

SAMPLE LOCATIONS

Sample name	UTM Zone	UTM Easting	UTM Northing
15TKPB17	50K	748275	7646526
18APPB12	50K	747991	7646382
18APPB13	50K	748044	7646393
18APPB16	50K	750833	7646782

ANALYTICAL METHODS

Major And Trace-Element Analyses

Two of the samples (15TKPB17 and 18APPB16) were analysed by Bureau Veritas Minerals Pty Ltd in Perth. The samples were cast using a 66:34 (Lithium Tetraborate 66% / Lithium Metaborate 34%) flux with 4% Lithium nitrate added to form a glass bead. Major elements were determined by X-Ray Fluorescence. Trace elements were determined by Laser Ablation Inductively Coupled Plasma Mass Spectrometry on a fused bead. Loss on Ignition was determined using a robotic TGA system with furnaces set to 110°C and 1000°C (LOI1000). A sub-sample was digested with sulphuric and hydrofluoric acids and FeO determined via titration. Accuracy and precision of the analyses were monitored using geochemical reference rock powders (Kerba Monzogranite and Bunbury Basalt; Morris, 2007), inserted as unknown samples. All major and trace element data, including that obtained from the reference materials, are found in Supplementary table DR2.

Zircon U–Pb SIMS Age Determination

Nordsim

Secondary ion mass spectrometry (SIMS) U–Th–Pb isotopic analyses were performed using a large geometry Cameca IMS1280 mass spectrometer at the Swedish Museum of Natural History. The instrument set up follows that of Whitehouse et al. (1999), Whitehouse and Kamber (2005) and references therein. An O₂⁻ primary beam with 23 kV incident energy (−13 kV primary, +10 kV secondary) was used for sputtering. For this study, the primary beam was operated in aperture illumination (Köhler) mode yielding a ~15–20 μm spot. Pre-sputtering with a 25 μm raster for 120 s, centring of the secondary ion beam in the 3000 μm field aperture (FA), mass calibration optimisation, and optimisation of the secondary beam energy distribution was performed automatically for each run, FA, and energy adjustment using the ⁹⁰Zr₂¹⁶O⁺ species at nominal mass 196. Mass calibration of all peaks in the mono-collection sequence was performed at the start of each session; within run mass calibration optimisation was performed using the ⁹⁰Zr₂¹⁶O⁺ peak, applying a shift to all other species. A mass resolution (M/ΔM) of ~5400 was used to ensure adequate separation of Pb isotope peaks from nearby HfSi⁺ species. Ion signals were detected using the axial ion-counting electron multiplier. All analyses were run in fully automated chain sequences. Data reduction

assumes a power law relationship between Pb^+/U^+ and UO_2^+/U^+ ratios with an empirically derived slope in order to calculate actual Pb/U ratios based on those in the 91500 standard. U concentration and Th/U ratio are also referenced to the 91500 standard. Common Pb correction is made if the ^{204}Pb signal statistically exceeds average background and assumes a $^{207}\text{Pb}/^{206}\text{Pb}$ ratio of 0.83 (equivalent to present day Stacey and Kramers, 1975, model terrestrial Pb). Decay constants follow the recommendations of Jaffey et al., (1971) and compiled by Steiger and Jäger (1977). All age calculations were done in Isoplot 4.15 (Ludwig, 2008) and quoted at 2σ uncertainty level. All internal errors and external uncertainty in the standard analyses are propagated. Systematic uncertainties highlighted by interlaboratory experiments are not propagated. All results are presented in Supplementary table DR1.

Curtin SHRIMP

Zircon ion microprobe dating on the SHRIMP II at Curtin University, Perth, follow the methodology of De Laeter and Kennedy (1998), Kennedy and De Laeter (1998), and Nelson et al. (1997). All zircon U–Pb isotope data is presented in Supplementary table DR1. All $^{207}\text{Pb}/^{206}\text{Pb}$ zircon ages referred to in this study have been corrected for common Pb, assuming a composition of common Pb following Compston et al. (1984). Reference zircon M257 ($^{206}\text{Pb}/^{238}\text{U}$ age = 561.3 ± 0.6 Ma; Nasdala et al., 2008) was used as primary standard and OGC zircons ($^{207}\text{Pb}/^{206}\text{Pb}$ age = 3465.4 ± 0.6 Ma, Stern et al., 2009) were routinely analyzed to monitor analytical precision and accuracy of $^{207}\text{Pb}/^{206}\text{Pb}$. All SHRIMP U–Pb data were reduced via the software packages Isoplot and Squid (Ludwig, 2008; 2009).

Ion Microprobe Oxygen Isotope Analysis In Zircon

Oxygen isotope ratios ($^{18}\text{O}/^{16}\text{O}$) in zircon were determined using a Cameca IMS 1280 multi-collector ion microprobe hosted by the Centre for Microscopy, Characterisation and Analysis (CMCA), University of Western Australia (UWA). After U–Pb analyses, Au-coating was removed using a light polishing. The sample mounts were then carefully cleaned with detergent, distilled water and ethanol in an ultrasonic bath and re-coated with gold (30nm in thickness) prior to SIMS O isotope analyses.

The sample surface is sputtered over a $10 \times 10 \mu\text{m}$ area with a 10 kV, Gaussian Cs^+ beam with an intensity of ~ 3 nA and total impact energy of 20 keV. An electron gun is used to ensure charge compensation during the analyses. Secondary ions were admitted in the double focusing mass spectrometer within a $110 \mu\text{m}$ entrance slit and focused in the centre of a $4000 \mu\text{m}$ field aperture (x 100 magnification). They are energy filtered using a 30 eV band pass with a 5 eV gap toward the high-energy side. ^{16}O and ^{18}O are collected simultaneously in Faraday cup detectors fitted with $10^{10} \Omega$ (L'2) and $10^{11} \Omega$ (H1) resistors, respectively, and operating at a mass resolution of ~ 2430 . The magnetic field was regulated using NMR control.

Each analysis includes a pre-sputtering over a $15 \times 15 \mu\text{m}$ area during 30s and the automatic centring of the secondary ions in the field aperture, contrast aperture and entrance slit. Each analysis then consists of 20 four-second cycles, which give an average internal precision of $\sim 0.16\text{\%}$ (2 SE). The analytical session was monitored in terms of drift using at least two bracketing standards every 5 to 6 sample analyses. Instrumental mass fractionation (IMF) was corrected using Temora 2 (8.2 %; Black et al., 2004) following the procedures described in Kita et al. (2009). The spot-to-spot reproducibility was 0.2–0.3 % (2 SD) on Temora 2 during the analytical session. Two extra zircon references were used for quality control, Penglai (n=26, weighted mean $^{18}\text{O}/^{16}\text{O}=0.0020154\pm0.0000001$, reference $^{18}\text{O}/^{16}\text{O}=0.0020158\pm0.0000002$ (Li et al., 2010) and OGC/OG1 (n=32, weighted mean

$^{18}\text{O}/^{16}\text{O}=0.0020171\pm0.0000001$, reference $^{18}\text{O}/^{16}\text{O}=0.0020170\pm0.0000001$ (Petersson et al., 2019). Uncertainty on each $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ spot has been calculated by propagating the errors on instrumental mass fractionation determination, which include the standard deviation of the mean oxygen isotope ratio measured on the primary standard during the session, and internal error on each sample data point. Raw $^{18}\text{O}/^{16}\text{O}$ ratios and corrected $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ (quoted with respect to Vienna Standard Mean Ocean Water or VSMOW) are found in Supplementary table DR3 and DR4.

