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# A High-Resolution Absolute-Dated Indian Monsoon Record Between 53-36 ka from Xiaobailong Cave, Southwestern China

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# Cave and sample descriptions:

XiaoBailong (Junior Dragon) Cave, ~500m long, is located in Mile County, Yunnan, southwestern China. Calcite stalagmite XBL-1 was collected near the cave's end. Present water drip rates in the cave vary between 10-60 drops/minute during the dry season (November to April). However, no modern water dripping was observed at the top of stalagmite XBL-1. Stalagmite XBL-1 is ~59 cm in height and 15-19 cm in diameter with a flat center of 4-5 cm across. The sample is semi-transparent, except for the section 51-55 cm from the top which is light brown in color (Fig. DR1). There is no obvious hiatus in this sample.

## Subsampling method and isotope measurement

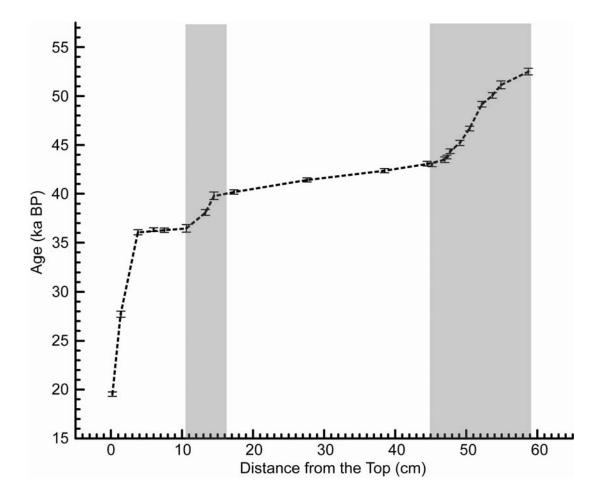
Subsamples for stable isotope analysis were collected in two ways, depending on growth rates: 1) drilling with a dental drill of 0.5 mm diameter directly from the polished half of the stalagmite at an average interval of 2 mm; 2) cutting the stalagmite into a 1 cm wide slab using a diamond saw and then shaving off the subsamples at a mean resolution  $\sim 15$  subsamples per mm. The second method was applied for sections between 100 and 158 mm, and between 445 and 590 mm from the top, where the growth rates are relatively slow (Figure DR2). We did the stable isotopic analysis on all subsamples collected through the first method and about 1/5 of those by the second one. Oxygen and carbon isotopic compositions of the subsamples were measured on a Finnigan MAT-252 mass spectrometer equipped with Kiel Carbonate Device III in the Institute of Earth Environment, Chinese Academy of Sciences.  $\delta^{18}$ O and  $\delta^{13}$ C values are reported here relative to the Vienna PeeDee Belemnite (VPDB). International standard NBS19 and internal laboratory standard TTB1 were run every 10 to 15 samples and arbitrary selected duplicates were run every 10 to 20 samples. Results show that the precision of  $\delta^{18}$ O analysis is better than  $0.15\%(2\sigma)$ .

To test the possible seasonal  $\delta^{18}$ O bias caused by the high resolution sampling (the second method), we compared the  $\delta^{18}$ O profiles from these two sampling methods (15 samples per mm vs. 1 sample per 2 cm). The two  $\delta^{18}$ O profiles are essentially the same and demonstrate that the seasonal  $\delta^{18}$ O bias is insignificant (Figure DR3).

Figure DR1. Image of stalagmite XBL-1.



**Figure DR2.** Plot of age verses depth for stalagmite XBL-1. Error bars indicate  $^{230}$ Th dates and  $2\sigma$  errors. Two vertical gray bars illustrate the portions of XBL-1 where the shaving method was applied for oxygen and carbon isotope measurements. The drilling method was applied for the rest of the sample.



**Figure DR3**. Comparison of  $\delta^{18}$ O results of subsamples collected by the two different sampling methods. (a) section between 100 and 158mm; (b) section between 445 and 580mm. Red represents the drilling method while blue represents the shaving method.

