

GSA DATA REPOSITORY 2013017

Diversity trends in the establishment of terrestrial vertebrate ecosystems: interactions between spatial and temporal biases Benson, R.B., and Upchurch, P.

APPENDIX DR1

EXTENDED JUSTIFICATION OF THE USE OF FORMATION COUNTS AS A SAMPLING PROXY

Benton (2012) presented counts of Permian tetrapod-bearing formations for statistical comparison with tetrapod taxic diversity as a test of fossil record reliability. We performed similar tests here and found different results for methodological reasons described in the main text. However, although formations and other lithostratigraphic units have been widely employed as a sampling proxy (e.g. Wignall & Benton 1999; Peters & Foote 2001, 2002; Crampton et al. 2003; Wang & Dodson 2006; Barrett et al. 2009; Peters & Heim 2010; Benson & Butler 2011; Upchurch et al 2011; and herein) and generally correlate with other measures of rock availability and sampling (Crampton et al. 2003; Peters 2005; Upchurch et al. 2011), Benton (2012) also cautioned against their use for three reasons, listed below. Each of these requires further consideration.

Reason 1

Formation counts may be statistically non-independent from taxic diversity if formations are defined on the basis of fossil occurrences (Benton 2012). This issue was discussed in slightly more detail by Benton et al. (2011, p. 70) who stated that: “if fossils are highly abundant and diverse, formations may be subdivided more finely than if fossils are sparse or absent. This means that formation counts are not necessarily independent of the signal they seek to test or correct”.

Response to reason 1

In fact, in general, formations are defined on lithostratigraphic bases by geologists, and we doubt that definition of formations based on fossil content is common. Although some rock units may have been named or defined on the presence of a particular fossil type (e.g. the Mammal Bed of the Cretaceous Lulworth Formation, UK; Ensom 2002), most formally-defined formations are established on lithological grounds, and we know of no examples in which formation boundaries have been assigned based on evenly apportioning taxic diversity, which would be especially problematic.

A related problem termed ‘redundancy’ has also been proposed (reviewed by Benton et al. 2011; see also Upchurch and Barrett 2005), in which the use of a ‘narrow’ subset of formations, including only those which have yielded a particular kind of study taxon (e.g. anomodont- or pterosaur-bearing formations) might non-randomly

underestimate opportunities to sample the diversity of that clade. In this situation, correlation between taxon counts and ‘narrow’ formation counts is due to circularity of definition rather than the presence of sampling bias. In other words, causality is reversed so that ‘narrow’ formation counts might be driven by the occurrences of the fossils they contain (e.g. anomodonts or pterosaurs). In our study, tests of statistical relationships between tetrapod-bearing formations (a ‘wide’ sampling proxy) and taxonomic subsets of Tetrapoda such as ‘amphibians’, may circumvent this problem. We also note that the redundancy hypothesis predicts that variation in ‘corrected’ diversity following sample-standardisation or modelling techniques will be essentially invariant, vary only within confidence intervals, or vary in a stochastic way that is not correlated with patterns in other clades or major events in Earth’s history (Benton et al. 2011, p. 72). Among others, studies of anomodonts (Fröbisch 2008), pterosaurs (Butler et al. 2009), shallow marine tetrapods (Benson & Butler 2011), and sauropod dinosaurs (Benson & Mannion 2012) have demonstrated that cogent diversity patterns remain after ‘correction’ for formation counts. Critically, these patterns are similar to those suggested by alternative methods such as phylogenetic disparity estimation, and sample-standardisation (e.g. Mannion et al. 2011), and often include major, multi-clade events in Earth’s history such as mass extinction events. Thus, the predictions of the redundancy hypothesis are contradicted by analyses of empirical data.

Reason 2

Excluding unfossiliferous formations may exclude important data on the absence of tetrapods in some facies or spatiotemporal regions. Counting only fossiliferous formations excludes instances where tetrapod fossils have been sought but not found, so sampling success and failure together are not being adequately captured by the sampling proxy regions, only success (Benton 2012).

Response to reason 2

Ideally all assessments of fossil record sampling would include some measure of ‘failed’ sampling attempts. Fossiliferous formation counts may not achieve this literally, although they do include formations yielding very few, or even a single fossil. Some measures of rock availability (e.g. rock outcrop area) may provide this benefit. However, they currently suffer from difficulties identifying when absence could be due to taphonomic factors, or the lack of an attempt to sample (e.g. Peters & Heim 2010), rather than the genuine absence of organisms in a particular facies or spatiotemporal region (e.g. McGowan & Smith 2008). Critically, regardless of these opposing theoretical issues with both fossiliferous formation counts and rock abundance measures, the two types of ‘sampling proxy’ (‘rock amount’ and formation counts) have generally been found to correlate in large datasets (Crampton et al. 2003; Peters 2005; Upchurch et al. 2011). This suggests that, although an ‘ideal’ sampling proxy is hard to find, many currently used metrics are largely adequate.

The most important question relevant to this issue is whether unfossiliferous formations should be considered an opportunity to sample ancient biodiversity. We suggest that the total absence of a widespread, ecologically diverse clade such as Tetrapoda

in a lithostratigraphic unit is often more suggestive of taphonomic destruction, or a lack of sampling attempts, than the actual absence of organisms in a spatiotemporal region. If so, then fossiliferous formation counts should be an adequate appraisal of opportunities to sample ancient biodiversity.

Reason 3

Taxic diversity and rock availability measures such as formation counts may be correlated due to a third, common, causational factor such as sea level or climatic regime (the ‘common cause’ hypothesis). If this occurs, then ‘correcting’ observed taxic diversity for rock availability may eliminate genuine diversity signals (Peters 2005; discussed further by e.g. Smith 2007 [‘biological hypothesis’]; Benton et al. 2011).

Response to reason 3

The ‘common cause’ hypothesis, in which both sedimentary deposition and biodiversity of shallow marine organisms are driven by changes in sea level is pervasive in the shallow marine fossil record (e.g. Peters 2005; Benson & Butler 2011; Hannisdal & Peters 2011). Thus, mutual responses to interacting Earth systems, not sampling biases, explain much (but probably not all) of the observed covariation between Phanerozoic patterns of shallow marine sedimentation and fossil biodiversity (Hannisdal & Peters 2011).

However, there is currently no clear explanation of how climate, or any other common cause mechanism, might influence the global terrestrial fossil record. This is important because in the absence of a theoretical mechanism the common cause hypothesis is difficult, perhaps impossible, to test empirically. Nonetheless, two lines of evidence suggest that common cause effects might not be important determinants of observed terrestrial paleodiversity and rock deposition:

(i) The ‘common cause’ hypothesis implies that sampling proxies are driven by the same environmental factors that drove ancient biodiversity trends. Under this hypothesis then, ‘sampling proxies’ are effectively proxies for important environmental variables and should correlate with both observed paleodiversity, and plausibly also with sample-standardised paleodiversity. Irmis & Whiteside (2012) examined the correlation between Middle Permian-early Middle Triassic paleodiversity and rock record sampling proxies in Russia and South Africa. They found correlations using observed data, but a lack of correlation using sample-standardised (rarefied) paleodiversity. This lack of correlation suggests the absence of strong common cause effects. However, this result should be interpreted cautiously as sample-standardisation itself may remove genuine biodiversity signal imparted by environmental drivers (Hannisdal & Peters 2011).

(ii) Although sea level is an important driver of common cause effects in the shallow marine realm, and has been proposed as a potential driver in the terrestrial realm (reviewed by Butler et al. 2011), there is no statistically significant relationship between sea level and terrestrial record sampling proxies, or taxic diversity, in the most richly-sampled clade of Mesozoic tetrapods, the dinosaurs (Butler et al. 2011). There is also no

correlation between observed tetrapod paleodiversity and sea level in a smaller dataset of Late Jurassic-Eocene continental tetrapods (Fara 2002).

For the reasons explained above, we conclude that although theoretical criticisms of formation counts, and other rock record based sampling proxies have been proposed (e.g. McGowan & Smith 2008; Benton et al. 2011; Benton 2012), empirical studies suggest that these are not fatally problematic, or might not apply to terrestrial datasets. This does not mean that our approach is completely free from error of all kinds. Indeed, we used 95% confidence intervals to accommodate uncertainty. One potential source of error is the uneven areal extent and vertical thickness of formally defined rock units (e.g. McGowan & Smith 2008; Benton et al. 2011). However, this should not be a serious issue so long as error is randomly distributed.

SERIAL CORRELATION IN TIME SERIES DATA

We calculated the strength of serial correlation in the data series using the 'ar' function of R version 2.10.1 (R Development Core Team 2009), which was used for all the statistical analyses described here. Serial correlation coefficients (a_n) describe the correlation of a time series with itself at a time lag of n stages. The presence of serial correlation in data series during statistical comparison procedures can artificially inflate the observed level of correlation and introduce Type I error. Thus, appropriate statistical techniques must be used to remove or account for serial correlation where it is present.

Statistically significant, non-zero serial correlation coefficients (a_n , where n is the time lag) were recovered at a time lag of one time bin for 'amphibian' taxic diversity ($a_1=0.59$), amniote taxic diversity ($a_1=0.79$), and tetrapod taxic diversity ($a_1=0.56$). Formation counts exhibit cyclicity with a period of four time bins. Thus, $a_1=0.81$ and $a_2=-0.53$.