LA-MC-ICP-MS Zircon Lu–Hf Analyses

Lu–Hf analyses were carried out at the School of Earth Sciences at The University of Western Australia using a 193 nm Cetac Analyte G2 excimer laser installed with a two-volume HelEx2 sample cell, and a Thermo-Scientific Neptune Plus High-Resolution Multicollector ICP-MS.

Lu–Hf spot overlapped pits from both the U–Pb and O isotope analysis wherever possible. Circular spots with a diameter of 40–50 μm were used. Each analysis was initiated by a 30 s electronic baseline followed by an ablation sequence of 60 s comprising 60 integration cycles of one second each. A laser pulse repetition rate of 4 Hz was used and the laser energy was held at $\sim 5 \text{ J/cm}^2$, which equals an ablation rate of $\sim 0.05 \mu\text{m}$ per pulse for zircon. Helium carrier gas (1.0 l/min) was used to transport the ablated particles from the sample chamber. This was combined with argon gas (flow rate c. 0.6 l/min) and nitrogen ($\sim 0.012 \text{ l/min}$) further downstream before entering the argon plasma. Masses ^{171}Yb , ^{173}Yb , ^{175}Lu , $^{176}(\text{Hf+Lu+Yb})$, ^{177}Hf , ^{178}Hf , ^{179}Hf and $^{180}(\text{Hf+W+Ta})$ were measured simultaneously by Faraday detectors. Isobaric interference of ^{176}Yb and ^{176}Lu on ^{176}Hf was calculated using the measured intensities of ^{171}Yb and ^{175}Lu along with known isotopic ratios of $^{176}\text{Yb}/^{171}\text{Yb}=0.897145$ (Segal et al., 2003) and $^{176}\text{Lu}/^{175}\text{Lu}=0.02655$ (Vervoort et al., 2004). Mass bias corrections were calculated using the exponential law. For calculations of βHf , measured intensities of ^{179}Hf and ^{177}Hf and a $^{179}\text{Hf}/^{177}\text{Hf}$ ratio of 0.7325 was used. βYb was calculated using measured intensities of ^{173}Yb and ^{171}Yb and a $^{176}\text{Yb}/^{171}\text{Yb}$ ratio of 1.130172 (Segal et al., 2003). Mass bias behaviour of Lu was assumed to be identical to Yb. Four zircon references were used for quality control, FC-1 ($^{176}\text{Hf}/^{177}\text{Hf}=0.282179\pm0.000019$ at 2 SD, n=16, weighted average $^{176}\text{Hf}/^{177}\text{Hf}=0.282179\pm0.000005$ at 95% conf. MSWD=0.9; solution value 0.282184 ± 0.000016), Mud Tank zircon ($^{176}\text{Hf}/^{177}\text{Hf}=0.282491\pm0.000011$, n=26, weighted average $^{176}\text{Hf}/^{177}\text{Hf}=0.282490\pm0.000003$ at 95% conf. MSWD=1.8; solution value 0.282507 ± 0.000006 , Temora 2 ($^{176}\text{Hf}/^{177}\text{Hf}=0.282683\pm0.000020$, n=3; weighted average $^{176}\text{Hf}/^{177}\text{Hf}=0.282683\pm0.000011$ at 95% conf. MSWD=0.3; solution value 0.282686 ± 0.000008), 91500 ($^{176}\text{Hf}/^{177}\text{Hf}=0.282305\pm0.000023$, n=8; weighted average $^{176}\text{Hf}/^{177}\text{Hf}=0.282306\pm0.000008$ at 95% conf. MSWD=0.6; solution value 0.282306 ± 0.000008 , Woodhead and Hergt, 2005) and OGC ($^{176}\text{Hf}/^{177}\text{Hf}=0.280635\pm0.000020$, n=15; weighted average $^{176}\text{Hf}/^{177}\text{Hf}=0.280633\pm0.000014$ at 95% conf. MSWD=6.2; solution value 0.280633 ± 0.000034 , Kemp et al., 2017). Age-corrected $^{176}\text{Hf}/^{177}\text{Hf}_{(3.467 \text{ Ga})}$ for the high $^{176}\text{Lu}/^{177}\text{Hf}$ zircon yields a weighted mean of $^{176}\text{Hf}/^{177}\text{Hf} = 0.280557\pm0.000005$, at 95% conf., MSWD=0.6, within errors identical to the solution value $^{176}\text{Hf}/^{177}\text{Hf} = 0.280554\pm0.000007$ of Kemp et al., (2017). Analysed $^{176}\text{Hf}/^{177}\text{Hf}$ ratios of the sample zircon were normalised based on a comparison between the mean of analysed $^{176}\text{Hf}/^{177}\text{Hf}$ ratios of Mud Tank zircon measured in a given session and its reported $^{176}\text{Hf}/^{177}\text{Hf}$ ratio of 0.282507 determined by solution analysis (Woodhead and Hergt, 2005) and itself reported relative to JMC475 $^{176}\text{Hf}/^{177}\text{Hf} = 0.282160$). Calculations of ϵHf were done using $\lambda^{176}\text{Lu}=1.867\times10^{-11} \text{ yr}^{-1}$ (Scherer et al., 2001; Söderlund et al., 2004), $(^{176}\text{Lu}/^{177}\text{Hf})\text{CHUR}=0.0336$ and $(^{176}\text{Hf}/^{177}\text{Hf})\text{CHUR}=0.282785\pm11$ (Bouvier et al., 2008). All zircon Lu–Hf data is found in Supplementary table DR5 and DR6.

