40	19.10	0.33	12.02
91.003830	41.939303	A333 V224	Hongyuntan	Vamansu	Wu et al., 2006	328.50	9.5	0.17	19.31	29.71	0.99	41.60	0.77	12.09
91.003830	41.939303	A334 X252	Hongyuntan	Yamansu	Wu et al., 2006	328.50	9.5	0.21	14.31	24.10	0.70	40.00	9.30	22.49
91.003830	41.939303	A333	Deilingehan	Yamansu	Dai 2015	205.2	9.5	0.21	12.57	21.78	4.50	51.77	6.40	9.99
91.249323	41.92/802	D020/21Q	Bailingshan	Yamansu	Dai, 2015	305.3	2.4	0.05	10.70	20.39	2.48	19.72	0.40	0.87
91.249323	41.92/802	D021/31Q	Ballingshan	Yamansu	Dai, 2015	305.3	2.4	0.15	12.03	21.40	3.37	20.29	7.10	4.89
95.88306	42.044398	X400	Xianshuiquan	Y amansu	Tang et al., $2007$	369.9	5.0	0.12	23.70	34.42	4.30	31.40	7.00	2.96
95.88306	42.644398	X462	Xianshuiquan	Y amansu	Tang et al., $2007$	369.9	5.6	0.06	26.02	36.93	4.75	33.59	7.89	3.34
94.650655	42.249212	B0036-60	Tugutubulake	Y amansu	Huang et al., 2012	320	1.2	0.23	6.73	15.52	4.56	32.73	/.80	17.21
94.650655	42.249212	D041/2YQ	Tugutubulake	Yamansu	Huang et al., 2012	320	1.2	0.16	18.56	28.65	2.43	19.30	6.35	9.35
85.232863	42.920664		Bijigaibulutai	CTS	Abulizi, 2019	341.8	2.1	0.20	14.90	24.59	9.41	48.13	9.45	23.53
03.232803	42.920664		Bijigaibulutai	CIS	Abulizi, 2019	341.8	2.1	0.15	8.00	10.93	10.52	50.51	9./1	28.60
85.232863	42.920664		ыjigaibulutai	CIS	Abulizi, 2019	541.8	2.1	0.17	12.57	21.78	10.51	50.47	9.71	28.69
85.668008	42.806362		Y ikaibulusitai	CIS	Abulizi, 2019	309.9	5.1	0.12	34.47	46.31	17.84	61.74	10.92	15.44
85.668008	42.806362		Y ikaibulusitai	CIS	Abulizi, 2019	309.9	5.1	0.13	47.04	60.27	19.38	63.49	11.11	3.23
85.668008	42.806362	7.50.0	Y ikaibulusitai	CIS	Abulizi, 2019	309.9	5.1	0.14	25.71	36.59	8.05	44.79	9.09	0.62
87.0103	42.70681	753-3	Central	CTS	Ma et al., 2015	283.3	3.1	0.13	23.02	33.60	7.47	43.22	8.93	9.62
87.0103	42.70681	753-5	Central	CTS	Ma et al., 2015	283.3	3.1	0.15	23.19	33.79	7.08	42.09	8.80	8.30
87.0103	42.70681	/53-6	Central	CIS	Ma et al., 2015	283.3	3.1	0.20	19.74	29.97	6.95	41.68	8.76	11.72
92.249453	41.564342		Alatage	CTS	Mao et al., 2014	347.5	5.9	0.15	12.35	21.75	6.49	40.21	8.60	18.46

02 240453	41 564342		Alataga	CTS	Mao et al. 2014	347.5	5.0	0.18	12.67	22.11	6.81	41.26	8 71	10.15
92.249455	41.564242		Alatage	CTS	Mag et al. 2014	247.5	5.0	0.18	11.24	22.11	6.60	41.20	8.71	19.15
92.249433	41.304342		Alatage	CIS	Mao et al., 2014	547.5	5.9	0.18	11.54	20.04	0.00	40.58	8.04	19.94