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Appendix DR2 - Statistical Results

Sheet 2: Residual models: containing primary data series, and result and plots of residual diversity with confidence intervals

Sheet 3: Serial correlations: containing measured serial correlation coefficients based on the data series presented by Benton (2012)

Sheet 4: GLS analyses: containing detailed results of generalised least squares (GLS) multiple regression analyses

Sheet 5: PBDB 02 July 2012: Permian tetrapod collection download from Paleobiology Database (www.paleodb.org) 2nd July 2012. These data are plotted on the current sheet

Abbreviations Modelled diversity estimate

MDE Residual diversity estimate

RDE Serial correlation coefficient at a time lag of one stage

ar1 Serial correlation coefficient at a time lag of two stages (only reported where statistically significant)

ar2 Multiple regression model with no autoregressive model (equivalent to ordinary least squares regression)

AR0 Multiple regression model with an autoregressive model or order 1

AR1 Multiple regression model with an autoregressive model or order 2

AR2 Serial correlation coefficient of autoregressive model at a time lag of one stage

Phi Generalised coefficient of determination

R2 Aikake's information criterion modified for finite sample size

AICc

Time scale Gzhelian

GZE Lower Asselian

ASS-I Upper Asselian

ASS-u Lower Sakmarian

SAK-I Upper Sakmarian

SAK-u Lower Artinskian

ART-I Upper Artinskian

ART-u Lower Kungurian

KUN-I Upper Kungurian

KUN-u Roadian

ROA Wordian

WOR Lower Capitanian

CAP-I Upper Capitanian

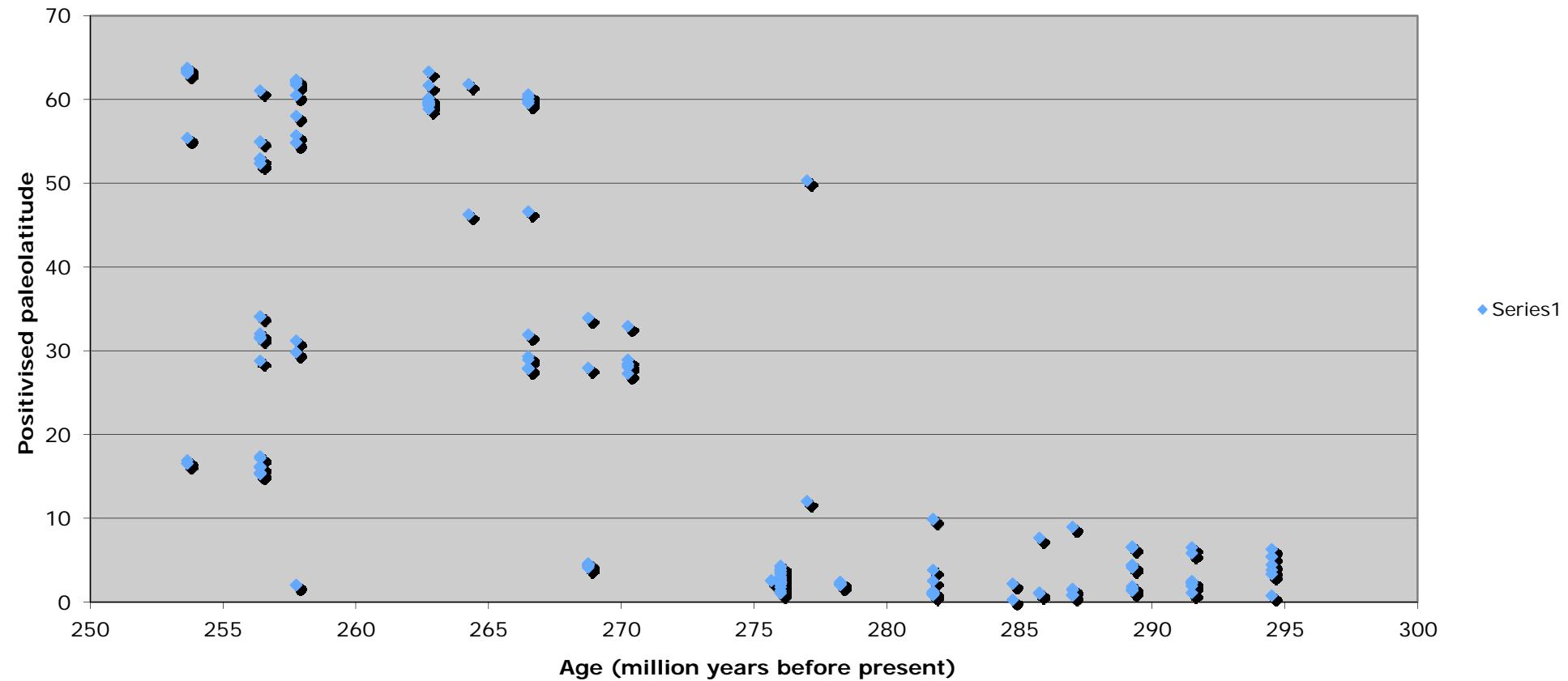
CAP-u Lower Wuchiapingian

WUC-I Upper Wuchiapingian

WUC-u Changhsingian

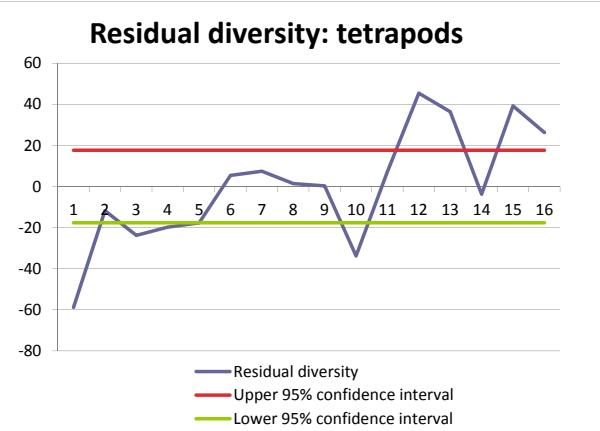
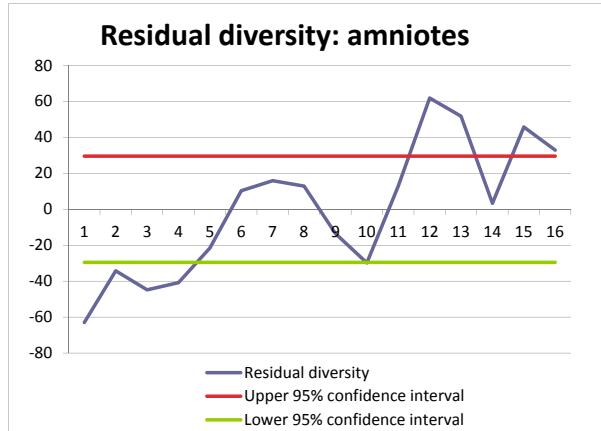
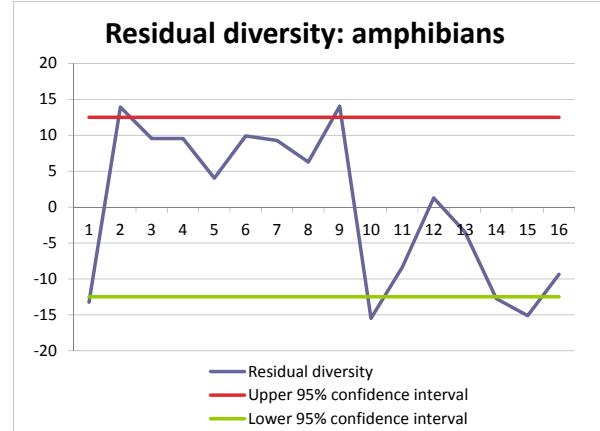
CHX

**Temporal distribution of Permian terrestrial tetrapod paleolatitudinal sampling
(note abrupt disjunction between Lower and Middle Permian ~271 million years)**



Data series						
		Midpoint age from start	'Amphibian' diversity	Amniota diversity	Tetrapoda diversity	Formations
	Duration					
Cisularian	1 GZE	4.9	2.45	21	4	25
	2 ASS-I	2.8	6.3	41	16	57
	3 ASS-u	2.8	9.1	39	11	50
	4 SAK-I	5.1	13.05	39	15	54
	5 SAK-u	5.1	18.15	24	12	36
	6 ART-I	4.4	22.9	18	16	34
	7 ART-u	4.4	27.3	15	16	31
	8 KUN-I	2.5	30.75	12	13	25
	9 KUN-u	2.5	33.25	34	20	54
Guadalupian	10 ROA	2.5	35.75	14	26	40
	11 WOR	2.5	38.25	14	52	66
	12 CAP-I	2.5	40.75	7	62	69
	13 CAP-u	2.5	43.25	7	63	70
Lopingian	14 WUC-I	3	46	12	48	60
	15 WUC-u	3	49	12	96	108
	16 CHX	2	51.5	13	72	85

Residual diversity results						
'Amphibians'						
MDE	RDE	Upper 95%	Lower 95%	MDE	RDE	Upper 95%
34.2182	-13.2182	12.4798433	-12.479843	66.9458	-62.9458	29.5454516
27.0974	13.9026	12.4798433	-12.479843	50.2361	-34.2361	29.5454516
29.471	9.529	12.4798433	-12.479843	55.806	-44.806	29.5454516
29.471	9.529	12.4798433	-12.479843	55.806	-40.806	29.5454516
19.9766	4.0234	12.4798433	-12.479843	33.5264	-21.5264	29.5454516
8.1086	9.8914	12.4798433	-12.479843	5.6769	10.3231	29.5454516
5.735	9.265	12.4798433	-12.479843	0.107	15.893	29.5454516
5.735	6.265	12.4798433	-12.479843	0.107	12.893	29.5454516
19.9766	14.0234	12.4798433	-12.479843	33.5264	-13.5264	29.5454516
29.471	-15.471	12.4798433	-12.479843	55.806	-29.806	29.5454516
22.3502	-8.3502	12.4798433	-12.479843	39.0963	12.9037	29.5454516
5.735	1.265	12.4798433	-12.479843	0.107	61.893	29.5454516
10.4822	-3.4822	12.4798433	-12.479843	11.2468	51.7532	29.5454516
24.7238	-12.7238	12.4798433	-12.479843	44.6662	3.3338	29.5454516
27.0974	-15.0974	12.4798433	-12.479843	50.2361	45.7639	29.5454516
22.3502	-9.3502	12.4798433	-12.479843	39.0963	32.9037	29.5454516