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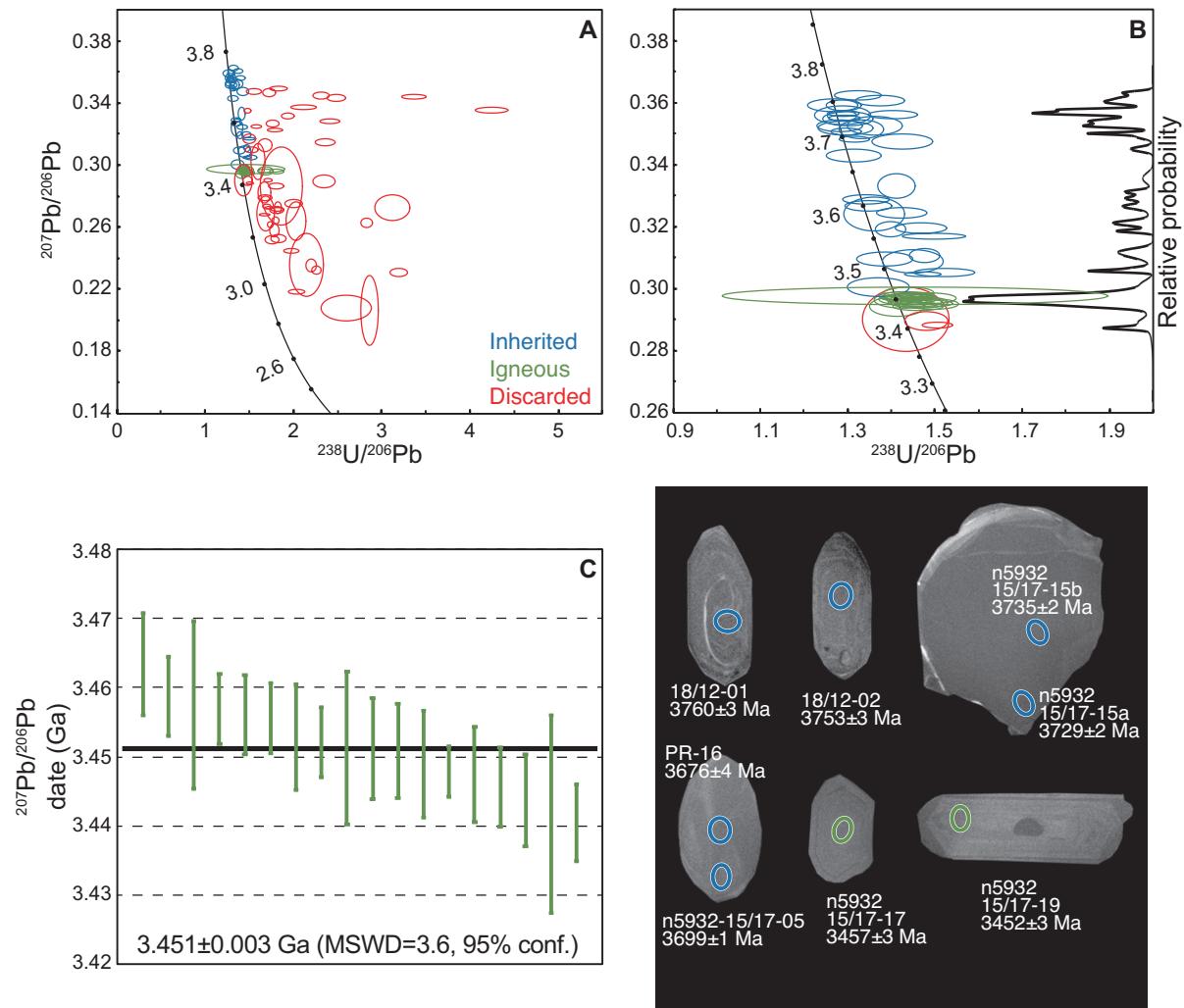


Fig. DR1 A: Tera-Wasserburg diagrams showing SIMS (Secondary-Ion-Mass-Spectrometry) zircon spot data for all zircon U–Pb analyses. B: Ellipses denote all <10% discordant zircon U–Pb analyses. C: $^{207}\text{Pb}/^{206}\text{Pb}$ weighted mean of igneous grains. Lower right panel: Cathodoluminescence (CL) images of representative zircon grains. Ellipses indicate SIMS spot locations for U–Pb. Blue denote inherited, green denote igneous and red denote discarded analysis.

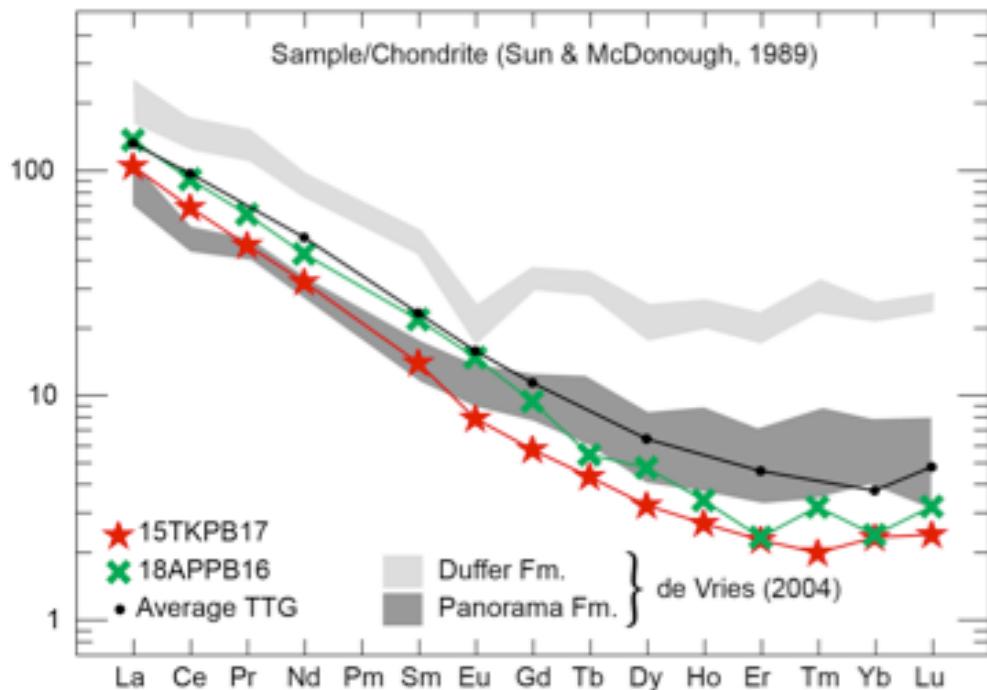


Fig. DR2 The majority of Panorama Ridge is actually mapped as Duffer Formation on the latest map published by the Geological survey of Western Australia (Hickman, 2012). There seem to be a statistically reliable difference in age between the two units where the Duffer Formation is dated to 3.474–3.463 Ga (McNaughton et al. 1993; Nelson 2001) and the ca. 3.458–3.428 Ga (Thorpe et al. 1992; Nelson 1998) age of the Panorama Formation, here constrained to 3.451 ±3 Ma. Hickman (1983) argued that, similarly to pre- and post-tectonic granitic rocks, the Duffer and Whyman Formations differ in that the Duffer formation is dacitic while the Whyman formation is rhyolitic. Similarly, De Vries (2004) pointed out a few key differences in REE patterns between the Duffer and Panorama formations, where the Duffer dacites have Eu-anomalies and virtually flat HREE (Gd–Lu), while the Panorama Formation rhyodacites have lower REE abundances and lack an Eu-anomaly. The REE signature of the samples in this study confirm a Panorama Formation affiliation (DR2). Further, the new and improved age presented here reinforces a Panorama formation association to the sampled unit.