91.421435	41.664366	C-123	Caixiashan	CTS	Dong, 2015	351.9	3.5	0.05	35.58	47.54	6.14	39.04	8.48	8.51
93.9614	41.85445	X12-30-3	Xingxingxia	CTS	Wen, 2019	284.00	1	0.15	21.62	32.04	8.75	46.58	9.29	14.53
94.896772	41.893806	XX01-2	Xingxingxia	CTS	Zhou, 2014	278	3	0.06	25.78	36.67	7.19	42.41	8.84	5.74
94.896772	41.893806	XX17-1	Xingxingxia	CTS	Zhou, 2014	278	3	0.19	25.34	36.18	6.40	39.93	8.57	3.75
94.896772	41.893806	XX17-4	Xingxingxia	CTS	Zhou, 2014	278	3	0.08	42.53	55.26	9.68	48.72	9.52	
95.008861	41.944433	XX07-2	Xingxingxia	CTS	Zhou, 2014	304	3	0.10	30.30	41.68	25.90	69.67	11.77	
95.008861	41.944433	XX07-3	Xingxingxia	CTS	Zhou, 2014	304	3	0.09	30.70	42.13	9.42	48.15	9.46	6.02
95.008861	41.944433	XX07-5	Xingxingxia	CTS	Zhou, 2014	304	3	0.11	35.84	47.84	12.70	54.50	10.14	
95.1283	41.79000	XJ-35	Xingxingxia	CTS	Lei, 2012	424.9	5.8	0.13	33.02	44.70	11.09	51.63	9.83	6.93
95.1283	41.79000	XJ-38	Xingxingxia	CTS	Lei, 2012	424.9	5.8	0.14	37.47	49.65	11.96	53.23	10.00	3.58
95.1283	41.79000	XJ-39	Xingxingxia	CTS	Lei, 2012	424.9	5.8	0.10	37.42	49.58	11.82	52.98	9.98	3.40
94.714798	41.776337	XJ477	Tianhudong	CTS	Lei, 2012	445.3	4.6	0.09	13.13	22.62	3.99	29.85	7.49	
94.714798	41.776337	XJ478	Tianhudong	CTS	Lei, 2012	445.3	4.6	0.12	13.39	22.92	7.61	43.60	8.97	20.69
94.714798	41.776337	XJ480	Tianhudong	CTS	Lei, 2012	445.3	4.6	0.13	13.97	23.56	7.31	42.74	8.87	19.18

Note: The values in red are discarded numbers that do not pass the Thompson Tau test.

Sample No.	Location	Area	Data source	Age	Age error	SiO <sub>2</sub>	MgO	Y	Ce	Ce/Y	D <sub>Ce/Y</sub>
WT-1	Wutongwozi	Kanggurtag	Cao, 2012			42.95	5.41	26.6	20.1	0.76	16.50
WT-2	Wutongwozi	Kanggurtag	Cao, 2012			41.84	4	27.6	20.4	0.74	16.10
WT-3	Wutongwozi	Kanggurtag	Cao, 2012			44.18	5.54	26.5	19.6	0.74	16.11
WT-4	Wutongwozi	Kanggurtag	Cao, 2012			41.76	4.62	19	17	0.89	19.55
WT-6	Wutongwozi	Kanggurtag	Cao, 2012			41.97	4.96	29.7	21	0.71	15.30
LILYQ28	Wutongwozi	Kanggurtag	He, et al., 2005			50.76	6.92	29	10.8	0.37	3.73
LILYQ33	Wutongwozi	Kanggurtag	He, et al., 2005			47.84	7.38	22.7	18	0.79	17.37
LIX-YQ12	Wutongwozi	Kanggurtag	He, et al., 2005			44.78	6.25	20.6	22.6	1.10	23.23
D7566	Wutongwozi	Kanggurtag	She, et al., 2016	Early Carboniferous (?)		50.13	5.93	28.4	24.3	0.86	18.74