		Midpoint age from Duration start	'Amphibian' diversity	Amniota diversity	Tetrapoda diversity	Formations	Diversity simulating 'Olson's Gap'	Formations simulating 'Olson's Gap'
Cisularian	1 GZE	4.9	2.45	21	4	25	22	25
	2 ASS-I	2.8	6.3	41	16	57	19	57
	3 ASS-u	2.8	9.1	39	11	50	20	50
	4 SAK-I	5.1	13.05	39	15	54	20	54
	5 SAK-u	5.1	18.15	24	12	36	16	36
	6 ART-I	4.4	22.9	18	16	34	11	34
	7 ART-u	4.4	27.3	15	16	31	10	31
	8 KUN-I	2.5	30.75	12	13	25	10	25
	9 KUN-u	2.5	33.25	34	20	54	16	66
Guadalupian	10 ROA	2.5	35.75	14	26	40	20	0
	11 WOR	2.5	38.25	14	52	66	17	82
	12 CAP-I	2.5	40.75	7	62	69	10	69
	13 CAP-u	2.5	43.25	7	63	70	12	70
Lopingian	14 WUC-I	3	46	12	48	60	18	60
	15 WUC-u	3	49	12	96	108	19	108
	16 CHX	2	51.5	13	72	85	17	85

Serial correlation: ar1=0.5881 ar1=0.713 ar1=0.4534 ar1=0.8067; ar2=-0.5311 ar1=0.16 (not significant) ar1=-0.15 (not significant)

Model	N	AICc		Phi		TBF		Phase/age		Log-likelihood	Jarque-bera	R2	Best AICc	Delta AICc	AICc weight	
	(explanatory variables)	ARO	AR1	AR1	Coefficient	p-value	Coefficient	p-value		(normality test)						
Tetrapoda																
·1	16	143.866	138.9388	0.7239989						-66.00787	0.5118		138.9388	1.5909	0.45137807	0.189463923
·TBF	16	143.9726	139.4259	0.7207541	0.09172	0.9514				-64.71294	0.5118	0.14944504	139.4259	2.078	0.35380831	0.148509455
·age	16	139.8693	138.447	0.5160869			0.982821	0.0632		-64.2235	0.853	0.19992216	138.447	1.0991	0.5772095	0.242281101
·TBF+age	16	137.3479	138.7825	0.2862839	2.284113	0.0518	1.105487	0.0017		-62.85575	0.8732	0.32565606	137.3479	0	1	0.419745521
															2.38239588	
·dur	16	137.6965	136.1063	0.5795557						-63.05314	0.2853		136.1063	0	1	0.306801417
·TBF+dur	16	138.0738	136.9454	0.5620442	0.59136	0.7036				-61.6545	0.3129	0.16040026	136.9454	0.8391	0.65734256	0.201673628
·age+dur	16	137.8002	136.6969	0.4984955			0.88408	0.1361		-61.53026	0.9323	0.17333852	136.6969	0.5906	0.74430826	0.228354829
·TBF+age+dur	16	136.4131	137.6507	0.3092094	2.2181442	0.0683	0.9947231	0.0187		-60.20656	0.9076	0.29940303	136.4131	0.3068	0.85778654	0.263170126
															3.25943736	
<i>Minus bins 10 and 14</i>																
·1	14	119.6872	127.1986	0.8836447						-61.05384	0.6221		119.6872	4.8037	0.09055028	0.060015618
·TBF	14	127.1704	117.2739	1	2.364103	0.0713				-53.43695	0.8736	0.66315323	117.2739	2.3904	0.30264342	0.200588357
·age	14	123.006	119.199	0.7096197			1.177731	0.0862		-54.39951	0.9087	0.61349813	119.199	4.3155	0.11558489	0.076608255
·TBF+age	14	114.8835	116.1468	0.3780121	3.51486	0.0023	1.41303	0.0001		-51.21951	0.6872	0.75460946	114.8835	0	1	0.66278777
															1.50877859	
·dur	14	120.8598	117.9052	0.8224018						-53.75259	0.5726		117.9052	2.9952	0.22366632	0.113040494
·TBF+dur	14	120.6628	116.0621	1	2.587149	0.0681				-50.80881	0.8852	0.34330789	116.0621	1.1521	0.56211434	0.284091426
·age+dur	14	121.1316	118.2016	0.6982971			1.17984	0.1153		-51.87856	0.9057	0.23487692	118.2016	3.2916	0.19285821	0.097470144
·TBF+age+dur	14	114.91	116.0908	0.3628131	3.439688	0.0038	1.287141	0.0016		-48.70502	0.6361	0.51377385	114.91	0	1	0.505397936
															1.97863887	
Amniotes																
·1	16	149.7369	133.963	1						-63.51996	0.3342		133.963	0.9442	0.62369114	0.244886467
·TBF	16	149.7855	134.6211	0.9883519	-0.60312	0.6215				-62.31056	0.3084	0.14030276	134.6211	1.6023	0.44881253	0.176222025
·age	16	135.7218	133.0188	0.6012608			1.407584	0.0086		-61.50938	0.841	0.2222285	133.0188	0	1	0.392640606
·TBF+age	16	135.3892	134.5104	0.5972231	0.130963	0.9133	1.422304	0.0126		-60.43702	0.84	0.31979938	134.5104	1.4916	0.47435466	0.186250903
															2.54685834	
·dur	16	142.5139	132.2453	1						-61.12265	0.3387		132.2453	0.487	0.78387948	0.302497829
·TBF+dur	16	143.4416	133.3064	0.9969267	-0.65764	0.6165				-59.83504	0.3278	0.14866643	133.3064	1.5481	0.46114166	0.177953824
·age+dur	16	134.3559	131.7583	0.6014262			1.446938	0.017		-59.06098	0.8171	0.22717972	131.7583	0	1	0.385898392
·TBF+age+dur	16	134.8463	133.879	0.6136147	0.06023	0.9623	1.45034	0.0255		-57.93948	0.8138	0.32826828	133.879	2.1207	0.34633457	0.133649954
															2.59135571	
<i>Minus bins 10 and 14</i>																
·1	14	132.3872	114.9707	1						-53.93989	0.3545		114.9707	1.8814	0.39035449	0.143377864
·TBF	14	132.4588	115.0382	1	1.210256	0.288				-52.31909	0.4535	0.2066913	115.0382	1.9489	0.37739987	0.138619608
·age	14	119.1673	113.0893	0.8299859			1.610565	0.0251		-51.34467	0.8985	0.30978057	113.0893	0	1	0.367301689
·TBF+age	14	115.3701	113.1818	0.6865556	1.50211	0.1449	1.71136	0.0032		-49.36866	0.919	0.47953511	113.1818	0.0925	0.95480323	0.350700839
															2.72255759	
·dur	14	125.4791	113.4559	1						-51.52793	0.3793		113.4559	1.4013	0.49626263	0.218489677
·TBF+dur	14	126.5985	114.3649	1	1.159931	0.3483				-49.96025	0.4525	0.20064832	114.3649	2.3103	0.31501028	0.138689659
·age+dur	14	118.1305	112.0546	0.8592842			1.77557	0.0296		-48.80508	0.745	0.32225121	112.0546	0	1	0.44027026