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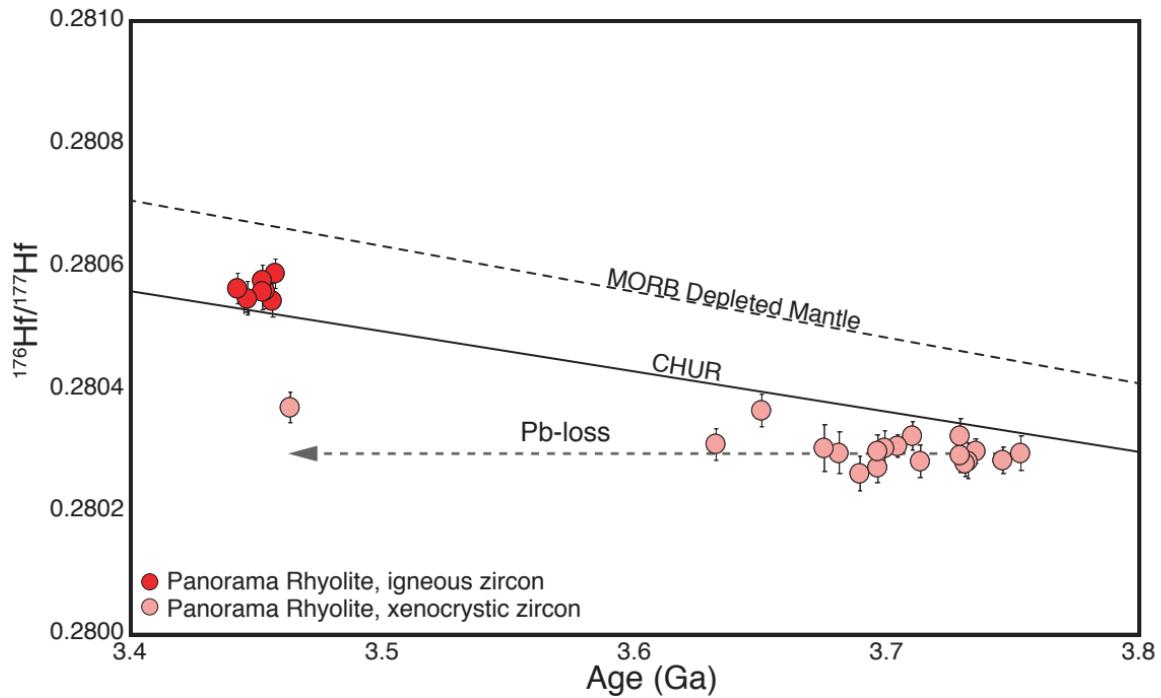


Fig. DR3

Table A2. Major and Trace element data

Sample	15TKPB17	18APPB16	Kerba monzogranite	KG1*	Bunbury Basalt (BB1)	BB1*
<i>Major elements</i>						
SiO ₂	82.1	84.3	71.50	71.37	52.20	51.82
TiO ₂	0.14	0.17	0.24	0.24	2.04	2.02
Al ₂ O ₃	10.4	12.6	15.00	14.95	15.40	15.33
Fe ₂ O ₃	0.2	0.1	0.72	0.65	3.55	3.28
FeO	0.0	0.0	1.19	1.29	7.78	7.99
FeO ^{tot}	0.24	0.07				
MgO	0.74	0.02	0.04	0.04	0.16	0.16
MnO	n/a	n/a	0.48	0.48	4.63	4.72
CaO	0.69	0.00	2.14	2.16	8.66	8.71
Na ₂ O	0.07	0.09	4.2	4.07	3.09	3.03
K ₂ O	2.99	0.293	3.48	3.47	0.45	0.46
P ₂ O ₅	0.013	0.025	0.064	0.08	0.242	0.25
SO ₃	0.02	n/a	0.015	0.03	0.154	0.16
BaO	0.113	0.0475	0.166	0.0137	0.017	0.015
LOI _{tot}	2.6	2.32	0.5		0.34	
Total	100.1	99.9	99.73		98.71	
<i>Trace elements</i>						
Ba	113	47.5	1420	1373	168	152
Rb	62.2	7.1	90.5	96	12.1	12.4
Sr	24.7	31.5	564	515	273	245
Zr	105	122	175	190	154	153
Nb	2.9	3.38	8.68	9.5	6.87	7.6
Y	3.82	4.88	4.66	4.5	41.9	39.8
Sc	3.1	n/a	1.4	2.4	26.7	27.7
V	12.5	9.6	14	14.6	248	245
Cr	2	n/a	161	170	146	150
Co	19.9	23.4	2.8	-	36.3	37
Ni	4	4	6	8	54	41
Cu	n/a	n/a	4	6.2	80	82
Zn	n/a	n/a	50	41	130	116
Ga	15.9	17.8	18.4	20	23.5	23
La	24.4	31.9	43.9	43.8	11.6	10.95
Ce	41.3	55.1	69.2	71.3	27.9	26.8
Pr	4.36	5.98	7.1	6.6	4.1	3.6
Nd	14.7	19.6	21.9	22.4	19.9	18.75
Sm	2.1	3.28	3.25	2.8	6.06	5.69
Eu	0.45	0.84	0.73	0.8	1.94	2.01
Gd	1.16	1.9	1.63	1.5	7.29	7.26
Tb	0.16	0.2	0.18	0.2	1.21	1.22
Dy	0.81	1.19	0.78	0.8	7.27	7.27
Ho	0.15	0.19	0.15	0.1	1.51	1.46
Er	0.37	0.38	0.4	0.4	4.04	3.95
Tm	0.05	0.08	0.07	-	0.56	0.53
Yb	0.39	0.4	0.44	0.5	3.36	3.32
Lu	0.06	0.08	0.08	0.1	0.48	0.49
Hf	2.83	3.44	4.62	5	4.04	4
Ta	0.4	0.52	0.93	1	0.44	0.5
Pb	5	3	38	40	4	4
Th	7.84	10.6	15.8	17.4	1.63	1.8
U	2.04	1.78	3.74	4.2	0.29	0.3

Note: Majors have been determined by X-Ray Fluorescence Spectrometry.

Traces have been determined by Laser Ablation Inductively Coupled Plasma Mass Spectrometry.

Loss on Ignition results have been determined using a robotic TGA system at 1000°C.

Ferrous Iron (FeO) content was determined by acid digestion followed by volumetric titration.

FeO^{tot}=FeO+0.8998*Fe₂O₃

*Suggested reference-values for the Kerba monzogranite and the Bunbury Basalt from, Morris (2007).

