

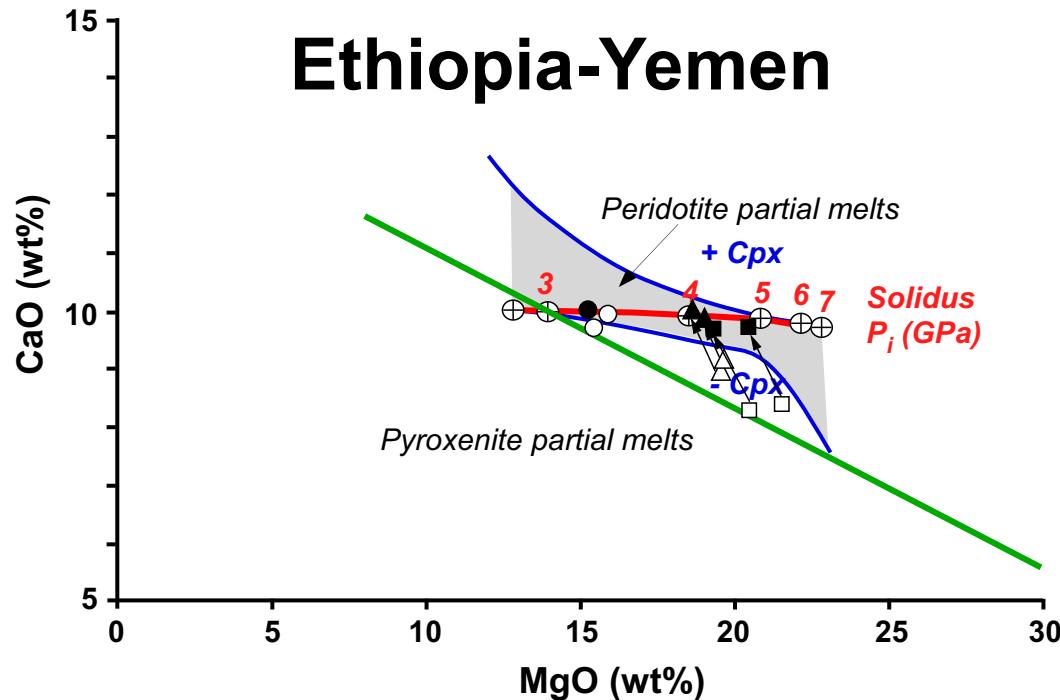
GSA Data Repository Item 2017111 accompanies

Natali, C., Beccaluva, L., Bianchini, G., and Siena, F., 2017, Comparison among Ethiopia-Yemen, Deccan, and Karoo continental flood basalts of central Gondwana: Insights on lithosphere versus asthenosphere contributions in compositionally zoned magmatic provinces, *in* Bianchini, G., Bodinier, J.-L., Braga, R., and Wilson, M., eds., The Crust-Mantle and Lithosphere-Asthenosphere Boundaries: Insights from Xenoliths, Orogenic Deep Sections, and Geophysical Studies: Geological Society of America Special Paper 526, [pdoi:10.1130/2017.2526\(10\)](https://doi.org/10.1130/2017.2526(10)).