Example genus		Modern day latitude	Modern day longitude	Early (1), Middle (2) or Late (3) Permian for terrestrial tetrapods only	Positivised paleolatitude	Paleolatitude	Paleolongitude	epoch	stage	10_my_bin	max_interval	min_interval	ma_mid	formation	member	environment
collection_no	name	Country														
28324	Cricotus	United States	33.595556	-98.625278	1	0.28	-0.28	-29.46	Cisuralian	Sakmarian	Artinskian	284.75				terrestrial indet.
80777	Haptodus	France	46.984167	4.302778	1	0.78	0.78	17.49	Cisuralian	Asselian	Permian 1	294.5				terrestrial indet.
28120	Eryops	United States	33.595556	-98.625278	1	0.83	-0.83	-29.74	Cisuralian	Sakmarian	Permian 1	287	Putnam			terrestrial indet.
28121	Ophiacodon	United States	33.595556	-98.625278	1	0.83	-0.83	-29.74	Cisuralian	Sakmarian	Permian 1	287	Putnam			terrestrial indet.
28122	Cricotus	United States	33.595556	-98.625278	1	0.83	-0.83	-29.74	Cisuralian	Sakmarian	Permian 1	287	Putnam			terrestrial indet.
28123	Dimetrodon	United States	33.595556	-98.625278	1	0.83	-0.83	-29.74	Cisuralian	Sakmarian	Permian 1	287	Putnam			terrestrial indet.
28124	Cricotus	United States	33.595556	-98.625278	1	0.83	-0.83	-29.74	Cisuralian	Sakmarian	Permian 1	287	Putnam			terrestrial indet.
28125	Eryops	United States	33.595556	-98.625278	1	0.83	-0.83	-29.74	Cisuralian	Sakmarian	Permian 1	287	Putnam			terrestrial indet.
28141	Ophiacodon	United States	33.595556	-98.625278	1	0.85	0.85	-28.86	Cisuralian	Artinskian	Permian 2	281.75	Admiral			terrestrial indet.
28119	Eryops	United States	33.473056	-98.764722	1	0.87	-0.87	-29.9	Cisuralian	Sakmarian	Permian 1	287	Archer City			terrestrial indet.
85112	Protocaptorhinus	United States	33.566667	-98.933333	1	0.96	0.96	-29.1	Cisuralian	Artinskian	Permian 2	281.75	Petrolia			terrestrial indet.
13080	Eryops	United States	33.6225	-98.856944	1	0.97	0.97	-29.01	Cisuralian	Artinskian	Permian 2	281.75	Admiral			terrestrial indet.
28150	Ophiacodon	United States	33.601389	-98.920833	1	0.98	0.98	-29.07	Cisuralian	Artinskian	Permian 2	281.75	Admiral			terrestrial indet.
13044	Araeoscelis	United States	33.611667	-98.933611	1	1	1	-29.07	Cisuralian	Artinskian	Permian 2	281.75	Nocona			terrestrial indet.
80720	Baldwinonus	United States	39.766667	-80.933333	1	1.01	-1.01	-14.07	Cisuralian	Artinskian	Cisuralian	285.75				terrestrial indet.
84716	Ophiacodon	United States	33.641667	-98.9	1	1.01	1.01	-29.04	Cisuralian	Artinskian	Permian 2	281.75	Petrolia			terrestrial indet.
22668	Acheloma	United States	33.6333	-98.95	1	1.02	1.02	-29.08	Cisuralian	Artinskian	Permian 2	281.75				terrestrial indet.
22669	Parioxys	United States	33.6333	-98.95	1	1.02	1.02	-29.08	Cisuralian	Artinskian	Permian 2	281.75				terrestrial indet.
80741	Captorhinus	United States	33.666667	-98.966667	1	1.06	1.06	-29.07	Cisuralian	Artinskian	Permian 2	281.75	Petrolia			terrestrial indet.
28142	Diadectes	United States	33.816111	-98.694722	1	1.07	1.07	-28.8	Cisuralian	Artinskian	Permian 2	281.75	Admiral			terrestrial indet.
28239	Eryops	United States	33.816111	-98.694722	1	1.07	1.07	-28.8	Cisuralian	Artinskian	Permian 2	281.75	Admiral			terrestrial indet.
27133	Carrolla	United States	33.740278	-98.901944	1	1.09	1.09	-28.99	Cisuralian	Artinskian	Permian 2	281.75	Belle Plains			terrestrial indet.
28143	Trimerorhachis	United States	33.740278	-98.901944	1	1.09	1.09	-28.99	Cisuralian	Artinskian	Permian 2	281.75	Belle Plains			terrestrial indet.
28146	Ctenospondylus	United States	33.740278	-98.901944	1	1.09	1.09	-28.99	Cisuralian	Artinskian	Permian 2	281.75	Belle Plains			terrestrial indet.
28238	Diadectes	United States	33.740278	-98.901944	1	1.09	1.09	-28.99	Cisuralian	Artinskian	Permian 2	281.75	Belle Plains			terrestrial indet.
28240	Cricotus	United States	33.740278	-98.901944	1	1.09	1.09	-28.99	Cisuralian	Artinskian	Permian 2	281.75	Belle Plains			terrestrial indet.
67735	Trimerorhachis	United States	32.13	-99.75	1	1.09	1.09	-29.91	Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	276	Vale			delta plain
67737	Dimetrodon	United States	32.13	-99.75	1	1.09	1.09	-29.91	Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	276	Vale			coarse channel fill
28144	Eryops	United States	33.687222	-99.022778	1	1.1	1.1	-29.1	Cisuralian	Artinskian	Permian 2	281.75	Belle Plains			terrestrial indet.
28145	Eryops	United States	33.687222	-99.022778	1	1.1	1.1	-29.1	Cisuralian	Artinskian	Permian 2	281.75	Petrolia			terrestrial indet.
28148	Eryops	United States	33.687222	-99.022778	1	1.1	1.1	-29.1	Cisuralian	Artinskian	Permian 2	281.75	Belle Plains			terrestrial indet.
34797	Actinodon	France	46.466667	2.966667	1	1.13	1.13	17.29	Cisuralian	Asselian	Permian 1	291.5				terrestrial indet.
80576	Casea	France	44.45	2.433333	1	1.16	1.16	18.37	Cisuralian	Cisuralian	Sakmarian	285.75				terrestrial indet.
28147	Eryops	United States	33.867222	-98.843889	1	1.18	1.18	-28.88	Cisuralian	Artinskian	Permian 2	281.75	Belle Plains			terrestrial indet.
28149	Eryops	United States	33.891944	-98.812222	1	1.19	1.19	-28.85	Cisuralian	Artinskian	Permian 2	281.75	Belle Plains			terrestrial indet.
22714	Trimerorhachis	United States	34.126	-98.6216	1	1.31	1.31	-28.59	Cisuralian	Artinskian	Permian 2	281.75	Bead Mountain			terrestrial indet.
68171	Varanops	United States	32.45	-99.73	1	1.35	1.35	-29.74	Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	276	Arroyo			terrestrial indet.
79162	Eryops	United States	33.583333	-98.65	1	1.38	1.38	-30.06	Cisuralian	Wolfcamp	289.25	Archer City			terrestrial indet.	
13048	Broiliellus	United States	33.826389	-98.147778	1	1.39	1.39	-29.57	Cisuralian	Wolfcamp	289.25				terrestrial indet.	
84715	Romeria	United States	33.608333	-98.433333	1	1.45	-1.45	-29.89	Cisuralian	Wolfcamp	289.25	Putnam			terrestrial indet.	
94802	Ophiacodon	United States	39.713889	-81	1	1.46	-1.46	-14.38	Cisuralian	Sakmarian	Permian 1	287	Greene			terrestrial indet.
80723	Stereophallodon	United States	33.566667	-98.433333	1	1.48	-1.48	-29.91	Cisuralian	Wolfcamp	289.25	Pueblo			terrestrial indet.	
80877	Ctenospondylus	United States	39.725	-80.9	1	1.48	-1.48	-14.3	Cisuralian	Sakmarian	Permian 1	287	Greene	Niniveh Lime		terrestrial indet.
28466	Eryops	United States	39.725833	-80.4825	1	1.59	-1.59	-14	Cisuralian	Sakmarian	Permian 1	287	Greene	Ilacustrine indet.		
22635	Eryops	United States	33.34	-98.39	1	1.7	-1.7	-30	Cisuralian	Wolfcamp	289.25	Archer City	"channel"			
22716	Diplocaulus	United States	32.9424	-99.7713	1	1.8	1.8	-29.52	Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	276	Vale	"channel"		
127110	Zatrachys	United States	40.045556	-80.651389	1	1.9	-1.9	-14.31	Cisuralian	Wolfcamp	289.25	Washington middle			terrestrial indet.	
28394	Zatrachys	United States	34.874167	-97.049722	1	1.93	-1.93	-28.82	Cisuralian	Wolfcamp	Sakmarian	291.5				terrestrial indet.
28241	Diplocaulus	United States	33.816111	-98.694722	1	2.04										