Session II
15TKPB17

<i>15TKPB17-01</i>	n5932_15TKPB17-17	<i>Crack</i>	8	0.0020179	± 0.00000030	6.35	± 0.30	10	20	532	980	3457	± 3	0.48	2.4
15TKPB17-02	PR-5	<i>ok</i>	9	0.0020167	± 0.00000029	5.72	± 0.29	11	20	314	1024	3746	± 4	0.36	0.0
15TKPB17-03	n5932_15TKPB17-01	<i>ok</i>	10	0.0020173	± 0.00000030	6.04	± 0.30	11	19	153	1693	3704	± 3	0.60	29.5
15TKPB17-04	n5932_15TKPB17-30	<i>ok</i>	11	0.0020178	± 0.00000032	6.28	± 0.32	11	19	-749	1450	3448	± 3	0.52	21.8
15TKPB17-05	n5932_15TKPB17-28	<i>ok</i>	16	0.0020176	± 0.00000032	6.17	± 0.32	11	20	-480	2457	3448	± 2	0.51	2.9
15TKPB17-06	n5932_15TKPB17-03	<i>ok</i>	17	0.0020157	± 0.00000030	5.24	± 0.29	11	19	760	2112	3732	± 3	0.57	1.0
15TKPB17-06b	n5932_15TKPB17-03	<i>ok</i>	18	0.0020158	± 0.00000032	5.29	± 0.32	11	19	766	2165	3732	± 3	0.57	1.0
15TKPB17-07	n5932_15TKPB17-19	<i>ok</i>	19	0.0020163	± 0.00000034	5.56	± 0.34	12	19	1081	1925	3452	± 3	0.31	1.5
15TKPB17-08	PR-18	<i>ok</i>	20	0.0020177	± 0.00000032	6.21	± 0.32	13	19	1039	2508	3715	± 4	0.51	0.9
15TKPB17-09	n5932_15TKPB17-41	<i>Inclusion</i>	24	0.0020122	± 0.00000028	3.50	± 0.28	12	19	447	3131	3746	± 3	0.53	1.4
15TKPB17-09b	n5932_15TKPB17-41	<i>Crack</i>	25	0.0020138	± 0.00000030	4.26	± 0.30	12	19	426	3154	3746	± 3	0.53	1.4
15TKPB17-10	n5932_15TKPB17-02	<i>ok</i>	26	0.0020173	± 0.00000031	6.04	± 0.31	12	17	1224	1588	3525	± 4	0.26	6.9
15TKPB17-11	n5932_15TKPB17-15	<i>ok</i>	27	0.0020154	± 0.00000030	5.11	± 0.30	10	20	1361	1226	3729	± 2	0.59	1.2
15TKPB17-11b	n5932_15TKPB17-15	<i>ok</i>	28	0.0020157	± 0.00000031	5.26	± 0.31	10	20	1387	1212	3735	± 2	0.58	1.2
15TKPB17-11c	n5932_15TKPB17-15	<i>ok</i>	34	0.0020154	± 0.00000031	5.06	± 0.30	9	20	1370	1166	3735	± 2	0.58	1.2
15TKPB17-11d	n5932_15TKPB17-15	<i>ok</i>	35	0.0020157	± 0.00000032	5.22	± 0.32	9	19	1368	1113	3735	± 2	0.58	1.2
15TKPB17-12	n5932_15TKPB17-35	<i>Crack</i>	33	0.0020130	± 0.00000031	4.20	± 0.31	10	19	1386	1205	3451	± 5	0.47	1.1
15TKPB17-12b	n5932_15TKPB17-35	<i>ok</i>	37	0.0020174	± 0.00000030	6.07	± 0.29	8	20	1641	501	3451	± 5	0.47	1.1
15TKPB17-13	PR-03	<i>ok</i>	36	0.0020174	± 0.00000032	6.09	± 0.32	9	19	1636	559	3457	± 6	0.48	3.2

Weighted average
15TKPB17 Session II
5.68 ±0.17 n=15 MSDW=2.18
Weighted average
15TKPB17 Session I & II combined
5.69 ±0.14 n=31 MSDW=1.29
Weighted average
All analyses both sessions
5.75 ±0.10 n=31 MSDW=1.15

Note: Each $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ error (2σ) represents the counting statistics errors for each individual spot and the external error based on all standards analysed during the session, which were added in quadrature.

Field aperture centering digits are given and show little difference between standard and sample, mount. The location of the unknowns is proximal.

Mount position X Y for standard and sample indicates that most analyses are within the central region to standards.

Values in italic are interpreted to be unreliable due to sampling of discordant grains, inclusions, mixed domains, or on fractures.

Italic denotes discarded analyses.

If multiple U-Pb analyses on one grain, data from the nearest analyses is denoted in $^{207}\text{Pb}/^{207}\text{Pb}$, Th/U and Discordance columns.

Sequential order of analyses.

[†]Raw ratios drift corrected using the standard analyses versus time. The instrumental mass fractionation, corrected using alpha SIMS (ratio between the session average standard value and reference)

[§]Normalised to a $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ value of 9.20‰ for the Temora 2 standard.

[#]When multiple analyses on single grain, $^{207}\text{Pb}/^{206}\text{Pb}$ -date, Th/U and discordance of U-Pb of analysis closest to O-isotope spot is denoted.

^{**}Age discordance in conventional concordia space. Negative numbers are reverse discordant

Table A4. Standard zircon O-isotopes

Spot I.D	Sequential no.*	Drift, background and SIMS corrected	abs.	$\delta^{18}\text{O}^{\circ}$	abs.	Field aperture		Mount location						
						1 σ	(‰)	2 σ	X					
Cameca IMS 1280 multi-collector ion microprobe Centre for Microscopy, Characterisation and Analysis, UWA, Perth.														
Session I														
91500														
91500-01	1	0.0020251	± 0.0000005	9.93	± 0.48	-8	8	2912	836					
91500-02	2	0.0020246	± 0.0000005	9.66	± 0.47	-9	7	2952	836					
91500-03	3	0.0020249	± 0.0000005	9.80	± 0.50	-10	7	2898	796					
91500-04	4	0.0020247	± 0.0000005	9.74	± 0.47	-10	6	2938	796					
91500-05	5	0.0020253	± 0.0000005	10.01	± 0.47	-9	7	2938	756					
91500-07	13	0.0020247	± 0.0000005	9.73	± 0.52	-11	6	2892	610					
91500-09	21	0.0020252	± 0.0000005	9.99	± 0.49	-11	5	2971	474					
91500-10	29	0.0020249	± 0.0000005	9.85	± 0.53	-11	5	3044	485					
91500-11	30	0.0020249	± 0.0000004	9.82	± 0.44	-11	5	3062	445					
91500-12	38	0.0020243	± 0.0000005	9.53	± 0.47	-11	4	3020	445					
91500-13	39	0.0020247	± 0.0000005	9.72	± 0.46	-11	4	2970	445					
91500-14	47	0.0020243	± 0.0000005	9.54	± 0.45	-11	5	2965	405					
91500-15	48	0.0020254	± 0.0000005	10.09	± 0.46	-11	5	3018	405					
91500-16	56	0.0020242	± 0.0000004	9.48	± 0.45	-11	5	3061	405					
91500-17	57	0.0020251	± 0.0000005	9.94	± 0.45	-11	5	3064	365					
91500-18	65	0.0020247	± 0.0000005	9.72	± 0.50	-11	4	3024	365					
91500-19	66	0.0020248	± 0.0000005	9.77	± 0.48	-11	4	2984	365					
91500-20	74	0.0020256	± 0.0000005	10.15	± 0.46	-12	3	2998	222					
91500-21	75	0.0020253	± 0.0000005	10.02	± 0.52	-11	3	3038	236					
91500-22	83	0.0020254	± 0.0000005	10.07	± 0.53	-12	3	3071	230					
91500-23	84	0.0020246	± 0.0000004	9.69	± 0.44	-12	4	3108	229					
91500-24	92	0.0020253	± 0.0000005	10.00	± 0.46	-11	3	3061	110					
91500-25	93	0.0020253	± 0.0000004	10.00	± 0.44	-11	3	3061	70					
91500-26	101	0.0020253	± 0.0000005	10.02	± 0.54	-10	3	3072	30					
91500-27	102	0.0020256	± 0.0000005	10.15	± 0.46	-10	4	3182	362					
91500-28	110	0.0020250	± 0.0000004	9.85	± 0.44	-10	4	3219	346					
91500-29	111	0.0020254	± 0.0000005	10.09	± 0.46	-9	4	3281	340					
91500-30	119	0.0020252	± 0.0000005	9.99	± 0.47	-10	3	3317	321					
91500-31	120	0.0020249	± 0.0000005	9.80	± 0.52	-9	5	3464	660					
91500-32	128	0.0020245	± 0.0000005	9.64	± 0.53	-9	5	3457	620					
91500-33	129	0.0020251	± 0.0000005	9.91	± 0.50	-9	5	3443	580					
91500-34	137	0.0020247	± 0.0000005	9.73	± 0.50	-10	5	3429	540					
91500-35	138	0.0020250	± 0.0000005	9.88	± 0.48	-10	3	3469	543					
91500-36	140	0.0020250	± 0.0000005	9.87	± 0.55	-11	4	3488	583					
91500-37	141	0.0020254	± 0.0000005	10.08	± 0.50	-11	4	3491	623					
91500-38	143	0.0020254	± 0.0000005	10.07	± 0.54	-11	4	3462	434					
91500-39	144	0.0020245	± 0.0000005	9.63	± 0.54	-11	4	3459	394					
91500-40	146	0.0020251	± 0.0000006	9.93	± 0.58	-10	3	3420	394					
91500-41	147	0.0020245	± 0.0000006	9.65	± 0.56	-10	4	3456	353					
Weighted mean		2σ		Weighted mean		2σ								
91500	n=39	0.0020250	± 0.0000002	9.86	± 0.16									
P91500 ref.		0.0020250	± 0.0000002	9.86	± 0.22									
OGC														
OGC-01	6	0.0020180	± 0.0000005	6.37	± 0.50	-14	5	1042	914					
OGC-02	14	0.0020175	± 0.0000005	6.15	± 0.50	-15	5	1006	891					
OGC-03	22	0.0020169	± 0.0000005	5.84	± 0.46	-16	5	933	879					
OGC-04	31	0.0020174	± 0.0000005	6.06	± 0.47	-16	5	893	867					
OGC-05	40	0.0020170	± 0.0000005	5.88	± 0.48	-15	6	564	920					
OGC-06	49	0.0020169	± 0.0000005	5.82	± 0.46	-15	5	530	916					
OGC-07	58	0.0020171	± 0.0000004	5.94	± 0.43	-16	5	575	766					
OGC-08	76	0.0020170	± 0.0000005	5.89	± 0.49	-16	5	538	804					
OGC-09	94	0.0020158	± 0.0000005	5.27	± 0.53	-18	5	918	550					
OGC-10	112	0.0020167	± 0.0000004	5.73	± 0.43	-13	6	1045	480					
OGC-11	139	0.0020171	± 0.0000005	5.92	± 0.48	-13	5	1181	608					
OGC-12	145	0.0020173	± 0.0000005	6.06	± 0.48	-11	6	1119	576					
Weighted mean		2σ		Weighted mean		2σ								
OGC	n=12	0.0020170	± 0.0000003	5.91	± 0.30									
OGC ref.		0.0020170	± 0.0000001	5.88	± 0.06									
Penglai														
Penglai-01	15	0.0020149	± 0.0000004	4.85	± 0.43	-13	6	2204	607					
Penglai-02	32	0.0020155	± 0.0000005	5.12	± 0.48	-13	5	2167	618					
Penglai-03	50	0.0020150	± 0.0000005	4.90	± 0.52	-13	5	2118	622					
Penglai-04	67	0.0020153	± 0.0000005	5.05	± 0.48	-13	5	2078	626					
Penglai-05	85	0.0020160	± 0.0000005	5.40	± 0.48	-14	5	2046	602					
Penglai-06	103	0.0020153	± 0.0000006	5.06	± 0.57	-13	4	2243	372					
Penglai-07	142	0.0020150	± 0.0000005	4.88	± 0.53	-13	4	2114	372					
Penglai-08	130	0.0020150	± 0.0000005	4.89	± 0.51	-13	4	2195	383					
Weighted mean		2σ		Weighted mean		2σ								
Penglai		0.0020152	± 0.0000004	5.02	± 0.41									
Penglai ref.		0.0020158	± 0.0000001	5.31	± 0.10									