D7565	Wutongwozi	Kanggurtag	She, et al., 2016			46.48	6.46	21.8	20.5	0.94	20.45
D1928	Wutongwozi	Kanggurtag	She, et al., 2016			46.4	7.54	30	22.3	0.74	16.20
D7567	Wutongwozi	Kanggurtag	She, et al., 2016			48.6	8.79	30.4	22.5	0.74	16.13
12HM- 37	Wutongwozi	Kanggurtag	Zhang, 2014			45.7	3.57	38	14.9	0.39	4.66
12HM- 38	Wutongwozi	Kanggurtag	Zhang, 2014			48.74	3.78	32.2	17.2	0.53	10.24
12HM- 40	Wutongwozi	Kanggurtag	Zhang, 2014			43.25	5.1	23.3	14.9	0.64	13.49
12HM- 41	Wutongwozi	Kanggurtag	Zhang, 2014			48.8	2.17	29.1	14.5	0.50	8.98
07 Y-1141	Gandun	Kanggurtag	Li et al., 2011			48.44	5.92	21.5	18.1	0.84	18.45
	Qishanzu	Dananhu	Xiong, 2015	331.2		47.22	5.92	35.9	36.24	1.01	21.73
	Qishanzu	Dananhu	Xiong, 2015	331.2		47.72	8.81	27	21.16	0.78	17.16
	Qishanzu	Dananhu	Xiong, 2015	331.2		49.35	6.91	23.69	21.43	0.90	19.75
	Qishanzu	Dananhu	Xiong, 2015	331.2		53.39	4.24	44.82	41.9	0.93	20.34
	Qishanzu	Dananhu	Xiong, 2015	331.2		52.16	6.5	27.56	28.59	1.04	22.22
	Qishanzu	Dananhu	Xiong, 2015	331.2		48.5	5.67	33.15	29.92	0.90	19.71
LI-38	Xiaorequanzi	Dananhu	Pan, 2009	325	3.2	50.29	4.54	11.37	33.94	2.99	41.30
L1-47	Xiaorequanzi	Dananhu	Pan, 2009	325	3.2	49.45	4.04	12.12	37.95	3.13	42.16
LI-60	Xiaorequanzi	Dananhu	Pan, 2009	325	3.2	51.95	3	11.57	24.5	2.12	35.10
7	Xiaorequanzi	Dananhu	Wang et al., 2011	325	3.2	50.78	4.55	25.2	36.5	1.45	28.25
8	Xiaorequanzi	Dananhu	Wang et al., 2011	325	3.2	49.51	6.93	18.97	25.4	1.34	26.83
9	Xiaorequanzi	Dananhu	Wang et al., 2011	325	3.2	49.65	5	14.1	34.9	2.48	37.92
10	Xiaorequanzi	Dananhu	Wang et al., 2011	325	3.2	49.15	5.32	14.14	253	17.89	73.62
13HM-23	Qieshan	Dananhu	Zhang, 2014	299.4	7.7	53.12	4.48	26.3	33.6	1.28	25.98
13HM-24	Qieshan	Dananhu	Zhang, 2014	299.4	7.7	48.16	6.39	17.6	26.5	1.51	28.95
13HM-25	Qieshan	Dananhu	Zhang, 2014	299.4	7.7	48.29	6.11	17.3	26.2	1.51	29.05
13HM-26	Qieshan	Dananhu	Zhang, 2014	299.4	7.7	47.02	4.93	25.5	47.3	1.85	32.71
13HM-27	Qieshan	Dananhu	Zhang, 2014	299.4	7.7	49.38	4.48	24.5	44.6	1.82	32.37
13HM-28	Qieshan	Dananhu	Zhang, 2014	299.4	7.7	48.69	4.75	25.3	41.8	1.65	30.62
13HM-29	Qieshan	Dananhu	Zhang, 2014	299.4	7.7	49.62	6.41	20.7	50.6	2.44	37.69
13HM-31	Qieshan	Dananhu	Zhang, 2014	299.4	7.7	47.32	7.94	22.7	23	1.01	21.80

Table S2 Summary of calibrated crustal thickness using method by Mantle and Collins (2008).