85300 Phlegetontia	United States	33.751389	-99.145833		1	2.17	2.17	-28.67 Cisuralian	Permian 2	Artinskian	Kungurian	278.25 Lueders	Maybelle lime	shallow subtidal indet.
28252 Dimetrodon	United States	33.755	-99.145		1	2.18	2.18	-28.67 Cisuralian	Permian 2	Artinskian	Kungurian	278.25 Waggoner Ranch		terrestrial indet.
28253 Eryops	United States	33.755	-99.145		1	2.18	2.18	-28.67 Cisuralian	Permian 2	Artinskian	Kungurian	278.25 Waggoner Ranch		terrestrial indet.
80732 Ophiacodon	United States	37.233333	-96.983333		1	2.2	2.2	-26.48 Cisuralian	Sakmarian	Artinskian		284.75 Barneston	Lir Fort Riley Lir	marine indet.
85301 Eryops	United States	33.784167	-99.138889		1	2.2	2.2	-28.65 Cisuralian	Permian 2	Artinskian	Kungurian	278.25 Lueders	Maybelle lime	lacustrine indet.
11165 Archeria	United States	33.683333	-98.7		1	2.23	-2.23	-30.61 Cisuralian	Permian 1	Asselian	Sakmarian	291.5 Nocona		"floodplain"
28251 Labidosaurus	United States	33.755	-99.145		1	2.25	2.25	-28.67 Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	Kungurian	276 Waggoner Ranch		terrestrial indet.
28261 Diplocaulus	United States	33.755	-99.145		1	2.25	2.25	-28.67 Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	Kungurian	276 Arroyo		terrestrial indet.
28266 Dissorophus	United States	33.755	-99.145		1	2.25	2.25	-28.67 Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	Kungurian	276 Arroyo		terrestrial indet.
28267 Diplocaulus	United States	33.7	-99.266667		1	2.25	2.25	-28.78 Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	Kungurian	276 Arroyo		terrestrial indet.
28270 Dimetrodon	United States	33.714722	-99.312778		1	2.28	2.28	-28.81 Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	Kungurian	276 Arroyo		terrestrial indet.
28256 Captorhinus	United States	33.766667	-99.216667		1	2.29	2.29	-28.71 Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	Kungurian	276 Arroyo		terrestrial indet.
28264 Captorhinus	United States	33.755833	-99.233333		1	2.29	2.29	-28.73 Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	Kungurian	276 Arroyo		terrestrial indet.
85950 Captorhinus	United States	34.013889	-98.915		1	2.3	2.3	-28.38 Cisuralian	Permian 2	Artinskian	Kungurian	278.25 Waggoner Ranch		terrestrial indet.
22646 Captorhinus	United States	33.7833	-99.2333		1	2.31	2.31	-28.72 Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	Kungurian	276		terrestrial indet.
22670 Seymouria	United States	33.7833	-99.2333		1	2.31	2.31	-28.72 Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	Kungurian	276		terrestrial indet.
22671 Dissorophus	United States	33.7833	-99.2333		1	2.31	2.31	-28.72 Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	Kungurian	276		terrestrial indet.
85342 Captorhinus	United States	33.75	-99.316667		1	2.31	2.31	-28.8 Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	Kungurian	276 Arroyo		terrestrial indet.
13046 Broiliellus	United States	33.809722	-99.2		1	2.32	2.32	-28.68 Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	Kungurian	276 Arroyo		terrestrial indet.
22715 Captorhinus	United States	33.7977	-99.2369		1	2.32	2.32	-28.71 Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	Kungurian	276		terrestrial indet.
28273 Trimerorhachis	United States	33.733056	-99.359444		1	2.32	2.32	-28.83 Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	Kungurian	276 Arroyo		terrestrial indet.
85556 Labidosaurikos	United States	33.736944	-99.406667		1	2.34	2.34	-28.87 Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	Kungurian	276 Vale		terrestrial indet.
91038 Gerobatrachus	United States	33.736944	-99.406667		1	2.34	2.34	-28.87 Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	Kungurian	276 Arroyo or Vale		terrestrial indet.
113555 Rubeostretilia	United States	33.816667	-98.2		1	2.34	-2.34	-30.18 Cisuralian	Permian 1	Asselian	Sakmarian	291.5 Nocona		terrestrial indet.
85125 Labidosaurikos	United States	33.760278	-99.371667		1	2.35	2.35	-28.83 Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	Kungurian	276 Vale		terrestrial indet.
85550 Dimetrodon	United States	33.6675	-99.571111		1	2.35	2.35	-29.02 Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	Kungurian	276 Vale	"Bullwagon"	coarse channel fill
85552 Captorhinus	United States	33.665	-99.575833		1	2.35	2.35	-29.03 Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	Kungurian	276 Vale	"Bullwagon"	coarse channel fill
85551 Diplocaulus	United States	33.676111	-99.576944		1	2.36	2.36	-29.02 Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	Kungurian	276 Vale	"Bullwagon"	coarse channel fill
12976 Edaphosaurus	United States	33.703333	-99.6		1	2.39	2.39	-29.02 Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	Kungurian	276 Vale	"Bullwagon"	dry floodplain
27704 Trimerorhachis	United States	33.731667	-99.557778		1	2.4	2.4	-28.98 Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	Kungurian	276 Vale	"channel"	
27705 Labidosaurikos	United States	33.721111	-99.585556		1	2.4	2.4	-29 Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	Kungurian	276 Vale		terrestrial indet.
79813 Captorhinus	United States	34.008333	-98.966667		1	2.4	2.4	-28.42 Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	Leonard	276 Waggoner Ranch		terrestrial indet.
85553 Diplocaulus	United States	33.721667	-99.574444		1	2.4	2.4	-29 Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	Kungurian	276 Vale	"Bullwagon"	coarse channel fill
85554 Dimetrodon	United States	33.737222	-99.586944		1	2.41	2.41	-29 Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	Kungurian	276 Vale	"Bullwagon"	coarse channel fill
90452 Peronedon	United States	33.783611	-99.475		1	2.41	2.41	-28.89 Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	Kungurian	276 Vale		lacustrine - small
85555 Diplocaulus	United States	33.7575	-99.548611		1	2.42	2.42	-28.96 Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	Kungurian	276 Vale		coarse channel fill
85733 Dimetrodon	United States	34.295833	-98.598611		1	2.42	2.42	-28.01 Cisuralian	Permian 2	Artinskian	Kungurian	278.25 Garber		terrestrial indet.
28275 Diplocaulus	United States	33.973056	-99.195556		1	2.46	2.46	-28.6 Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	Kungurian	276 Arroyo		terrestrial indet.
79601 Captorhinikos	United States	33.816667	-99.558333		1	2.47	2.47	-28.94 Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	Leonard	276 Choza		pond
85361 Captorhinikos	United States	33.816667	-99.558333		1	2.47	2.47	-28.94 Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	Leonard	276 Choza		terrestrial indet.
85362 Captorhinikos	United States	33.816667	-99.558333		1	2.47	2.47	-28.94 Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	Leonard	276 Choza		"channel"
67945 Trimerorhachis	United States	34.189722	-98.787778		1	2.48	2.48	-28.2 Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	Kungurian	276 Hennessey		fluvial indet.
22667 Parioxys	United States	33.44	-98.54		1	2.51	-2.51	-30.62 Cisuralian	Permian 1	Asselian	Sakmarian	291.5 Belle Plains		
80574 Casea	United States	33.85	-99.633333		1	2.53	2.53	-28.98 Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	Leonard	276 Choza		terrestrial indet.
79402 Edaphosaurus	United States	36.161667	-97.340556		1	2.55	2.55	-26.67 Cisuralian	Artinskian	Permian 2	Artinskian	281.75 Wellington		terrestrial indet.
87092 Captorhinikos	United States	35.141667	-97.358333		1	2.75	2.75	-26.71 Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	Kungurian	276 Hennessey		terrestrial indet.
79531 Captorhinikos	United States	35.169444	-97.368611		1	2.78	2.78	-26.7 Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	Kungurian	276 Hennessey	Fairmont Sha	fluvial-lacustrine indet.
67862 Mycterosaurus	United States	34.770556	-98.403889		1	2.84	2.84	-27.64 Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	Leonard	276 Garber		fissure fill
87091 Captorhinikos	United States	35.233333	-97.433333		1	2.86	2.86	-26.72 Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	Kungurian	276 Hennessey		terrestrial indet.
80691 Captorhinus	United States	34.955278	-98.615278		1	3.08	3.08	-27.7 Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	Leonard	276		fissure fill
79163 Protorothyrids	United States	33.449722	-98.7775		1	3.35	-3.35	-31.38 Cisuralian	Asselian	Permian 1	Asselian	294.5 Archer City		terrestrial indet.
80578 Ctylorhynchus	United States	35.798333	-97.475833		1	3.37	3.37	-26.48 Cisuralian	Kungurian	Permian 2	Kungurian	276 Hennessey		terrestrial indet.

80916	Sphenacodon	United States	36.162222	-106.65028		1	4.41	4.41	-34.08 Cisuralian		Wolfcamp	289.25 Abo/Cutler	terrestrial indet.	
85433	Ophiacodon	United States	36.162222	-106.65056		1	4.41	4.41	-34.08 Cisuralian		Wolfcamp	289.25 Abo/Cutler	terrestrial indet.	
80833	Sphenacodon	United States	36.184722	-106.67139		1	4.44	4.44	-34.08 Cisuralian		Wolfcamp	289.25 Abo/Cutler	terrestrial indet.	
85337	Ophiacodon	United States	36.178611	-106.67389		1	4.44	4.44	-34.09 Cisuralian		Wolfcamp	289.25 Abo/Cutler	terrestrial indet.	
85178	Protorothyris	United States	39.720278	-80.210833		1	4.46	-4.46	-15.24 Cisuralian	Asselian	Permian 1	Asselian	294.5 Washington	Upper Mariet lacustrine indet.
80783	Haptodus	United Kingdom	52.375	-1.575		1	5.42	5.42	12.8 Cisuralian	Asselian	Permian 1	Asselian	294.5 Kenilworth Sandstone	fluvial indet.
89649	Ophiacodon	United Kingdom	52.413889	-1.519444		1	5.46	5.46	12.82 Cisuralian	Asselian	Permian 1	Asselian	294.5 Kenilworth Sandstone	fluvial indet.
13257	Eryops	United States	37.174167	-109.84806		1	5.85	5.85	-36.01 Cisuralian	Permian 1	Asselian	Sakmarian	291.5 Cutler	"channel"
85474	Haptodus	Germany	51.018611	13.638056		1	6.31	6.31	22.31 Cisuralian	Asselian	Permian 1	Asselian	294.5 D'hlen	1. Fl^z (1st s fine channel fill
51265	Discosauriscus	Czech Republic	49.493056	16.656111		1	6.52	6.52	25.3 Cisuralian	Permian 1	Asselian	Sakmarian	291.5	terrestrial indet.
85481	Diaadectes	United States	37.996389	-108.02028		1	6.54	6.54	-33.87 Cisuralian		Wolfcamp	289.25 Cutler	fluvial-lacustrine indet.	
85479	Platyhystrix	United States	38.005556	-108.03583		1	6.55	6.55	-33.88 Cisuralian		Wolfcamp	289.25 Cutler	fluvial-lacustrine indet.	
85480	Cutleria	United States	37.999444	-108.02917		1	6.55	6.55	-33.88 Cisuralian		Wolfcamp	289.25 Cutler	fluvial-lacustrine indet.	
85478	Mycterosaurus	United States	38.006111	-108.04222		1	6.56	6.56	-33.88 Cisuralian		Wolfcamp	289.25 Cutler	fluvial-lacustrine indet.	
85475	Cutleria	United States	38.02	-108.04639		1	6.57	6.57	-33.87 Cisuralian		Wolfcamp	289.25 Cutler	fluvial-lacustrine indet.	
85476	Ophiacodon	United States	38.036389	-108.12361		1	6.62	6.62	-33.91 Cisuralian		Wolfcamp	289.25 Cutler	fluvial-lacustrine indet.	
80110	Tseajaia	United States	37.035	-110.06306		1	7.68	7.68	-35.3 Cisuralian		Wolfcamp	Leonard	285.75 Cutler	Organ Rock S "floodplain"
52522	Onchiodon	Germany	50.999722	13.650278		1	8.98	8.98	23.93 Cisuralian	Sakmarian	Permian 1	Sakmarian	287 Niederh%osli	Niederh%osli lacustrine indet.
121601	Tambarotter	Germany	50.783333	10.616667		1	9.89	9.89	23.12 Cisuralian	Artinskian	Permian 2	Artinskian	281.75 Tambach	Finsterberger fluvial-lacustrine indet.
80112	Orobates	Germany	50.809722	10.618889		1	9.91	9.91	23.11 Cisuralian	Artinskian	Permian 2	Artinskian	281.75 Tambach	Tambach-Sar fluvial-lacustrine indet.
28463	Branchiosaurus	Italy	40.2	9.2		1	2.56	2.56	21.54		Autunian	Permian	275.65	pond
28464	Branchiosaurus	Italy	40.2	9.2		1	2.56	2.56	21.54		Autunian	Permian	275.65	pond
28465	Branchiosaurus	Italy	40.2	9.2		1	2.56	2.56	21.54		Autunian	Permian	275.65	pond
58139	Branchiosaurus	Czech Republic	50.583889	16.335833		1	12.05	12.05	27.2		Rotliegendes		277	terrestrial indet.
27263	Archegosaurus	India	34.041667	74.908333		1	50.35	-50.35	59.42		Rotliegendes		277	terrestrial indet.
27487	Rothianiscus	United States	35.674444	-97.985833		2	4.13	4.13	-26.7 Guadalupian		Permian 3	Wordian	268.75 Flowerpot	deltaic indet.
27485	Rothianiscus	United States	35.816389	-98.131111		2	4.31	4.31	-26.74 Guadalupian		Permian 3	Wordian	268.75 Chickasha	deltaic indet.
27574	Cymatorhiza	United States	35.911111	-98.154444		2	4.41	4.41	-26.72 Guadalupian		Permian 3	Wordian	268.75 Chickasha	deltaic indet.
27482	Rothianiscus	United States	35.904167	-98.206944		2	4.42	4.42	-26.76 Guadalupian		Permian 3	Wordian	268.75 Chickasha	deltaic indet.
27573	Rothianiscus	United States	35.941667	-98.209722		2	4.45	4.45	-26.74 Guadalupian		Permian 3	Wordian	268.75 Chickasha	"channel"
27400	Rothianiscus	United States	35.971111	-98.316667		2	4.52	4.52	-26.81 Guadalupian		Permian 3	Wordian	268.75 Chickasha	deltaic indet.
27407	Cotylorhynchus	United States	35.986111	-98.315833		2	4.53	4.53	-26.8 Guadalupian		Permian 3	Wordian	268.75 Chickasha	deltaic indet.
27414	Cotylorhynchus	United States	35.995556	-98.358889		2	4.56	4.56	-26.82 Guadalupian		Permian 3	Wordian	268.75 Chickasha	"floodplain"
27475	Watongia	United States	35.999444	-98.375833		2	4.57	4.57	-26.84 Guadalupian		Permian 3	Wordian	268.75 Chickasha	deltaic indet.
27480	Rothianiscus	United States	36.010556	-98.361389		2	4.57	4.57	-26.82 Guadalupian		Permian 3	Wordian	268.75 Chickasha	deltaic indet.
27479	Macroleter	United States	36.019722	-98.368333		2	4.58	4.58	-26.82 Guadalupian		Permian 3	Wordian	268.75 Chickasha	deltaic indet.
80057	Tokosaurus	Russian Federation	52.583333	54.416667		2	27.3	27.3	47.77 Guadalupian	Roadian	Permian 3	Kazanian	270.25 Belebei	carbonate indet.
80875	Ulemosaurus	Russian Federation	52.555	54.146944		2	27.86	27.86	47.79 Guadalupian	Wordian	Permian 3	Urzhumian	266.5 Bolshekinelskaya	coastal indet.
85487	Konzukovia	Russian Federation	52.435556	54.468056		2	27.9	27.9	48.04 Guadalupian	Wordian	Permian 3	Urzhumian	266.5 Bolshekinelskaya	deltaic indet.
87039	Platyoposaurus	Russian Federation	52.259167	54.845556		2	27.92	27.92	48.37 Guadalupian	Wordian	Permian 3	Urzhumian	266.5	deltaic indet.
36273	Enosuchus	Russian Federation	53.374722	52.807778		2	27.94	27.94	46.49 Guadalupian	Wordian	Permian 3	Urzhumian	266.5 Amanakskaya	terrestrial indet.
79969	Belebey	Russian Federation	53.650556	53.565278		2	27.98	27.98	46.58 Guadalupian		Permian 3	Kazanian	268.75 Belebei	lacustrine delta plain
80688	Phreatophasma	Russian Federation	53.666667	54.333333		2	28.07	28.07	46.91 Guadalupian	Roadian	Permian 3	Kazanian	270.25	marginal marine indet.
27341	Belebey	Russian Federation	54.108333	54.125		2	28.31	28.31	46.47 Guadalupian	Roadian	Permian 3	Kazanian	270.25 Belebei	fluvial indet.
84717	Gecatogomphius	Russian Federation	55.716667	51.4		2	28.47	28.47	43.92 Guadalupian	Roadian	Permian 3	Kazanian	270.25 Belebei	fluvial indet.
79166	Gecatogomphius	Russian Federation	56.691667	50.633333		2	28.92	28.92	42.82 Guadalupian	Roadian	Permian 3	Kazanian	270.25 Belebei	fluvial indet.
85962	Ulemosaurus	Russian Federation	53.433333	55.25		2	28.95	28.95	47.68 Guadalupian	Wordian	Permian 3	Urzhumian	266.5	terrestrial indet.
37065	Melosaurus	Russian Federation	53.666667	55.75		2	29.33	29.33	47.75 Guadalupian	Wordian	Permian 3	Wordian	266.5	terrestrial indet.
87102	Eotitanosuchus	Russian Federation	57.813333	54.706667		2	31.93	31.93	43.93 Guadalupian	Wordian	Permian 3	Urzhumian	266.5	delta plain
85431	Anakamacops	China	39.704167	97.7375		2	32.94	32.94	78.49 Guadalupian	Roadian	Permian 3	Roadian	270.25 Xidagou	fluvial indet.
79948	Bashkyroletter	Russian Federation	65.591667	44.554722		2	33.95	33.95	33.42 Guadalupian		Permian 3	Kazanian	268.75 Krasnoshchel'	terrestrial indet.
78657	Provelosaurus	Brazil	-30.016667	-54.15		2	46.28	-46.28	-28.77 Guadalupian		Permian 3	Wordian	264.25 Rio do Rasto	Morro Pelado
106558	Tiarajudens	Brazil	-30.25	-54.383333										