Session II
Penglai

Penglai-01	1	0.0020159	± 0.0000003	5.34	± 0.29	21	22	2003	3456
Penglai-02	2	0.0020156	± 0.0000003	5.21	± 0.31	21	21	2109	3515
Penglai-03	3	0.0020156	± 0.0000003	5.19	± 0.29	19	21	2076	3436
Penglai-04	4	0.0020162	± 0.0000003	5.49	± 0.30	20	20	2146	3432
Penglai-05	5	0.0020160	± 0.0000003	5.38	± 0.30	19	20	2146	3392
Penglai-06	12	0.0020160	± 0.0000003	5.40	± 0.28	17	19	2146	3352
Penglai-07	13	0.0020159	± 0.0000003	5.32	± 0.32	17	19	2186	3352
Penglai-08	21	0.0020156	± 0.0000003	5.21	± 0.29	16	19	2146	3312
Penglai-09	22	0.0020155	± 0.0000003	5.14	± 0.30	16	19	2186	3312
Penglai-10	29	0.0020156	± 0.0000003	5.19	± 0.32	16	19	2166	3272
Penglai-11	30	0.0020163	± 0.0000003	5.52	± 0.32	17	17	2631	3424
Penglai-12	38	0.0020158	± 0.0000003	5.28	± 0.32	17	17	2671	3433
Penglai-13	39	0.0020157	± 0.0000003	5.24	± 0.29	16	18	2990	3021
Penglai-14	43	0.0020163	± 0.0000003	5.51	± 0.33	16	18	2946	2975
Penglai-15	44	0.0020157	± 0.0000003	5.23	± 0.32	16	18	2986	2975
Weighted mean 2σ Weighted mean 2σ									
Penglai		0.0020158	± 0.0000002	5.31	± 0.17				
Penglai ref.		0.0020158	± 0.0000001	5.31	± 0.10				

M257

M257-01	7	0.0020343	± 0.0000003	14.51	± 0.29	9	18	-2194	2002
M257-02	15	0.0020339	± 0.0000003	14.34	± 0.33	8	17	-2220	1964
M257-03	31	0.0020341	± 0.0000003	14.40	± 0.33	7	17	-2234	1779
M257-04	41	0.0020335	± 0.0000003	14.10	± 0.31	7	18	-2205	1728
M257-05	42	0.0020336	± 0.0000003	14.15	± 0.29	8	18	-2173	1694
Weighted mean 2σ Weighted mean 2σ									
M257 n=5		0.0020339	± 0.0000004	14.30	± 0.38				
M257 ref.		0.0020331	± 0.0000002	13.93	± 0.22				
Weighted mean 2σ Weighted mean 2σ									
OGC n=6		0.0020175	± 0.0000003	6.17	± 0.32				
OGC ref.		0.0020170	± 0.0000001	5.88	± 0.06				

Note: Each $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ error (2σ) represents the counting statistics errors for each individual spot and the external error based on all standards during the session, which were added in quadrature.

Field aperture centering digits are given and show little difference between standard and sample. mount. The location of the unknowns is Mount position X Y for standard and sample indicates that most analyses are within the central region to standards.

Weighted average uncertainties represent 2 standard deviations of the mean. The corresponding solution data are from:

91500: Wiedenbeck et al. (2004); OGC: Petersson et al. (2019); Penglai: Li et al., 2011; M257: Nasdala et al., 2008.

*Sequential order of analyses.

[†]Raw ratios drift corrected using the standard analyses versus time. The instrumental mass fractionation, corrected using alpha SIMS (ratio between the session average standard value and reference value).