13HM-32	Qieshan	Dananhu	Zhang, 2014	299.4	7.7	49.31	6.15	20.9	38.7	1.85	32.68
13HM-33	Qieshan	Dananhu	Zhang, 2014	299.4	7.7	51.48	4.81	23.5	41.7	1.77	31.91
13HM-34	Qieshan	Dananhu	Zhang, 2014	299.4	7.7	48.56	6.46	20.9	36.1	1.73	31.42
13HM-35	Qieshan	Dananhu	Zhang, 2014	299.4	7.7	48.05	6.01	19.3	36.6	1.90	33.11
13HM-36	Qieshan	Dananhu	Zhang, 2014	299.4	7.7	47.1	6.58	7.98	27.2	3.41	43.69
13HM-37	Qieshan	Dananhu	Zhang, 2014	299.4	7.7	48.01	5.76	23.2	37.5	1.62	30.23
13HM-38	Qieshan	Dananhu	Zhang, 2014	299.4	7.7	46.54	7.31	11.2	22	1.96	33.75
13HM-39	Qieshan	Dananhu	Zhang, 2014	299.4	7.7	47.55	7.94	21.9	20.2	0.92	20.10
13HM-40	Qieshan	Dananhu	Zhang, 2014	299.4	7.7	46.32	7.24	20.6	19.2	0.93	20.29
13HM-45	Qieshan	Dananhu	Zhang, 2014	299.4	7.7	48.72	5.62	16.5	19.6	1.19	24.67
13HM-45-1	Qieshan	Dananhu	Zhang, 2014	299.4	7.7	52.4	5.06	16.8	19.4	1.15	24.16
TW1h	Qieshan	Dananhu	Bai et al., 2018	314	3.5	49.62	6.41	20.7	50.6	2.44	37.69
TW2h	Qieshan	Dananhu	Bai et al., 2018	314	3.5	49.31	6.15	20.9	38.7	1.85	32.68
TW4h	Qieshan	Dananhu	Bai et al., 2018	314	3.5	48.56	6.46	20.9	36.1	1.73	31.42
SL-1h	Qieshan	Dananhu	Bai et al., 2018	314	3.5	48.05	6.01	19.3	36.6	1.90	33.11
SL-3h	Qieshan	Dananhu	Bai et al., 2018	314	3.5	47.55	7.94	21.9	20.2	0.92	20.10
SL-6h	Qieshan	Dananhu	Bai et al., 2018	314	3.5	48.72	5.62	16.5	19.6	1.19	24.67
NH-lh	Qieshan	Dananhu	Bai et al., 2018	316	2.3	52.4	5.06	16.8	19.4	1.15	24.16
NH-2h	Qieshan	Dananhu	Bai et al., 2018	316	2.3	48.16	6.39	17.6	26.5	1.51	28.95
NH-3h	Qieshan	Dananhu	Bai et al., 2018	316	2.3	48.29	6.11	17.3	26.2	1.51	29.05
TW-4	Qieshan	Dananhu	Hou et al., 2006	334		46.97	5.98	23.2	34.7	1.50	28.83
TW-4-1	Qieshan	Dananhu	Hou et al., 2006	334		46.01	5.2	24.4	36.8	1.51	28.98
TW-5	Qieshan	Dananhu	Hou et al., 2006	334		48.18	7.57	27.6	18.8	0.68	14.63
TW-7	Qieshan	Dananhu	Hou et al., 2006	334		50.65	4.71	16	18	1.13	23.68
TW-8	Qieshan	Dananhu	Hou et al., 2006	334		50.8	4.02	17.2	42	2.44	37.67
Bb-158 - 1	Qieshan	Dananhu	Li et al., 2006	322.6	2	50.52	4.46	23	39.2	1.70	31.18
Bb-160-2	Qieshan	Dananhu	Li et al., 2006	322.6	2	48.73	4.87	17	30.1	1.77	31.87
Bb - 162	Qieshan	Dananhu	Li et al., 2006	322.6	2	50.19	5.17	21	50.8	2.42	37.50
Bb - 165-1	Qieshan	Dananhu	Li et al., 2006	322.6	2	47.7	6.56	22	20.2	0.92	20.02
Bb-165 -2	Qieshan	Dananhu	Li et al., 2006	322.6	2	48.26	6.68	22	17.8	0.81	17.73