93100	Bradypterus	South Africa	-32.427778	22.191667		2	59.76	-59.76	-34.45	Guadalupian	Capitanian	Permian 3	Capitanian		262.75	Abrahamskraal	"floodplain"	
86388	Bradypterus	South Africa	-32.905556	22.033333		2	59.77	-59.77	-35.43	Guadalupian	Capitanian	Permian 3	Capitanian		262.75	Abrahamskraal	"floodplain"	
75451	Patranomodon	South Africa	-33.1667	21.98333		2	59.84	-59.84	-38.04	Guadalupian	Wordian	Permian 3	Wordian		266.5		terrestrial indet.	
75452	Eodicynodon	South Africa	-33.8333	21.83333		2	59.88	-59.88	-39.39	Guadalupian		Permian 3	Guadalupian		266.5	Abrahamskraal	terrestrial indet.	
85515	Galechirus	South Africa	-31.4	23.116667		2	60.17	-60.17	-32	Guadalupian	Capitanian	Permian 3	Capitanian		262.75	Abrahamskraal	terrestrial indet.	
94649	Eodicynodon	South Africa	-33.1125	22.538889		2	60.28	-60.28	-37.7	Guadalupian	Wordian	Permian 3	Wordian		266.5	Abrahamskraal	delta plain	
94777	Eodicynodon	South Africa	-33.175	22.541667		2	60.3	-60.3	-37.82	Guadalupian	Wordian	Permian 3	Wordian		266.5	Abrahamskraal	delta plain	
94779	Eodicynodon	South Africa	-33.0625	22.945833		2	60.6	-60.6	-37.43	Guadalupian	Wordian	Permian 3	Wordian		266.5	Abrahamskraal	delta plain	
94607	Lanthanostegus	South Africa	-32.958333	24.403333		2	61.69	-61.69	-34.34	Guadalupian	Capitanian	Permian 3	Capitanian		262.75	Koonap	delta plain	
75450	Pachydectes	South Africa	-32.970556	24.560833		2	61.84	-61.84	-34.85	Guadalupian		Permian 3	Wordian	Capitanian	264.25	Koonap	fluvial indet.	
89845	Broomia	South Africa	-33.063333	26.394444		2	63.32	-63.32	-33.52	Guadalupian	Capitanian	Permian 3	Capitanian		262.75	Koonap	delta plain	
79588	Acrodonta	Morocco	30.836389	-9.079167		3	2.06	2.06	3.66	Lopingian	Wuchiapingia	Permian 4	Wuchiapingian		257.75	Ikakern	Turbihine	terrestrial indet.
89607	Arganaceras	Morocco	30.825833	-9.089167		3	2.06	2.06	3.65	Lopingian	Wuchiapingia	Permian 4	Wuchiapingian		257.75	Ikakern	Turbihine	terrestrial indet.
85564	Parasaurus	Germany	50.683333	10.916667		3	15.29	15.29	22.92	Lopingian		Permian 4	Zechstein		256.4	Werra	Kupferschiefe offshore	
81115	Parasaurus	Germany	50.991389	9.931111		3	15.39	15.39	22.21	Lopingian		Permian 4	Zechstein		256.4	Werra	Kupferschiefe offshore	
85488	Coelurosauravus	Germany	50.992778	9.943056		3	15.39	15.39	22.21	Lopingian		Permian 4	Zechstein		256.4	Werra	Kupferschiefe offshore	
85489	Parasaurus	Germany	50.996667	9.953333		3	15.4	15.4	22.22	Lopingian		Permian 4	Zechstein		256.4	Werra	Kupferschiefe offshore	
85557	Coelurosauravus	Germany	51.0075	9.915833		3	15.4	15.4	22.19	Lopingian		Permian 4	Zechstein		256.4	Werra	Kupferschiefe offshore	
84836	Procynosuchus	Germany	51.261944	8.880278		3	15.45	15.45	21.47	Lopingian		Permian 4	Zechstein		256.4	Werra	fissure fill	
85561	Parasaurus	Germany	51.583333	10.616667		3	16.08	16.08	22.44	Lopingian		Permian 4	Zechstein		256.4	Werra	Kupferschiefe offshore	
85490	Coelurosauravus	Germany	51.585278	10.665278		3	16.09	16.09	22.47	Lopingian		Permian 4	Zechstein		256.4	Werra	Kupferschiefe offshore	
85565	Parasaurus	Germany	51.541667	10.865		3	16.09	16.09	22.61	Lopingian		Permian 4	Zechstein		256.4	Werra	Kupferschiefe offshore	
85484	Coelurosauravus	Germany	51.516667	11.516667		3	16.2	16.2	23.01	Lopingian		Permian 4	Zechstein		256.4	Werra	Kupferschiefe offshore	
68054	Moradisaurus	Niger	18.783333	7.197222		3	16.54	-16.54	8.24	Lopingian	Changhsingia	Permian 4	Changhsingian		253.65	Moradi	"floodplain"	
68053	Nigerpeton	Niger	18.791944	7.219444		3	16.55	-16.55	8.26	Lopingian	Changhsingia	Permian 4	Changhsingian		253.65	Moradi	"floodplain"	
84824	Moradisaurus	Niger	18.510556	7.533333		3	16.94	-16.94	8.38	Lopingian	Changhsingia	Permian 4	Changhsingian		253.65	Moradi	"floodplain"	
87004	Adelosaurus	United Kingdom	54.622222	-1.621111		3	17.17	17.17	14.23	Lopingian		Permian 4	Zechstein		256.4	Marl Slate	lagoonal/restricted shallow	
77197	Coelurosauravus	United Kingdom	54.816667	-1.45		3	17.38	17.38	14.3	Lopingian		Permian 4	Zechstein		256.4	Marl Slate	lagoonal/restricted shallow	
86346	Megawhaitsia	Russian Feder	56.253056	42.092778		3	28.81	28.81	37.66	Lopingian		Permian 4	Vyatkan		256.4		"floodplain"	
78694	Shihtienfenia	China	37.433333	110.883333		3	29.83	29.83	89.58	Lopingian	Wuchiapingia	Permian 4	Wuchiapingian		257.75	Shihtienfeng (Shiqianfeng)	fluvial indet.	
93536	Shihtienfenia	China	39.016667	111.075		3	31.23	31.23	90.46	Lopingian	Wuchiapingia	Permian 4	Wuchiapingian		257.75	Shihtienfeng (Shiqianfeng)	terrestrial indet.	
92907	Shansisaurus	China	37.433333	110.883333		3	31.5	31.5	89.22	Lopingian		Permian 4	Lopingian		256.4	Shiqianfeng (Shiqianfeng)	terrestrial indet.	
92909	Shansisaurus	China	37.433333	110.883333		3	31.5	31.5	89.22	Lopingian		Permian 4	Lopingian		256.4	Shiqianfeng (Shiqianfeng)	terrestrial indet.	
86356	Archosaurus	Russian Feder	57.733333	47.016667		3	31.67	31.67	38.95	Lopingian		Permian 4	Vyatkan		256.4		terrestrial indet.	
93016	Obirkovia	Russian Feder	59.964444	43.108333		3	32.04	32.04	35.43	Lopingian		Permian 4	Vyatkan		256.4	Salarevo	terrestrial indet.	
27952	Elph	Russian Feder	61.191111	46.635		3	34.1	34.1	36.01	Lopingian		Permian 4	Vyatkan		256.4	Salarevo	terrestrial indet.	
28065	Scutosaurus	Russian Feder	61.191111	46.635		3	34.1	34.1	36.01	Lopingian		Permian 4	Vyatkan		256.4	Salarevo	terrestrial indet.	
85512	Coelurosauravus	Madagascar	-22.558333	45.4125		3	52.35	-52.35	27.78	Lopingian		Permian 4	Lopingian		256.4	Lower Sakamena	paralic indet.	
85505	Claudiosaurus	Madagascar	-22.666667	45.35		3	52.4	-52.4	27.6	Lopingian		Permian 4	Lopingian		256.4	Lower Sakamena	paralic indet.	
85506	Claudiosaurus	Madagascar	-23.45	45.083333		3	52.89	-52.89	26.51	Lopingian		Permian 4	Lopingian		256.4	Lower Sakamena	paralic indet.	
85494	Acerosodontosau	Madagascar	-24	44.416667		3	52.96	-52.96	25.16	Lopingian		Permian 4	Lopingian		256.4	Lower Sakamena	terrestrial indet.	
84914	Captorhinus	Zambia	-10.833333	33.166667		3	54.86	-54.86	12.46	Lopingian	Wuchiapingia	Permian 4	Wuchiapingian		257.75	Madumabisa Mudstone	terrestrial indet.	
86257	Pareiasuchus	Zambia	-10.833333	33.166667		3	54.86	-54.86	12.46	Lopingian	Wuchiapingia	Permian 4	Wuchiapingian		257.75	Madumabisa Mudstone	terrestrial indet.	
38064	Dicynodon	Tanzania	-10.183333	35.083333		3	54.97	-54.97	15.96	Lopingian		Permian 4	Zechstein		256.4	Lower Bone Bed	terrestrial indet.	
38065	Dicynodon	Tanzania	-10.183333	35.083333		3	54.97	-54.97	15.96	Lopingian		Permian 4	Zechstein		256.4	Lower Bone Bed	terrestrial indet.	
88618	Lystrosaurus	Zambia	-12.333333	32		3	55.42	-55.42	12.01	Lopingian	Changhsingia	Permian 4	Changhsingian		2			