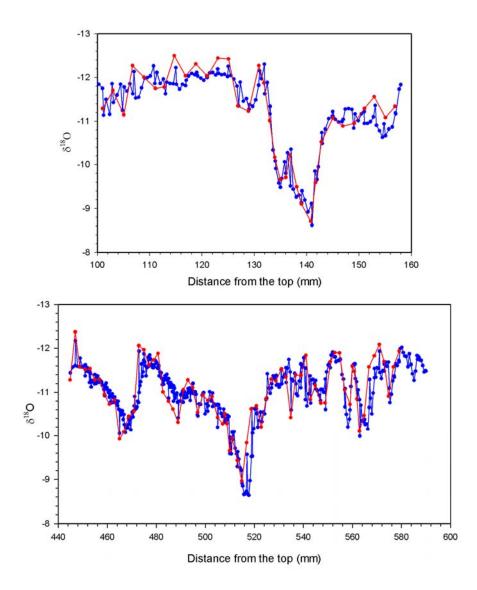
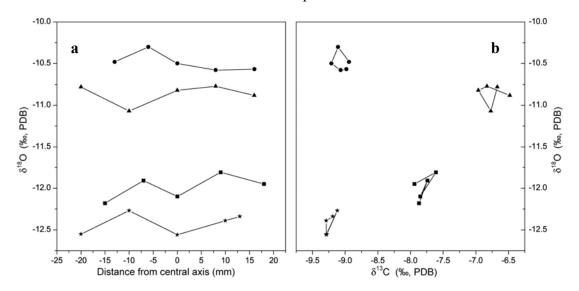
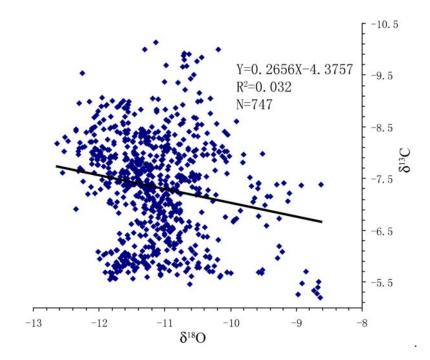


Figure DR4. "Hendy Test" (Hendy, 1971): δ<sup>13</sup>C and δ<sup>18</sup>O measurements along four different growth layers. (a) δ<sup>18</sup>O distributions in four growth layers of stalagmite XBL-1. (b) δ<sup>13</sup>C-δ<sup>18</sup>O correlations in the four layers. Stars denote δ<sup>13</sup>C-δ<sup>18</sup>O data from the layer at 12.8 cm from the top; triangles 17.9 cm; squares 38.8 cm; and circles 49.9 cm. Three layers (12.8cm, 17.9cm and 49.9cm) are during interstadials (or the wet phases) and one layer (38.8cm) is within the stadial (or the dry phase) portions of the sample.



**Figure DR5.**  $\delta^{13}$ C -  $\delta^{18}$ O correlation for stalagmite XBL-1. The entire along-growth-axis data set shows a poor correlation between  $\delta^{18}$ O and  $\delta^{13}$ C (R<sup>2</sup> = 0.032), indicating lack of kinetic fractionation effects during calcite precipitation (Hendy, 1971).



**Table DR1**<sup>230</sup>Th dating results of stalagmite XBL-1 from Xiaobailong Cave. The measurements were performed on a magnetic sector ICP-MS (Shen et al., 2002). Errors are  $2\sigma$ . Decay constant values are:  $\lambda_{230} = 9.1577 \times 10^{-6} \text{ y}^{-1}$ ,  $\lambda_{234} = 2.8263 \times 10^{-6} \text{ y}^{-1}$  and  $\lambda_{238} = 1.55125 \times 10^{-10} \text{ y}^{-1}$  (Cheng et al., 2000). The <sup>230</sup>Th ages were corrected by an initial <sup>230</sup>Th/<sup>232</sup>Th atomic ratio of  $4.4 \pm 2.2 \times 10^{-6}$ . Due to a very small amount of <sup>232</sup>Th incorporated in stalagmite XBL-1, the corrections are trivial ( $\leq 10$  years). Depths along the growth axis are relative to the top (youngest surface) of the stalagmite. yr BP: year before present (1950 AD).