Bb- 172	Qieshan	Dananhu	Li et al., 2006	322.6	2	48.06	7.53	20	23.8	1.19	24.70
YD13-7-1	Qieshan	Dananhu	Xiao et al., 2017	322.6	2	49.6	6.42	16.70	33.3	1.99	34.02
YD13-7-2	Qieshan	Dananhu	Xiao et al., 2017	322.6	2	50.1	6.38	17.30	32.3	1.87	32.83
Bb-158-1 <sup>g</sup>	Qieshan	Dananhu	Xiao et al., 2017	322.6	2	50.5	4.46	23.00	39.2	1.70	31.18
Bb-162 <sup>g</sup>	Qieshan	Dananhu	Xiao et al., 2017	322.6	2	50.2	5.17	21.00	50.8	2.42	37.50
Bb-165-1 <sup>g</sup>	Qieshan	Dananhu	Xiao et al., 2017	322.6	2	47.7	6.56	22.00	20.2	0.92	20.02
Bb-165-2 <sup>g</sup>	Qieshan	Dananhu	Xiao et al., 2017	322.6	2	48.3	6.68	22.00	17.8	0.81	17.73
Bb-172 <sup>g</sup>	Qieshan	Dananhu	Xiao et al., 2017	322.6	2	48.1	7.53	20.00	23.8	1.19	24.70
ZK198-391°	Qieshan	Dananhu	Xiao et al., 2017	322.6	2	49.9	6.81	22.40	33.0	1.47	28.55
TW206-2 <sup>e</sup>	Qieshan	Dananhu	Xiao et al., 2017	322.6	2	50.0	7.51	19.40	28.9	1.49	28.75
TW8-1 <sup>b</sup>	Qieshan	Dananhu	Xiao et al., 2017	322.6	2	43.0	9.86	25.50	29.3	1.15	24.07

TW8-2 <sup>b</sup>	Qieshan	Dananhu	Xiao et al., 2017	322.6	2	45.9	8.02	26.20	40.6	1.55	29.47
TW8-3 <sup>b</sup>	Qieshan	Dananhu	Xiao et al., 2017	322.6	2	48.4	6.82	24.00	46.8	1.95	33.61
TW9-3 <sup>b</sup>	Qieshan	Dananhu	Xiao et al., 2017	322.6	2	47.6	8.34	28.00	23.7	0.85	18.55
TW10-5 <sup>b</sup>	Qieshan	Dananhu	Xiao et al., 2017	322.6	2	46.9	7.18	27.30	50.8	1.86	32.77
TW10-7 <sup>b</sup>	Qieshan	Dananhu	Xiao et al., 2017	322.6	2	44.0	10.19	27.40	23.0	0.84	18.40
TW11-6 <sup>b</sup>	Qieshan	Dananhu	Xiao et al., 2017	322.6	2	48.0	8.59	21.80	47.1	2.16	35.46
JX-22	Yamansu	Aqishan-Yamansu	Hou et al., 2006	334		49.9	3.93	49.6	107	2.16	35.44
JX-24	Yamansu	Aqishan-Yamansu	Hou et al., 2006	334		49.37	397	63	138	2.19	35.71
YM-8	Yamansu	Aqishan-Yamansu	Hou et al., 2006	334		44.75	7.15	39	37.6	0.96	20.90
YM-14	Yamansu	Aqishan-Yamansu	Hou et al., 2006	334		48.4	6.15	29.5	28.2	0.96	20.75
YM-16	Yamansu	Aqishan-Yamansu	Hou et al., 2006	334		50.93	5.58	25.8	32.3	1.25	25.61
YM-17	Yamansu	Aqishan-Yamansu	Hou et al., 2006	334		50.53	4.23	29.4	88.4	3.01	41.43
YM-19	Yamansu	Aqishan-Yamansu	Hou et al., 2006	334		51.95	4.7	24.7	49.8	2.02	34.22
SQZ13-91	Tugutubulake	Aqishan-Yamansu	Xu, 2014	322.7	1.7	48.6	9.6	23.6	25.4	1.08	22.89
SQZ13-92	Tugutubulake	Aqishan-Yamansu	Xu, 2014	322.7	1.7	48.1	9.5	24.5	26.1	1.07	22.70
SQZ13-93	Tugutubulake	Aqishan-Yamansu	Xu, 2014	322.7	1.7	47.9	10.5	23.4	24	1.03	22.02