80220 Milleretta	South Africa	-31.859444	24.440833		3	63.63	-63.63	-26.37 Lopingian	Changhsingia Permian 4	Changhsingian	253.65 Balfour	terrestrial indet.
80219 Milleropsis	South Africa	-31.866667	24.55		3	63.72	-63.72	-26.29 Lopingian	Changhsingia Permian 4	Changhsingian	253.65 Balfour	terrestrial indet.
80225 Milleretta	South Africa	-31.866667	24.55		3	63.72	-63.72	-26.29 Lopingian	Changhsingia Permian 4	Changhsingian	253.65 Balfour	terrestrial indet.
80226 Millerinoides	South Africa	-31.958333	24.573611		3	63.78	-63.78	-26.46 Lopingian	Changhsingia Permian 4	Changhsingian	253.65 Balfour	terrestrial indet.
89833 <i>Brazilosaurus</i>	Brazil	-17.25	-52.716667			36.51	-36.51	-26.75 Cisuralian	Artinskian	Permian 2	281.75 Iراتی	Assistencia
84719 <i>Intasuchus</i>	Russian Feder	66.033333	60.05			36.74	36.74	38.23 Cisuralian	Permian 2	Artinskian	278.25 Intا	carbonate indet.
89839 <i>Brazilosaurus</i>	Brazil	-17.483333	-52.053333			36.96	-36.96	-26.12 Cisuralian	Artinskian	Permian 2	281.75 Iراتی	Assistencia
90832 <i>Stereosternum</i>	Paraguay	-25.783333	-56.45			42.79	-42.79	-35.05 Cisuralian	Artinskian	Permian 2	281.75 ? San Miguel	carbonate indet.
90214 <i>Brazilosaurus</i>	Brazil	-23.35	-47.85			43.87	-43.87	-24.13 Cisuralian	Artinskian	Permian 2	281.75 Iراتی	Assistencia
90863 <i>Mesosaurus</i>	Uruguay	-31.933333	-54.016667			49.27	-49.27	-35.94 Cisuralian	Artinskian	Permian 2	281.75 Melo	Mangrullo
90865 <i>Mesosaurus</i>	Uruguay	-31.933333	-54.016667			49.27	-49.27	-35.94 Cisuralian	Artinskian	Permian 2	281.75 Melo	Mangrullo
28468 <i>Mesosaurus</i>	Namibia	-21.2	14.05			50.15	-50.15	-29.11 Cisuralian	Artinskian	Permian 2	281.75 Huab	lacustrine indet.
28469 <i>Mesosaurus</i>	Namibia	-21.2	14.05			50.15	-50.15	-29.11 Cisuralian	Artinskian	Permian 2	281.75 Huab	lacustrine indet.
28470 <i>Mesosaurus</i>	Namibia	-21.2	14.05			50.15	-50.15	-29.11 Cisuralian	Artinskian	Permian 2	281.75 Huab	lacustrine indet.
28471 <i>Mesosaurus</i>	Namibia	-21.2	14.05			50.15	-50.15	-29.11 Cisuralian	Artinskian	Permian 2	281.75 Huab	lacustrine indet.
90780 <i>Mesosaurus</i>	Namibia	-25.836111	18.010278			55.19	-55.19	-34.15 Cisuralian	Artinskian	Permian 2	281.75 ? Whitehill	marine indet.
90755 <i>Mesosaurus</i>	Namibia	-26.319444	18.246944			55.54	-55.54	-34.85 Cisuralian	Artinskian	Permian 2	281.75 Whitehill	marine indet.
89799 <i>Mesosaurus</i>	South Africa	-29.646389	24.203056			61.45	-61.45	-38.55 Cisuralian	Artinskian	Permian 2	281.75 ? Whitehill	offshore
90257 <i>Mesosaurus</i>	South Africa	-28.7375	24.766667			61.75	-61.75	-36.47 Cisuralian	Artinskian	Permian 2	281.75 Whitehill	offshore
127181 <i>Pareiasaurus</i>	United States	38.768611	-80.615833			0.68	0.68	-13.02		Permian	275.65	terrestrial indet.
127038 <i>Megamolophsis</i>	United States	39.065	-81.376111			1.15	1.15	-13.48		Permian	275.65 Greene	terrestrial indet.
126544 <i>Diploceraspis</i>	United States	39.046944	-81.4925			1.17	1.17	-13.57		Permian	275.65 Greene	middle
126584 <i>Diploceraspis</i>	United States	39.048056	-81.538889			1.18	1.18	-13.6		Permian	275.65 Greene	upper
126583 <i>Diploceraspis</i>	United States	39.244444	-81.413889			1.33	1.33	-13.45		Permian	275.65 Greene	middle
126582 <i>Diploceraspis</i>	United States	39.241667	-81.461111			1.34	1.34	-13.48		Permian	275.65 Greene	middle
126546 <i>Diploceraspis</i>	United States	39.750556	-79.840833			1.42	1.42	-12.13		Permian	275.65 Greene	middle
126548 <i>Diploceraspis</i>	United States	39.677222	-80.314444			1.47	1.47	-12.5		Permian	275.65 Greene	upper
126575 <i>Diploceraspis</i>	United States	39.66	-80.4			1.47	1.47	-12.57		Permian	275.65 Greene	upper
126577 <i>Diploceraspis</i>	United States	39.633333	-80.573056			1.49	1.49	-12.71		Permian	275.65 Greene	upper
126578 <i>Diploceraspis</i>	United States	39.646389	-80.531111			1.49	1.49	-12.67		Permian	275.65 Greene	middle
126580 <i>Diploceraspis</i>	United States	39.623056	-80.649167			1.5	1.5	-12.76		Permian	275.65 Greene	upper
126581 <i>Diploceraspis</i>	United States	39.625	-80.701944			1.51	1.51	-12.8		Permian	275.65 Greene	middle
126542 <i>Diploceraspis</i>	United States	39.710278	-80.823889			1.62	1.62	-12.86		Permian	275.65 Greene	lower
126543 <i>Diploceraspis</i>	United States	39.783056	-80.549444			1.63	1.63	-12.64		Permian	275.65 Greene	lower
126547 <i>Diploceraspis</i>	United States	39.776944	-80.601944			1.63	1.63	-12.68		Permian	275.65 Greene	upper
126574 <i>Diploceraspis</i>	United States	39.864444	-80.389722			1.66	1.66	-12.5		Permian	275.65 Greene	lower
126579 <i>Diploceraspis</i>	United States	39.773611	-80.844444			1.69	1.69	-12.86		Permian	275.65 Greene	middle
126549 <i>Diploceraspis</i>	United States	39.796111	-80.8125			1.7	1.7	-12.83		Permian	275.65 Greene	upper
126570 <i>Diploceraspis</i>	United States	39.870833	-80.6825			1.74	1.74	-12.71		Permian	275.65 Greene	middle
126545 <i>Diploceraspis</i>	United States	39.904167	-80.774444			1.8	1.8	-12.77		Permian	275.65 Greene	middle
126571 <i>Diploceraspis</i>	United States	39.992778	-80.543611			1.82	1.82	-12.57		Permian	275.65 Greene	middle
126572 <i>Diploceraspis</i>	United States	40.006111	-80.693056			1.87	1.87	-12.67		Permian	275.65 Greene	middle
125142 <i>Zatrachys</i>	United States	40.045556	-80.651389			1.9	1.9	-12.63		Permian	275.65 Washington	Wolfcampian
80729 <i>Rothianiscus</i>	United States	33.519722	-99.961111			2.53	2.53	-29.32	Kungurian	Roadian	273.75 San Angelo	terrestrial indet.
80717 <i>Slaugenhopia</i>	United States	33.524444	-99.975			2.54	2.54	-29.33	Kungurian	Roadian	273.75 San Angelo	Flowerpot Sh. terrestrial indet.
80692 <i>Caseoides</i>	United States	33.530278	-99.9875			2.55	2.55	-29.34	Kungurian	Roadian	273.75 San Angelo	terrestrial indet.
80668 <i>Cotylorhynchus</i>	United States	33.621944	-99.926944			2.6	2.6	-29.25	Kungurian	Roadian	273.75 San Angelo	Flowerpot Sh. terrestrial indet.
80014 <i>Kahneria</i>	United States	33.621944	-99.934444			2.61	2.61	-29.25	Kungurian	Roadian	273.75 San Angelo	Flowerpot Sh.fluvial indet.
80917 <i>Cotylorhynchus</i>	United States	33.6275	-99.930556			2.61	2.61	-29.25	Kungurian	Roadian	273.75 San Angelo	Flowerpot Sh.fluvial indet.
85170 <i>Mastersonia</i>	United States	33.639167	-99.9275			2.62	2.62	-29.24	Kungurian	Roadian	273.75 San Angelo	fluvial-deltaic indet.
85171 <i>Rothianiscus</i>	United States	33.645556	-99.925833			2.63	2.63	-29.24	Kungurian	Roadian	273.75 San Angelo	Flowerpot Sh.fluvial indet.
85281 <i>Cotylorhynchus</i>	United States	33.642778	-99.948056			2.63	2.63	-29.25	Kungurian	Roadian	273.75 San Angelo	Flowerpot Sh."floodplain"
79600 <i>Cotylorhynchus</i>	United States	33.66	-99.938333			2.64	2.64	-29.24	Kungurian	Roadian	273.75 San Angelo	Flowerpot Sh.fluvial indet.
85280 <i>Cotylorhynchus</i>	United States	33.652778	-99.95			2.64	2.64	-29.25	Kungurian	Roadian	273.75 San Angelo	Flowerpot Sh."floodplain"
78559 <i>Kahneria</i>	United States	33.718056	-99.907778			2.68	2.68	-29.19	Kungurian	Roadian	273.75 San Angelo	Flowerpot Sh.fluvial-deltaic indet.
80669 <i>Cotylorhynchus</i>	United States	33.7125	-99.917778			2.68	2.68	-29.2	Kungurian	Roadian	273.75 San Angelo	Flowerpot Sh.terrestrial indet.
80689 <i>Dimetrodon</i>	United States	33.690833	-99.953611			2.68	2.68	-29.23	Kungurian	Roadian	273.75 San Angelo	"floodplain"

