Figure 5 is interactive. Hover over the Th/U $\mathbf{7} 75$ (black-red) box and $\mathrm{Th} / \mathrm{U}<75$ (green) box in the lower part of the figure to view subset KDEs of each sample. Layers may be viewed separately or in combination using the capabilities of the Acrobat (PDF) layering function (click "Layers" icon along vertical bar on left side of window for display of avail able layers; turn layers on or off by clicking the box to the left of the layer name). If the in teractivity does not work in the version of the paper you are reading, please visit https:// doi.org/10.1130/GEOS.S.16905034.


U-Pb age (Ma)

Figure 5. Kernel density estimates (KDEs) of zir con populations divided by Th/U values. High Th/U zircon (>0.75) shown in black-red com pared to low $\mathrm{Th} / \mathrm{U}$ zircon ( $<0.75$ ) shown in green demonstrate different chemical-age trends that can be correlated between samples. The divided KDEs allow for differentiation of coeval zircon Pb Figure 5 is interative. Hever -Pb ages. Figure is interactive. Hover over the $\mathrm{h} / \mathrm{U}>75$ (black-red) bx and $7 / U<75$ (green) box in the lower part of the figure to view sub set KDEs of each sample. Layers may be viewed separately or in combination using the capabilities of the Acrobat (PDF) layering function (click "Layers" icon along vertical bar on left side of window for display of available layers; turn lay ers on or off by clicking the box to the left of the layer name). If the interactivity does not work in the version of the paper you are reading, pleas visit https://doi.org/10.1130/GEOS.S.16905034.