Sample	Depth	<sup>238</sup> U	<sup>232</sup> Th	δ <sup>234</sup> U*	<sup>230</sup> Th/ <sup>238</sup> U	<sup>230</sup> Th Age (yr BP)	<sup>230</sup> Th Age (yr BP)	$\delta^{234}$ U <sub>Initial</sub>
Number	(cm)	(ppb)	(ppt)	(measured)	(activity)	(uncorrected)	(corrected)	(corrected)
MC-49	0.2	149.0±0.4	508.5±4.1	42.0±2.8	0.1720±0.0016	19631±215	19536 ± 219	44.4±3.0
JA-24	1.4	153.7±0.9	9.1±3.4	40.5±4.7	0.2340±0.0020	27719±303	27717 ± 303	43.9±5.0
JA-23	3.8	187.9±0.4	3.0±3.0	44.3±2.2	0.2948±0.0017	36073±259	36073 ± 259	49.1±2.5
JA-22	6.0	202.2±0.4	1.8±3.4	43.8±1.9	0.2964±0.0012	36342±188	36341 ± 188	48.5±2.1
XBL-1	7.5	197.7±0.3	5.1±5.8	42.3±1.6	0.2956±0.0015	36288±224	36287 ± 224	46.9±1.8
XBL-9	10.6	159.4±0.3	283.0±12.9	45.3±2.7	0.2981±0.0025	36517±383	36468 ± 384	50.2±3.0
XBL-2	13.3	146.0±0.2	4.8±9.2	44.9±2.5	0.3087±0.0019	38091±306	$38090 \pm 306$	50.0±2.8
XBL-10	14.5	144.0±0.2	310.8±11.1	43.4±2.2	0.3201±0.0024	39852±383	39792 ± 384	48.6±2.4
XBL-3	17.3	241.6±0.3	109.9±5.6	43.5±1.7	0.3224±0.0014	40195±232	$40183 \pm 232$	48.7±1.9
XBL-4	27.6	222.9±0.3	664.3±4.2	43.3±1.4	0.3310±0.0013	41501±207	$41418 \pm 211$	48.7±1.6
XBL-5	38.5	230.9±0.3	43.6±3.6	46.0±1.2	0.3375±0.0013	42366±208	$42361 \pm 208$	51.8±1.3
XBL-11	44.5	326.3±0.5	287.3±6.4	42.9±1.4	0.3413±0.0015	43113±243	43088 ± 243	48.4±1.6
XBL-6	45.2	353.7±0.4	0.2±4.1	43.1±1.1	0.3404±0.0012	42957±191	42957 ± 191	48.7±1.2
XBL-14	47	299.9±0.4	77.7±7.5	42.5±1.7	0.3437±0.0018	43495±289	43488 ± 289	48.1±1.9
XBL-7	47.3	696.7±0.9	36.7±6.2	42.4±1.1	0.3454±0.0011	43770±185	$43768 \pm 185$	48.0±1.2
XBL-12	47.75	378.0±0.5	175.6±3.2	42.3±1.2	0.3492±0.0015	44365±237	44355 ± 237	48.0±1.2
XBL-17	49.1	844.2±1.6	187.6±4.5	42.6±1.8	0.3552±0.0016	45350±268	45344 ± 268	48.4±2.0
XBL-8	50.5	257.6±0.3	26.6±4.8	40.0±1.2	0.3630±0.0014	46686±233	$46683 \pm 233$	45.7±1.4
XBL-16	52.2	6927.8±24.9	390.4±15.1	32.7±1.6	0.3756±0.0016	49175±290	49173 ± 290	37.6±1.8
XBL-15	53.7	4593.9±15.5	804.2±7.4	30.9±1.6	0.3802±0.0016	50073±286	50068 ± 286	35.6±1.8
JA-19	54.9	7409.5±36.6	892.6±7.5	34.7±2.2	0.3882±0.0022	51141±400	51137 ± 400	40.1±2.5
JA-20	58.75	7268.1±23.6	5750.7±19.7	33.8±1.5	0.3960±0.0018	52527±326	52504 ± 326	39.2±1.8