SQZ13-94	Tugutubulake	Aqishan-Yamansu	Xu, 2014	322.7	1.7	45.9	7.47	25.1	26.1	1.04	22.26
SQZ13-95	Tugutubulake	Aqishan-Yamansu	Xu, 2014	322.7	1.7	46	7.08	25.8	27.2	1.05	22.51
D207/2YQ	Tugutubulake	Aqishan-Yamansu	Yan, 2015	320.5	1.2	50.91	6.66	22.90	29.8	1.30	26.31
07Y-1184	Tugutubulake	Aqishan-Yamansu	Yan, 2015	320.5	1.2	50.78	5.72	32.4	56.4	1.74	31.56
07Y-1185	Tugutubulake	Aqishan-Yamansu	Yan, 2015	320.5	1.2	48.33	2.93	28.9	49.7	1.72	31.35
HF00-08-2	Tugutubulake	Aqishan-Yamansu	Yan, 2015	320.5	1.2	48.94	4.87	26.07	46.1	1.77	31.85
HF00-08-1	Tugutubulake	Aqishan-Yamansu	Yan, 2015	320.5	1.2	42.05	3.06	25.72	40.34	1.57	29.68
Boo-36-51	Tugutubulake	Aqishan-Yamansu	Yan, 2015	320.5	1.2	47.68	5.32	27.95	35.59	1.27	25.92
07 Y-1184	Tugutubulake	Aqishan-Yamansu	Li et al., 2011	320	1.2	50.78	5.72	32.4	56.4	1.74	31.56
07 Y-1185	Tugutubulake	Aqishan-Yamansu	Li et al., 2011	320	1.2	48.33	2.93	28.9	49.7	1.72	31.35
07Y-1199	Tugutubulake	Aqishan-Yamansu	Li et al., 2011	320	1.2	49.96	7.04	25.6	45.2	1.77	31.82
07Y-1203	Tugutubulake	Aqishan-Yamansu	Li et al., 2011	320	1.2	49.68	6.87	27	53.9	2.00	34.04
07Y-1247	Tugutubulake	Aqishan-Yamansu	Li et al., 2011	320	1.2	49.74	9.82	17.1	24.4	1.43	27.98
SQZ0902	Tugutubulake-shaquanzi	Aqishan-Yamansu	Huang et al., 2012	320	1.2	48.15	8.18	24.6	35.8	1.46	28.33
SQZO906	Tugutubulake-shaquanzi	Aqishan-Yamansu	Huang et al., 2012	320	1.2	48.01	7.41	24.4	37.5	1.54	29.32
SQZO9O9	Tugutubulake-shaquanzi	Aqishan-Yamansu	Huang et al., 2012	320	1.2	47.53	7.37	23.7	36.2	1.53	29.20
HF0008-2	Tugutubulake-shaquanzi	Aqishan-Yamansu	Huang et al., 2012	320	1.2	48.94	4.87	26.07	46.1	1.77	31.85
H FOOD 8-1	Tugutubulake	Aqishan-Yamansu	Wu et al., 2008	305.3	2.4	42.05	3.06	25.72	40.34	1.57	29.68
BOO 36-51	Tugutubulake	Aqishan-Yamansu	Wu et al., 2008	305.3	2.4	47.68	5.32	27.95	35.59	1.27	25.92
HF0008-2	Tugutubulake	Aqishan-Yamansu	Wu et al., 2008	305.3	2.4	48.94	4.87	26.07	46.1	1.77	31.85
CHS-1	Tugutubulake	Aqishan-Yamansu	Li, 2018	305.3	2.4	42.05	3.06	25.72	40.34	1.57	29.68
CHS-2	Tugutubulake	Aqishan-Yamansu	Li, 2018	305.3	2.4	47.68	5.32	27.95	35.59	1.27	25.92
CHS-3	Tugutubulake	Aqishan-Yamansu	Li, 2018	305.3	2.4	48.94	4.87	26.07	46.1	1.77	31.85

Note: the numbers in red are selected values that has maximum Ce/Y ratio. The numbers in bold denote very thin crustal thickness, but do not show in Figures 2-4 due to lack of precise ages.