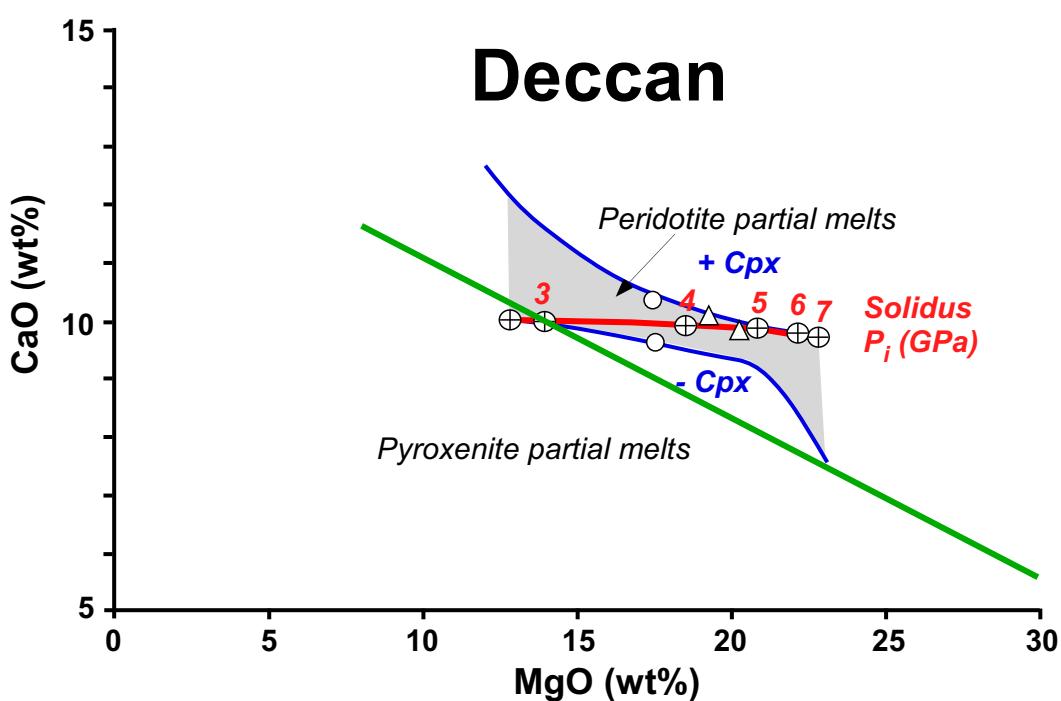
Supplementary Figure 1. CaO vs. MgO (wt%) diagram of theoretical primary magmas produced by accumulated fractional melting model (after Herzberg and Asimow, 2008). Blue lines define upper and lower CaO filters of primary magmas in equilibrium with a fertile peridotite source, whereas the green line separates theoretical peridotite melts from pyroxenite melts. As thoroughly discussed by Herzberg and Asimow (2008), when a primary magma is modified by addition of augite, it increases the CaO content and may plot above the upper blue curve (+ clinopyroxene [Cpx]), whereas when it is affected by subtraction of augite, it will be deficient in CaO and may plot below the lower blue curve (- Cpx). In this work, primary magma types plotting between the lower blue curve and the green line (and showing augite phenocrysts) have been reprocessed after adding a proper amount of augite to the starting composition, in order to correct fractionation effects. Selected primary melts from the three investigated provinces are reported as open symbols (starting compositions) and filled symbols (after correction for augite fractionation) joined by arrows.