86484	Kinelia	Russian Feder	53.295	53.015	29.55	29.55	46.95	Urzhumian	Vyatkian	260.15	Kutulukskaya	fluvial-deltaic indet.
37202	Dvinosaurus	Russian Feder	61.2611	46.6556	29.65	29.65	37.44	Permian		275.65		terrestrial indet.
85483	Rautiania	Russian Feder	51.875833	56.290833	30.12	30.12	49.37	Severodvinia	Vyatkian	258.65	Vyasovka	lacustrine deltaic indet.
87040	Platyoposaurus	Russian Feder	56.333333	50.75	30.53	30.53	43.43	Kazanian	Tatarian	262.4		terrestrial indet.
28854	Emeoleter	Russian Feder	58.15	48.351667	31.52	31.52	40.97	Severodvinian		260	Urpakov	terrestrial indet.
119783	Australobarbarus	Russian Feder	58.2788183	48.319931	31.84	31.84	40.43	Early/Lower Severodvinian		258.65	Urpakov	terrestrial indet.
80022	Nycteroleter	Russian Feder	58.635833	49.845	31.94	31.94	41.23	Late/Upper K	Early/Lower S	262.4		deltaic indet.
120215	Delectosaurus	Russian Feder	59.361195	50.339355	33.34	33.34	40.5	Late/Upper Vyatkian		258.65		terrestrial indet.
80685	Ennatosaurus	Russian Feder	64.133333	41.9	34.16	34.16	33.59	Severodvinian		260		terrestrial indet.
85160	Ennatosaurus	Russian Feder	64.916667	45.758333	35.83	35.83	34.52	Late/Upper U	Early/Lower S	260.15	Krasnoshchel'	terrestrial indet.
95349	Chirotherium	Spain	39.69438	2.525514	39.69	39.69	2.53	Buntsandstein		258.65		"floodplain"
22661	Diictodon	South Africa	-31.9166	21.5166	58.97	-58.97	-32.34	Capitanian	Wuchiapingia	260	Teekloof	crevasse splay
22662	Diictodon	South Africa	-31.9166	21.5166	58.97	-58.97	-32.34	Capitanian	Wuchiapingia	260	Teekloof	fluvial indet.
86301	Diictodon	South Africa	-32.229444	21.566389	59.12	-59.12	-32.88	Capitanian	Wuchiapingia	260	Teekloof	Hoedemaker crevasse splay
86302	Diictodon	South Africa	-32.233056	21.566389	59.12	-59.12	-32.89	Capitanian	Wuchiapingia	260	Teekloof	Hoedemaker crevasse splay
86297	Oudenodon	South Africa	-32.206667	21.605556	59.14	-59.14	-32.82	Capitanian	Wuchiapingia	260	Teekloof	Hoedemaker crevasse splay
86286	Pristerodon	South Africa	-32.188056	21.623611	59.15	-59.15	-32.77	Capitanian	Wuchiapingia	260	Teekloof	Hoedemaker crevasse splay
86296	Diictodon	South Africa	-32.189722	21.622222	59.15	-59.15	-32.78	Capitanian	Wuchiapingia	260	Teekloof	Hoedemaker crevasse splay
86298	Diictodon	South Africa	-32.211111	21.6125	59.15	-59.15	-32.82	Capitanian	Wuchiapingia	260	Teekloof	Hoedemaker crevasse splay
86300	Diictodon	South Africa	-32.221667	21.601389	59.15	-59.15	-32.85	Capitanian	Wuchiapingia	260	Teekloof	Hoedemaker crevasse splay
86276	Diictodon	South Africa	-32.225278	21.613889	59.16	-59.16	-32.85	Capitanian	Wuchiapingia	260	Teekloof	Hoedemaker crevasse splay
86284	Oudenodon	South Africa	-32.212222	21.626944	59.16	-59.16	-32.82	Capitanian	Wuchiapingia	260	Teekloof	Hoedemaker crevasse splay
86285	Diictodon	South Africa	-32.205833	21.629722	59.16	-59.16	-32.8	Capitanian	Wuchiapingia	260	Teekloof	Hoedemaker crevasse splay
86299	Diictodon	South Africa	-32.221667	21.6125	59.16	-59.16	-32.84	Capitanian	Wuchiapingia	260	Teekloof	Hoedemaker crevasse splay
86303	Charassognathus	South Africa	-32.198611	21.624444	59.16	-59.16	-32.79	Capitanian	Wuchiapingia	260	Teekloof	Hoedemaker crevasse splay
86282	Diictodon	South Africa	-32.217778	21.641389	59.18	-59.18	-32.82	Capitanian	Wuchiapingia	260	Teekloof	Hoedemaker crevasse splay
86278	Diictodon	South Africa	-32.259444	21.656389	59.2	-59.2	-32.89	Capitanian	Wuchiapingia	260	Teekloof	Hoedemaker crevasse splay
86279	Diictodon	South Africa	-32.251389	21.655	59.2	-59.2	-32.87	Capitanian	Wuchiapingia	260	Teekloof	Hoedemaker crevasse splay
86280	Diictodon	South Africa	-32.239167	21.659444	59.2	-59.2	-32.85	Capitanian	Wuchiapingia	260	Teekloof	Hoedemaker crevasse splay
86275	Lobalopex	South Africa	-31.651944	22.511111	59.67	-59.67	-31.58	Capitanian	Wuchiapingia	260	Teekloof	Hoedemaker terrestrial indet.
116452	Pristerodon	South Africa	-31.9167	23.6667	60.96	-60.96	-39.76	Permian		275.65		terrestrial indet.
114905	Pelanomodon	South Africa	-31.9167	24.7167	61.83	-61.83	-39.41	Permian		275.65		terrestrial indet.