[‡]Session I was normalised to a $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ value of 9.86‰ for the 91500 standard and Session II to a $\delta^{18}\text{O}$ value of 5.31‰ for the Penglai standa

Table A5. Zircon Lu-Hf isotopes

Spot I.D	Corresponding U-Pb spot I.D	No. Spot size ratios used	Comment	$^{176}\text{Yb}/^{177}\text{Hf}$	2σ	$^{176}\text{Lu}/^{177}\text{Hf}$	2σ	$^{176}\text{Hf}/^{177}\text{Hf}$	2σ	$^{178}\text{Hf}/^{177}\text{Hf}$	2σ	Interpreted age	σ	$^{207}\text{Pb}/^{206}\text{Pb}$ date	σ	ϵ_{Hf}^*	2σ	$\delta^{18}\text{O}$	2σ
Session 1																			
PR1_15TKPB17_01b	n5932_15TKPB17-01b	40 μm	On U-Pb spo	0.0127	± 0.0003	0.000446	± 0.000003	0.280343	± 0.000018	1.467203	± 0.000036	3704	± 3	3704	± 3	-2.4	± 0.6	6.04	± 0.30
PR1_15TKPB17_02a	n5932_15TKPB17-02a	40 μm	On U-Pb spo	0.0289	± 0.0017	0.001066	± 0.000074	0.280388	± 0.000025	1.467246	± 0.000033	3632	± 8	3632	± 8	-4.1	± 0.9	6.04	± 0.31
PR1_15TKPB17_03	n5932_15TKPB17-03	40 μm	On U-Pb spo	0.0371	± 0.0017	0.001184	± 0.000028	0.280372	± 0.000029	1.467201	± 0.000045	3732	± 3	3732	± 3	-2.6	± 1.0	5.24	± 0.29
PR1_15TKPB17_04b	n5932_15TKPB17-04b	40 μm	On U-Pb spo	0.0199	± 0.0006	0.000703	± 0.000006	0.280379	± 0.000023	1.467253	± 0.000038	3710	± 2	3710	± 2	-1.7	± 0.8		
PR1_15TKPB17_05	n5932_15TKPB17-05	40 μm	On U-Pb spo	0.0379	± 0.0034	0.001270	± 0.000113	0.280398	± 0.000028	1.467242	± 0.000040	3699	± 1	3699	± 1	-2.7	± 1.0		
PR1_15TKPB17_14	n5932_15TKPB17-14	40 μm	On U-Pb spo	0.0342	± 0.0010	0.001136	± 0.000046	0.280367	± 0.000026	1.467242	± 0.000042	3713	± 5	3713	± 5	-3.1	± 0.9		
PR1_15TKPB17_15a	n5932_15TKPB17-15a	40 μm	On U-Pb spo	0.0296	± 0.0007	0.001099	± 0.000021	0.280375	± 0.000028	1.467261	± 0.000035	3729	± 2	3729	± 2	-2.4	± 1.0	5.11	± 0.30
PR1_15TKPB17_15b	n5932_15TKPB17-15b	40 μm	On U-Pb spo	0.0197	± 0.0004	0.000738	± 0.000005	0.280356	± 0.000019	1.467203	± 0.000033	3735	± 2	3735	± 2	-2.0	± 0.7	5.26	± 0.31
PR1_15TKPB17_17	n5932_15TKPB17-17	40 μm	On U-Pb spo	0.0188	± 0.015	0.000577	± 0.000040	0.280631	± 0.000024	1.467246	± 0.000047	3451	± 3	3457	± 3	1.6	± 0.9	6.35	± 0.30
PR1_15TKPB17_19	n5932_15TKPB17-19	40 μm	On U-Pb spo	0.0261	± 0.0031	0.000861	± 0.000105	0.280639	± 0.000023	1.467258	± 0.000042	3451	± 3	3452	± 3	1.2	± 0.9	5.56	± 0.34
PR1_15TKPB17_19b	n5932_15TKPB17-19	40 μm	Next to _19	0.0311	± 0.0031	0.000998	± 0.000109	0.280629	± 0.000029	1.467248	± 0.000031	3451	± 3	3452	± 3	0.5	± 1.1	5.56	± 0.34
PR1_15TKPB17_41	n5932_15TKPB17-41	40 μm	On U-Pb spo	0.0201	± 0.0002	0.000689	± 0.000012	0.280337	± 0.000022	1.467210	± 0.000042	3746	± 3	3746	± 3	-2.3	± 0.8	4.26	± 0.30
PR1_15TKPB17_s10	PR-10	40 μm	On U-Pb spo	0.0268	± 0.014	0.000914	± 0.000050	0.280342	± 0.000024	1.467269	± 0.000035	3696	± 4	3696	± 4	-3.9	± 0.9		
PR3_15TKPB17_02	15kpb17-02	40 μm	On U-Pb spo	0.0156	± 0.0006	0.000560	± 0.000006	0.280323	± 0.000021	1.467218	± 0.000032	3731	± 2	3731	± 2	-2.8	± 0.8	5.59	± 0.46
PR3_15TKPB17_13	15kpb17-13	35 μm	On U-Pb spo	0.0188	± 0.0010	0.000631	± 0.000019	0.280345	± 0.000034	1.467216	± 0.000055	3681	± 5	3681	± 5	-3.4	± 1.2		
PR3_15TKPB17_14	15kpb17-14	40 μm	On U-Pb spo	0.0302	± 0.0021	0.001039	± 0.000089	0.280340	± 0.000028	1.467247	± 0.000041	3689	± 5	3689	± 5	-4.4	± 1.0		
PR3_18APPB12_02	18appb12-02	40 μm	On U-Pb spo	0.0439	± 0.0035	0.001470	± 0.000118	0.280406	± 0.000027	1.467229	± 0.000036	3753	± 3	3753	± 3	-1.7	± 1.0	4.57	± 0.57
PR3_18APPB12_06	18appb12-06	40 μm	On U-Pb spo	0.0228	± 0.0018	0.000742	± 0.000045	0.280424	± 0.000024	1.467243	± 0.000039	3463	± 3	3463	± 4	-5.9	± 0.9	6.57	± 0.47
PR3_18APPB12_08	18appb12-08	40 μm	On U-Pb spo	0.0044	± 0.0001	0.000145	± 0.000005	0.280578	± 0.000025	1.467214	± 0.000044	3451	± 3	3442	± 7	0.7	± 0.9	6.10	± 0.43
PR3_18APPB12_10	18appb12-10	40 μm	On U-Pb spo	0.0128	± 0.0004	0.000419	± 0.000016	0.280592	± 0.000029	1.467299	± 0.000059	3451	± 3	3453	± 4	0.6	± 1.0	6.08	± 0.55
PR3_18TKPB13_04	18appb13-04	40 μm	On U-Pb spo	0.0293	± 0.0022	0.000930	± 0.000047	0.280394	± 0.000028	1.467219	± 0.000045	3729	± 4	3729	± 4	-1.3	± 1.0	5.36	± 0.45
PR3_18TKPB13_05	18appb13-05	40 μm	On U-Pb spo	0.0159	± 0.0014	0.000516	± 0.000038	0.280406	± 0.000026	1.467229	± 0.000039	3650	± 3	3650	± 3	-1.7	± 0.9	5.52	± 0.49
PR3_18TKPB13_08	18appb13-08	40 μm	On U-Pb spo	0.0595	± 0.0035	0.001721	± 0.000124	0.280430	± 0.000037	1.467201	± 0.000050	3675	± 4	3675	± 4	-3.3	± 1.3	4.11	± 0.50
PR3_18TKPB16_01	18appb16-01	40 μm	On U-Pb spo	0.0329	± 0.0004	0.001159	± 0.000007	0.280626	± 0.000027	1.467220	± 0.000038	3696	± 3	3696	± 3	-2.9	± 1.0	5.68	± 0.45
PR3_18TKPB16_03	18appb16-03	40 μm	On U-Pb spo	0.0271	± 0.0011	0.000914	± 0.000038	0.280613	± 0.000027	1.467283	± 0.000040	3451	± 3	3456	± 3	0.0	± 1.0	6.37	± 0.49
PR3_18TKPB16_03b	18appb16-03b	40 μm	On U-Pb spo	0.0490	± 0.0016	0.001491	± 0.000056	0.280409	± 0.000027	1.467248	± 0.000041	3451	± 3	3446	± 3	0.1	± 1.0	6.11	± 0.47