Supplementary Figure 1

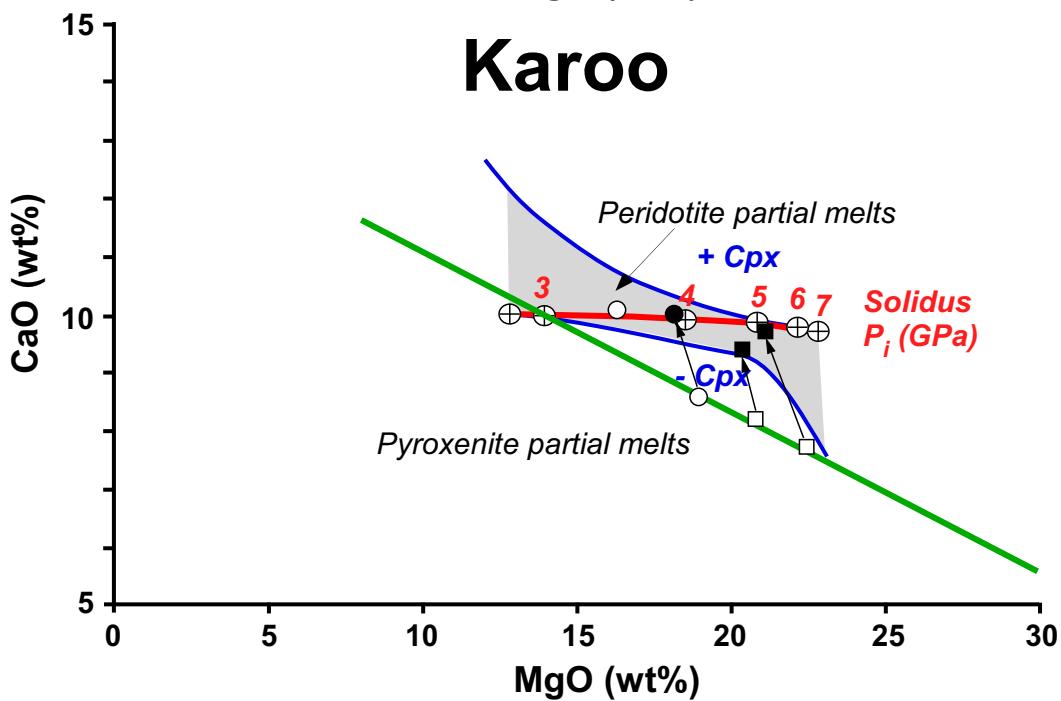
Ethiopia-Yemen



Deccan



Karoo



Supplementary Table 1

Ethiopia-Yemen CFB						
Rock type	LT		HT1		HT2	
	Teklay et al. (2005)	s 98MG12	JB11	Baker et al. (1996)	JB281	Beccaluva et al. (2009)
Sample	1		13		17	10
% of accumulation	2		9		6	11
SiO ₂ (wt%)	47.61	46.70	47.99		47.38	45.62
TiO ₂	0.75	0.75	1.75		1.97	3.45
Al ₂ O ₃	14.44	14.48	8.23		8.39	7.04
Cr ₂ O ₃	0.11	0.07	0.20		0.17	0.27
Fe ₂ O ₃	1.05	1.03	1.06		1.05	1.21
FeO	8.58	9.02	9.79		10.00	10.64
MnO	0.16	0.18	0.16		0.16	0.16
MgO	15.11	15.78	18.66		19.11	19.33
CaO	9.90	9.85	10.05		9.88	9.70
Na ₂ O	1.89	1.76	1.39		1.37	1.46
K ₂ O	0.25	0.24	0.41		0.21	0.60
NiO	0.05	0.05	0.10		0.12	0.18
P ₂ O ₅	0.09	0.09	0.22		0.18	0.33
T _p (°C)	1438	1455	1530		1541	1546
Deccan CFB						
Rock type	LT		HT1		HT2	
	Melluso et al. (1995)	Narain (1984)	CSD8	Cucciniello et al. (2015)	CSD18	
Sample	D57	331/A	20		26	
% of accumulation	25	5				
% augite addition						
SiO ₂ (wt%)	45.94	47.31	47.47		47.81	
TiO ₂	0.73	0.77	0.92		0.84	
Al ₂ O ₃	13.04	10.84	8.72		8.26	
Cr ₂ O ₃	0.09	0.13	0.04		0.05	
Fe ₂ O ₃	1.10	1.11	1.02		0.95	
FeO	9.82	9.46	10.05		10.20	
MnO	0.18	0.20	0.18		0.18	
MgO	17.45	17.36	19.19		20.13	
CaO	9.47	10.32	10.09		9.78	
Na ₂ O	1.68	1.50	1.61		1.27	
K ₂ O	0.32	0.79	0.50		0.32	
NiO	0.08	0.06	0.08		0.08	
P ₂ O ₅	0.09	0.16	0.12		0.13	
T _p (°C)	1498	1496	1543		1567	
Karoo CFB						
Rock type	LT		HT2			
	Riley et al. (2006)		Ellam and Cox (1989)	Cox and Bristow (1984)		
Sample	SA.20.1	SA.19.1	N77	N335		
% of accumulation	14	19	16	16		
% augite addition		15	20	13		
SiO ₂ (wt%)	49.00	47.92	47.58	47.94		
TiO ₂	0.75	0.86	1.26	1.78		
Al ₂ O ₃	12.29	10.37	7.09	6.05		
Cr ₂ O ₃	0.06	0.04	0.06	0.14		
Fe ₂ O ₃	0.86	0.97	1.12	1.09		
FeO	8.84	9.59	10.45	10.18		
MnO	0.16	0.16	0.15	0.17		
MgO	16.24	18.11	21.06	20.29		
CaO	10.04	9.97	9.67	9.34		
Na ₂ O	1.30	1.53	0.97	1.71		
K ₂ O	0.30	0.30	0.40	1.06		
NiO	0.03	0.02	0.06	0.05		
P ₂ O ₅	0.14	0.15	0.14	0.22		
T _p (°C)	1467	1515	1590	1571		