Note: Present day value of CHUR $^{176}\text{Hf}/^{177}\text{Hf} = 0.282785$ Present day value of CHUR $^{176}\text{Lu}/^{177}\text{Hf} = 0.0336$ $\lambda = 1.867 \times 10^{-11}$ Italic d¹⁸O denotes discarded analyses

In case of multiple O-isotope analyses in single grain, the value of the closest spot is denoted.

 ϵ_{Hf} calculated using the interpreted age of the rock.

Table A6. Zircon Lu–Hf standards

OGC/OG1						$^{176}\text{Hf}/^{177}\text{Hf}_{(\text{t})}$	2σ
0.280598 ± 0.000019	1.467227 ± 0.000029	0.000639 ± 0.000035	0.01767 ± 0.001092	16.9	OK	0.280555 ± 0.000019	
0.280655 ± 0.000022	1.467221 ± 0.000030	0.001649 ± 0.000080	0.04857 ± 0.003229	15.3	OK	0.280544 ± 0.000022	
0.280643 ± 0.000022	1.467222 ± 0.000034	0.001057 ± 0.000008	0.02880 ± 0.000181	16.7	OK	0.280573 ± 0.000022	
0.280590 ± 0.000020	1.467211 ± 0.000026	0.000674 ± 0.000018	0.01800 ± 0.000623	17.2	OK	0.280544 ± 0.000020	
0.280641 ± 0.000018	1.467259 ± 0.000031	0.001263 ± 0.000049	0.03705 ± 0.002159	15.2	OK	0.280556 ± 0.000019	
0.280626 ± 0.000018	1.467231 ± 0.000030	0.000728 ± 0.000011	0.01977 ± 0.000272	17.1	OK	0.280578 ± 0.000018	
0.280641 ± 0.000023	1.467229 ± 0.000026	0.001049 ± 0.000012	0.03082 ± 0.000277	14.4	OK	0.280571 ± 0.000023	
0.280629 ± 0.000020	1.467230 ± 0.000034	0.001058 ± 0.000052	0.02944 ± 0.001469	14.5	OK	0.280558 ± 0.000021	
0.280630 ± 0.000022	1.467220 ± 0.000030	0.001434 ± 0.000066	0.04201 ± 0.002580	14.5	OK	0.280534 ± 0.000022	
0.280691 ± 0.000022	1.467232 ± 0.000039	0.001903 ± 0.000065	0.05508 ± 0.002567	13.3	OK	0.280564 ± 0.000023	
Mean:	0.280634 ± 0.000021	1.467228 ± 0.000031	0.001145 ± 0.000040	0.032721 ± 0.001445		0.280558 ± 0.000021	
Solution:	0.280633 ± 0.000034					0.280554 ± 0.000007	

Mud Tank

0.282482 ± 0.000011	1.467251 ± 0.000027	0.000011 ± 0.000000	0.00033 ± 0.000006	18.8	OK	
0.282478 ± 0.000014	1.467220 ± 0.000025	0.000008 ± 0.000000	0.00026 ± 0.000008	18.3	OK	
0.282490 ± 0.000013	1.467231 ± 0.000027	0.000008 ± 0.000000	0.00027 ± 0.000007	18.6	OK	
0.282491 ± 0.000013	1.467257 ± 0.000025	0.000010 ± 0.000000	0.00033 ± 0.000006	18.8	OK	
0.282480 ± 0.000011	1.467251 ± 0.000027	0.000008 ± 0.000000	0.00026 ± 0.000007	18.5	OK	
0.282488 ± 0.000014	1.467228 ± 0.000027	0.000009 ± 0.000000	0.00027 ± 0.000009	18.0	OK	
0.282494 ± 0.000016	1.467259 ± 0.000026	0.000008 ± 0.000000	0.00025 ± 0.000009	18.5	OK	
0.282478 ± 0.000013	1.467222 ± 0.000026	0.000008 ± 0.000000	0.00026 ± 0.000007	17.6	OK	
0.282488 ± 0.000013	1.467223 ± 0.000031	0.000008 ± 0.000000	0.00026 ± 0.000006	18.0	OK	
0.282487 ± 0.000014	1.467232 ± 0.000032	0.000008 ± 0.000000	0.00026 ± 0.000007	18.2	OK	
0.282487 ± 0.000017	1.467237 ± 0.000023	0.000010 ± 0.000000	0.00032 ± 0.000007	18.1	OK	
0.282493 ± 0.000014	1.467239 ± 0.000029	0.000008 ± 0.000000	0.00027 ± 0.000008	18.3	OK	
0.282493 ± 0.000014	1.467224 ± 0.000029	0.000008 ± 0.000000	0.00027 ± 0.000008	18.5	OK	
0.282496 ± 0.000014	1.467219 ± 0.000027	0.000008 ± 0.000000	0.00026 ± 0.000007	18.7	OK	
0.282489 ± 0.000013	1.467233 ± 0.000029	0.000008 ± 0.000000	0.00026 ± 0.000007	18.2	OK	
Mean:	0.282488 ± 0.000014	1.467235 ± 0.000027	0.000009 ± 0.000000	0.000276 ± 0.000007		
Solution:	0.282507 ± 0.000006					

Note: Summary of Lu–Hf–Yb isotope data measured from reference zircons during the course of this study by laser ablation MC-ICPMS, where Hf isotope ratios are session normalized to Mud Tank zircon $^{176}\text{Hf}/^{177}\text{Hf}=0.282507$ (Woodhead and Herdt, 2005, itself reported relative to JMC475 $^{176}\text{Hf}/^{177}\text{Hf}=0.282160$). Uncertainties represent 2 standard deviations of the mean. The corresponding solution data are from:
FC-1: $^{176}\text{Hf}/^{177}\text{Hf}=0.282184 \pm 0.000016$, Temora 2 $^{176}\text{Hf}/^{177}\text{Hf}=0.282686 \pm 0.000008$, 91500 $^{176}\text{Hf}/^{177}\text{Hf}=0.282306 \pm 0.000008$ (Woodhead and Herdt, 2005), and OGC $^{176}\text{Hf}/^{177}\text{Hf}=0.280633 \pm 0.000034$ (Kemp et al., 2017). All reported relative to JMC475 $^{176}\text{Hf}/^{177}\text{Hf}=0.282160$.